

LU-Decomposition

$$AX = B \text{ --- ①}$$

$$A = LU \text{ --- ②}$$

② in ①

$$L \underline{U} X = B \text{ --- ③}$$

$$\text{Consider } UX = Y$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub- in ③

$$LY = B \text{ --- ④}$$

Find Y then

find X

1) Apply LU-DeComposition Method to
find the soln of $x+y+z=3$; $2x-y+3z=16$
 $3x+y-z=-3$

Step I:-

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \therefore X = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} ; \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 16 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AX = B \text{ --- ①}$$

$$\therefore A = LU \text{ --- ②}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

L U

$$l_{21}u_{13} + u_{23} = 3 \quad | \quad l_{31}u_{12} + l_{32}u_{22} = 1$$

$$2 + u_{23} = 3$$

$$3 + (-3)l_{32} = 1$$

$$u_{23} = 1$$

$$-3l_{32} = -2$$

$$l_{32} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{11} & & \\ l_{21}u_{11} & u_{12} & \\ l_{31}u_{11} & & u_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_{11} = 1$$

$$u_{12} = 1$$

$$u_{13} = 1$$

$$l_{21}u_{11} = 2 \quad ; \quad l_{21} = 2$$

$$l_{31}u_{11} = 3 \quad ; \quad l_{31} = 3$$

$$l_{21}u_{12} + u_{22} = -1 \quad ; \quad 2 + u_{22} = -1 \quad (u_{22} = -3)$$

$$l_{31}u_{13} + l_{32}u_{23} + u_{33} = -1$$

$$3 + \frac{2}{3} + u_{33} = -1$$

$$\frac{11}{3} + u_{33} = -1$$

↪

$$u_{33} = -1 - \frac{11}{3}$$

$$u_{33} = -\frac{14}{3}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -14/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AX = B$$

$$LUX = B$$

$$UX = Y$$

$$\therefore LY = B$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & \frac{2}{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 16 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = 3$$

$$2y_1 + y_2 = 16$$

$$y_2 = 10$$

$$y_3 = \frac{-56}{3}$$

$$3y_1 + \frac{2}{3}y_2 + y_3 = -3$$

$$9 + \frac{2}{3}(10) + y_3 = -3$$

$$\frac{47}{3} + y_3 = -3$$

$$y_3 = -3 - \frac{47}{3}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \\ -56/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U \cdot X = Y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & z \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -14/3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \\ -56/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-14/3 z = -56/3$$

$$z = \frac{-56/3}{-14/3}$$

$$\boxed{z = 4}$$

$$-3y + z = 10$$

$$-3y + 4 = 10$$

$$-3y = 6 \rightarrow y = \frac{6}{-3}$$

$$x + y + z = 3$$

$$x + 4 - 2 = 3$$

$$x + 2 = 3$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

$$\boxed{y = -2}$$

Apply LU-Decomposition Method to solve

$$10x + y + z = 12; \quad 2x + 10y + z = 13; \quad 2x + 2y + 10z = 14$$

~~A~~ $AX = B \Rightarrow A = LU$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 10 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} \\ l_{21}u_{11} & l_{21}u_{12} + u_{22} & l_{21}u_{13} + u_{23} \\ l_{31}u_{11} & l_{31}u_{12} + l_{32}u_{22} & l_{31}u_{13} + l_{32}u_{23} + u_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_{11} = 10$$

$$u_{12} = 1$$

$$u_{13} = 1$$

$$l_{31}u_{11} = 2$$

$$l_{21}u_{11} = 2$$

$$l_{21}(10) = 2$$

$$l_{21} = 2/10$$

$$l_{21} = 1/5$$

$$l_{31} = 1/5$$

$$l_{21}u_{12} + u_{22} = 10$$

$$(1/5)(1) + u_{22} = 10$$

$$u_{22} = 10 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$u_{22} = 49/5$$

$$l_{21}u_{13} + u_{23} = 1$$

$$(1/5 \times 1) + u_{23} = 1$$

$$u_{23} = 1 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$u_{23} = 4/5$$

$$l_{31}u_{12} + l_{32}u_{22} = 2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)(1) + \left(\frac{49}{5}\right)l_{32} = 2$$

↳

$$\frac{49}{5}l_{32} = 2 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)l_{32} = \left(\frac{9}{5}\right)$$

$$l_{32} = \frac{9}{\cancel{5}} \times \frac{\cancel{5}}{49}$$

$$l_{32} = \frac{9}{49}$$

$$l_{31}u_{13} + l_{32}u_{23} + u_{33} = 10$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)(1) + \left(\frac{9}{49} \times \frac{4}{5}\right) + u_{33} = 10$$

$$\frac{36}{245} + u_{33} = 10 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$u_{33} = \frac{49}{5} - \frac{36}{245}$$

$$u_{33} = 9.65$$

$$LY = B$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/5 & 1 & 0 \\ 1/5 & 9/49 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{y_1 = 12} \quad \therefore \frac{1}{5}y_1 + y_2 = 13$$

$$\frac{12}{5} + y_2 = 13$$

$$y_2 = 13 - \frac{12}{5}$$

$$\boxed{y_2 = \frac{53}{5}}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}y_1 + \frac{9}{49}y_2 + y_3 = 14$$

$$\frac{12}{5} + \left(\frac{9 \times 53}{49 \times 5} \right) + y_3 = 14$$

$$\boxed{y_3 = 9.63}$$

$$U \cdot X = Y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 49/5 & 4/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 9.6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 53/5 \\ 9.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$9.6z = 9.6$$

$$\boxed{z=1}$$

$$\frac{49}{5}y + \frac{4}{5}z = \frac{53}{5}$$

$$\frac{49}{5}(y) + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{53}{5}$$

$$\frac{49}{5}(y) = \left(\frac{49}{5}\right)$$

$$\boxed{y=1}$$

$$10x + y + z = 12$$

$$10x + 1 + 1 = 12$$

$$10x = 10$$

$$\boxed{x=1}$$