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▼ What is Pandas?

python library for data manipulation and analysis

```
import pandas as pd  
data_frame = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list.csv')
```

data_frame

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager
5	Chris	25	intern

▼ What is DataFrame?

dataframe is a 2-dimensional labeled data structure with columns

```
data_frame.head()
```

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager

▼ What is Series?

Every single column in dataframe is series

```
type(data_frame.job)
```

```
pandas.core.series.Series
```

```
data_frame.job = data_frame.job.str.upper()
data_frame.head()
```

	name	age	job
0	John	20	STUDENT
1	Jenny	30	DEVELOPER
2	Nate	30	TEACHER
3	Julia	40	DENTIST
4	Brian	45	MANAGER

Series is just wrapper for python list

```
s1 = pd.core.series.Series(['one', 'two', 'three'])
s2 = pd.core.series.Series([1, 2, 3])
pd.DataFrame(data=dict(word=s1, num=s2))
```

	num	word
0	1	one
1	2	two
2	3	three

Why Pandas?

Very similar to Excel spreadsheet view,
support various functions for data manipulation and analysis.

Fast based on Numpy.

Easy to manipulate data for your purpose

▼ Read File to DataFrame

A **Data frame** is a two-dimensional data structure, i.e., data is aligned in a tabular fashion in rows and columns.

by default, pandas support csv format

```
df = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list.csv')
```

df

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager
5	Chris	25	intern

you can read txt file like below, if the txt file data are comma separated

```
df = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list.txt')
```

df.head()

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager

if txt file delimiter is not comma, you can use define delimiter using keyword argument

```
df = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list_tab.txt', delimiter = "\t")
```

df.head()

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist

if data file doesn't have header,

Use header = None like below, so first column not to be your column header

```
df = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list_no_head.csv', header = None)
```

```
df.head()
```

	0	1	2
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager

you can add column header after you create dataframe

```
df.columns = ['name', 'age', 'job']
```

```
df.head()
```

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager

you can create column header for no header data at once

```
df = pd.read_csv('data/friend_list_no_head.csv', header = None, names=['name', 'age', 'job'])
```

```
df.head()
```

	name	age	job
0	John	20	student
1	Jenny	30	developer
2	Nate	30	teacher
3	Julia	40	dentist
4	Brian	45	manager

► Create DataFrame

when you want to create dataframe from your python code

```
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```

► Write DataFrame to File

```
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```

► Select Row

```
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```

► Filter Column

```
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```

► Drop rows

```
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```

‣ Drop column

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‣ Add Column / Update Column

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‣ Add Row

[] ↪ 4 cells hidden

‣ Group by

group by command helps to get more information from given data

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‣ Drop Duplicate

sometimes you need to drop duplicate rows and here is elegant way to to it

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‣ how to manage None value?

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‣ Unique

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‣ Concatenate two dataframe

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► Concatenate two list as a dataframe

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```

