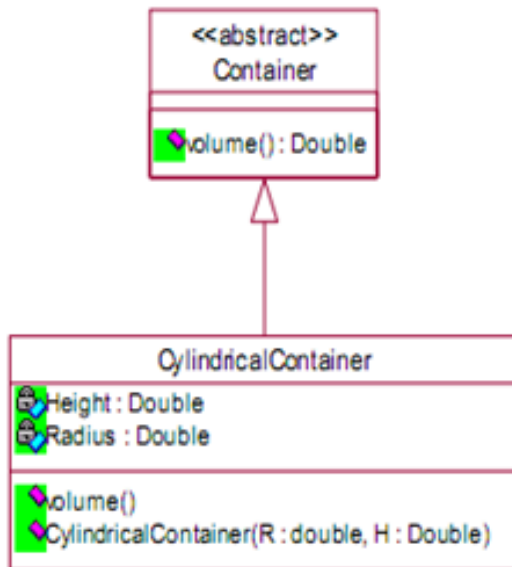


1.



The Volume of a Cylinder can be found with the following formula:

$$\text{Volume} = \text{PI} * \text{Radius} * \text{Radius} * \text{Height} \quad \text{where PI} = 3.14159$$

It is required to map the above class diagram to Java code.

Note: Container is an abstract class.

Height & Radius are private variables

All the methods are public

- (i) Write down the Java definition of class container
- (ii) Write the Java Definition of class CylindricalContainer. (Implement the Methods)
- (iii) Create an object from CylindricalContainer and display the volume

```
package com.mycompany.containerobj;
```

```
public class Containerobj
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
```

```

        CylinderContainer c=new CylinderContainer(7,5);

        double calculatevolume=c.calculatevolume();

        System.out.println("Volume is :"+calculatevolume);
    }
}

```

```

package com.mycompany.containerobj;

public abstract class Container
{
    private double Height;

    private double Radius;

    public Container(double Height,double Radius)
    {
        this.Height = Height;

        this.Radius = Radius;
    }

    public void setHeight(double Height) {
        this.Height = Height;
    }

    public void setRadius(double Radius) {
        this.Radius = Radius;
    }

    public double getHeight() {

```

```
        return Height;
    }

    public double getRadius() {
        return Radius;
    }

    public abstract double calculatevolume();
}
```

Extends....

```
package com.mycompany.containerobj;

public class CylinderContainer extends Container
{
    public CylinderContainer(double Height, double Radius)
    {
        super(Height, Radius);
    }

    @Override
    public double calculatevolume()
    {
        double calculatevolume = Math.PI *getRadius()*getRadius()*getHeight();

        return calculatevolume;
    }
}
```

2.

A Student wants to create a game called “Life”, ‘life’ is a RPG game in which a player can move up, down, left & Right. In order to implement this game assume that you need to create an abstraction of the player controllers. Make sure to print the directions of the player when keys are pressed.

```
package com.mycompany.Test;
```

```
public class Test {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        Player player = new Player(0, 0);
```

```
        player.moveUp();
```

```
        player.moveRight();
```

```
        player.moveDown();
```

```
        player.moveLeft();
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
public class Player implements PlayerController {
```

```
    private int x;
```

```
    private int y;
```

```
    public Player(int x, int y) {
```

```
        this.x = x;
```

```
        this.y = y;
```

```
    }
```

```
    @Override
```

```
    public void moveUp() {
```

```
        y--;
```

```

        System.out.println("Moved up. Current position: (" + x + ", " + y + ")");
    }

    @Override
    public void moveDown() {

        y++;

        System.out.println("Moved down. Current position: (" + x + ", " + y + ")");
    }

    @Override
    public void moveLeft() {

        x--;

        System.out.println("Moved left. Current position: (" + x + ", " + y + ")");
    }

    @Override
    public void moveRight() {

        x++;

        System.out.println("Moved right. Current position: (" + x + ", " + y + ")");
    }
}

```

```

public interface PlayerController {

    void moveUp();

    void moveDown();

    void moveLeft();

    void moveRight();

}

```