CPE301 – SPRING 2018

Mid-Term 2

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE DURING SUBMISSION:

The student understands that all required components should be submitted in complete for grading of this assignment.

NO	SUBMISSION ITEM	COMPLETED (Y/N)	MARKS (/MAX)
1	COMPONENTS LIST		
2.	C CODE OF TRANSMITTER		
3.	C CODE OF RECEIVER		
4.	BREADBOARD AND SCHEMATIC FOR TRANSMITTER		
5.	BREADBOARD AND SCHEMATIC FOR RECEIVER		
6.	PARTICIPANTS		

1. COMPONENTS LIST

List of Components used:

- A) LM34
- B) NRF24L01
- C) FTDI BASIC
- D) ATMEGA328

2. C CODE OF TRANSMITTER

```
// CPU Speed for delay
#define F CPU 16000000UL
#define FOSC 16000000
                                 // Clock speed
#define BAUD 115200
                                 // Desire baud rate
#define MYUBRR FOSC/8/BAUD-1 // Formula to set the baud rate [Double Transmission
Rate1
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "nrf24101-mnemonics.h"
#include "nrf24l01.h"
void setup_timer(void);
void UART TX(char *data);
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void);
volatile bool rf_interrupt = false;
volatile bool send_message = false;
volatile char ADCvalue;
int main(void)
       // Variables
       uint8_t i = 0;
                               // Iterative variable
// Temperature string buffer
       char temp[5];
                                 // Line feed
       char LF = '\n';
       DDRC = (1 << 5);
       // NRF Settings
       uint8_t to_address[5] = \{0x02, 0x04, 0x06, 0x08, 0x0A\};// Device address
                                  // Global interrupt enabled
       nRF24L01 *rf = setup rf(); // Initialize the NRF
       setup timer();
       // ADC Settings
       ADMUX = 0;
                                  // Use ADC0
       ADMUX |= (1 << REFS0);
                                 // AVcc is reference with ARef connected to external
capacitor
       ADCSRA = (1 << ADPS2) | (1 << ADPS1) | (1 << ADPS0); // 16 MHz with prescalar of
128
```

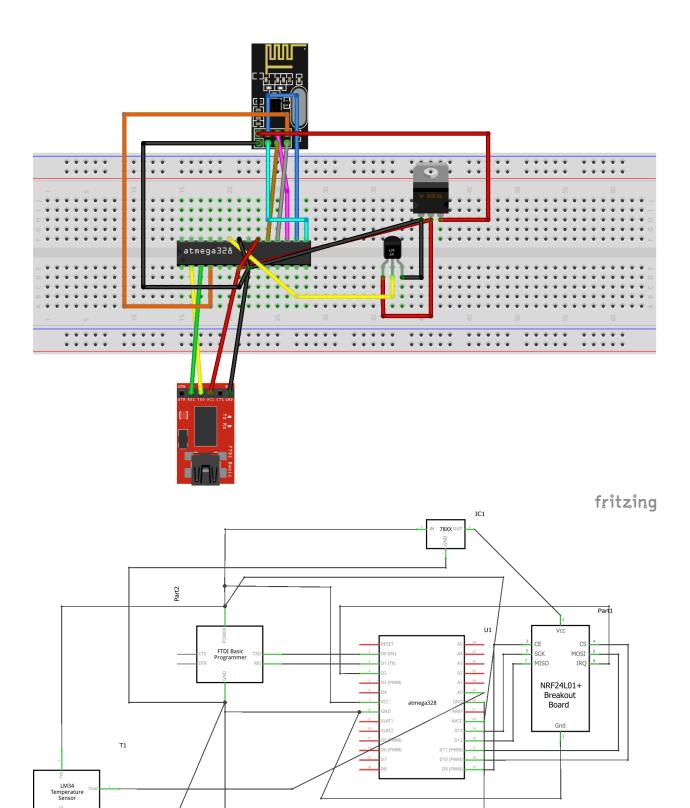
```
// Enable auto trigger
      ADCSRA |= (1 << ADATE);
      ADCSRB = 0;
                                               // Free running settings for auto trigger
      ADCSRA |= (1 << ADEN);
                                               // Enable ADC
      ADCSRA |= (1 << ADSC);
                                               // Start conversion
      // UART Settings
      UBRROH = ((MYUBRR) >> 8);
                                             // Set baud rate for UPPER Register
                                              // Set baud rate for LOWER Register
      UBRRØL = MYUBRR;
                                    // Double UART transmission speed
      UCSR0A |= (1 << U2X0);
      UCSR0B |= (1 << TXEN0);
                                              // Enable transmitter
      UCSROC = (1 << UCSZO1) | (1 << UCSZO0); // Frame: 8-bit Data and 1 Stop bit
      while (1)
      {
             // ADC Conversion
             while((ADCSRA & (1 << ADIF)) == 0);  // Wait for ADC conversion</pre>
             ADCvalue = (ADC >> 1);
                                                      // Assign the temperature
             // Check if the message has been successfully transmitted
             if(rf interrupt)
             {
                    rf interrupt = false;
                    int success = nRF24L01_transmit_success(rf);
                    if(success != 0)
                    nRF24L01_flush_transmit_message(rf);
             }
             if(send_message)
                    send_message = false;
                                            // Reset message flag
                    nRF24L01Message msg;
                                               // Message structure to be transmitted
                                               // Reset iterative variable
                    i = 0;
                    itoa(ADCvalue, temp, 10); // Convert integer value into ASCII
                    // Transmit the temperature to terminal [NULL terminated]
                    while(temp[i] != 0)
                    {
                           UART_TX(&temp[i]); // Sends temperature to terminal
                                               // Size of the temperature string
                           i++;
                                               // Line feed
                    UART_TX(&LF);
                    // NRF Transmission
                    msg.length = i + 1;// Save the length of the temperature string
                    memcpy(msg.data, temp, msg.length);// Copy the string into the
struct
                    nRF24L01_transmit(rf, to_address, &msg);// Transmit the temperature
             }
      }
      return 0;
}
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void)
{
      nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01 init();
      rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
      rf->ss.pin = PB2;
      rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
```

```
rf->ce.pin = PB1;
       rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
       rf->sck.pin = PB5;
       rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
       rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
       rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
       rf->miso.pin = PB4;
       EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
       EIMSK |= BV(INT0);
       nRF24L01_begin(rf);
       return rf;
}
void setup_timer(void)
{
                                       // CTC Mode
      TCCR1B |= _BV(WGM12);
      TIMSK1 |= _BV(WGM12);
TIMSK1 |= _BV(OCIE1A);
                                   // COMP Interrupt
// 16 MHz/1024
       OCR1A = 15624;
       TCCR1B |= _BV(CS10) | _BV(CS12); // Prescalar 1024
}
// UART transmission function
void UART_TX(char *data)
{
       while(!(UCSR0A & (1 << UDRE0))); // Wait for UART to be available</pre>
      UDR0 = *data;
                                          // Send the data
}
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
{
       send message = true;
       PORTC ^= (1 << 5);
}
ISR(INT0_vect)
{
       rf_interrupt = true;
}
3.
       C CODE OF RECEIVER
#define F CPU 16000000UL
                                 // CPU Speed for delay
#define FOSC 16000000
                                 // Clock speed
#define BAUD 115200
                                  // Desire baud rate
#define MYUBRR FOSC/8/BAUD-1
                                 // Formula to set the baud rate [Double Transmission]
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "nrf24101-mnemonics.h"
#include "nrf24101.h"
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void);
void process_message(char *message, uint8_t len);
```

```
void UART_TX(char *data);
volatile bool rf interrupt = false;
int main(void)
{
       // NRF Settings
       uint8 \ t \ address[5] = \{0x02, 0x04, 0x06, 0x08, 0x0A\};
       //prepare_led_pin();
       sei();
       nRF24L01 *rf = setup_rf();
       nRF24L01 listen(rf, 0, address);
       uint8 t addr[5];
       nRF24L01_read_register(rf, CONFIG, addr, 1);
       // USART Settings
      UBRRØH = ((MYUBRR) >> 8);
                                          // Set baud rate for UPPER Register
      UBRRØL = MYUBRR;
                                          // Set baud rate for LOWER Register
      UCSR0A = (1 << U2X0);
                                          // Double UART transmission speed
       UCSR0B |= (1 << TXEN0);
                                          // Enable transmitter
      UCSRØC |= (1 << UCSZØ1) | (1 << UCSZØ0); // Frame: 8-bit Data and 1 Stop bit
      while (1)
       {
              if(rf_interrupt)
                     rf interrupt = false;
                     while(nRF24L01_data_received(rf))
                            nRF24L01Message msg;
                            nRF24L01_read_received_data(rf, &msg);
                            process_message((char *)msg.data, msg.length);
                     nRF24L01_listen(rf, 0, address);
             }
       return 0;
}
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void)
{
       nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01_init();
       rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
       rf->ss.pin = PB2;
       rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
       rf->ce.pin = PB1;
       rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
       rf->sck.pin = PB5;
       rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
       rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
       rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
       rf->miso.pin = PB4;
       EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
       EIMSK |= BV(INT0);
       nRF24L01 begin(rf);
       return rf;
}
```

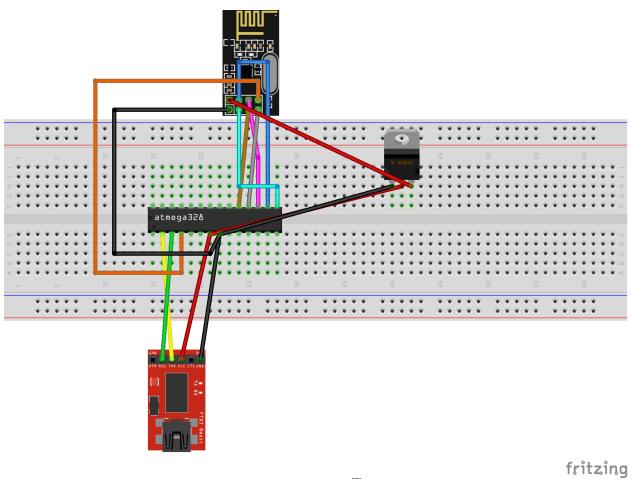
```
void process_message(char *message, uint8_t len)
                             // Iterative variable
// Line Feed
       uint8 t i = 0;
       char LF = '\n';
       // Process the temperature and display to UART
       for(i = 0; i < len; i++)</pre>
       {
              UART_TX(&message[i]);
       UART_TX(&LF);
}
ISR(INTO_vect)
       rf_interrupt = true;
}
// UART transmission function
void UART_TX(char *data)
{
       while(!(UCSR0A & (1 << UDRE0))); // Wait for UART to be available</pre>
                                          // Send the data
       UDR0 = *data;
}
```

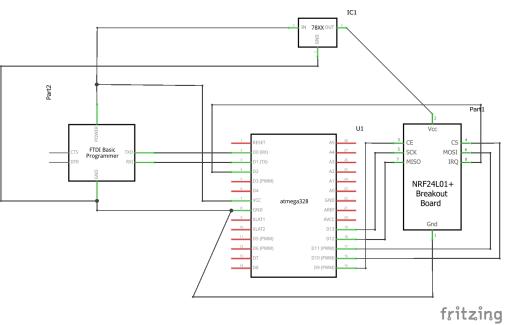
4. BREADBOARD AND SCHEMATIC OF TRANSMITTER



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5. BREADBOARD AND SCHEMATIC OF RECEIVER





6. PARTICIPANTS

Tenniel, Argenis, and Jeffrey

Student Academic Misconduct Policy

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"This assignment submission is my own, original work". $$\operatorname{\mathsf{BRYAN}}$ TAKEMOTO