



MUSIC STORE ANALYSIS

MY SQL PROJECT

By Akanksha Kumari

OBJECTIVE

1. The primary aim is to analyze sales , trends, popular music genres , customer preferences for better understanding to enhance profitability.
2. We will examine the dataset with SQL while answering simple questions for business growth.

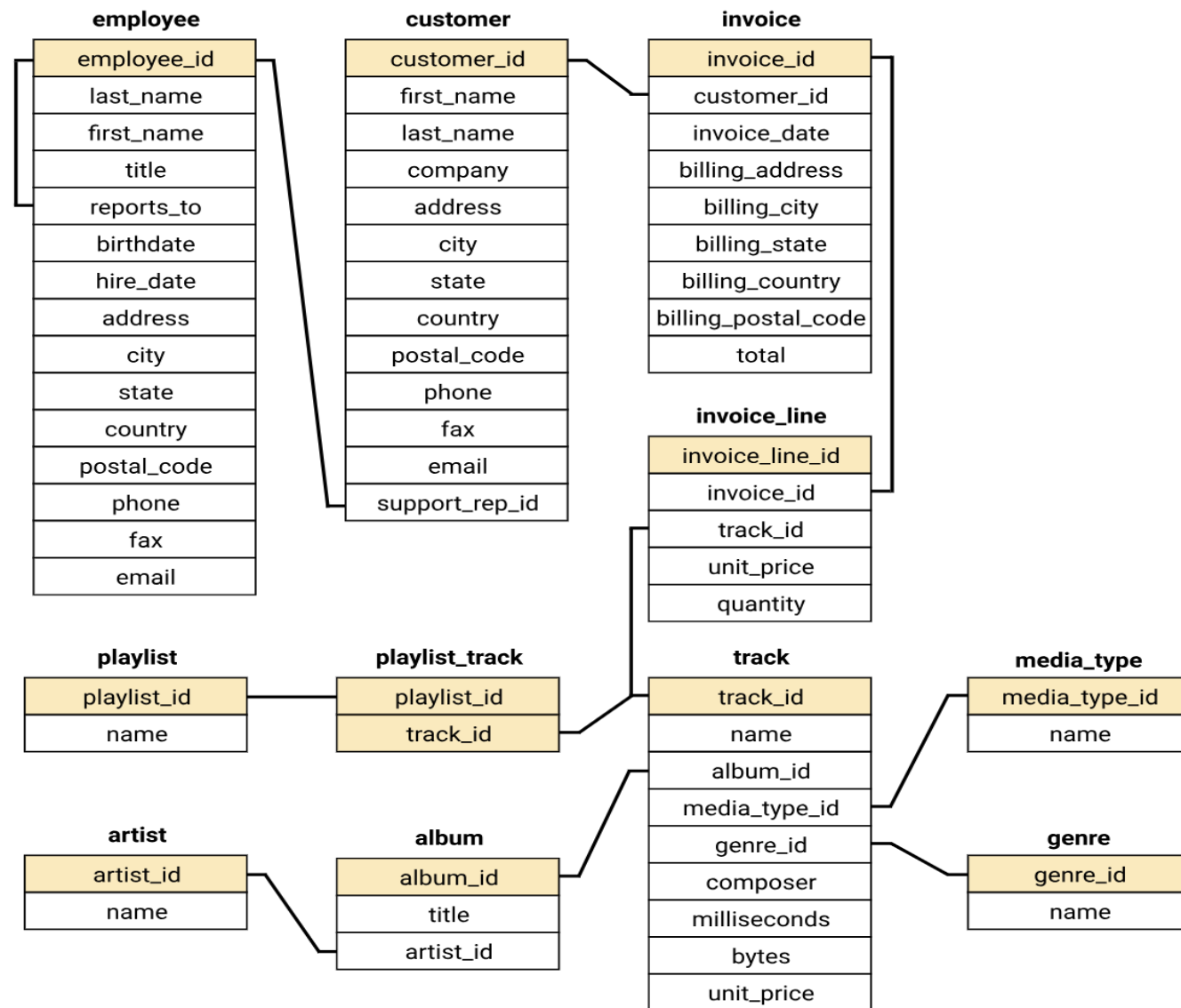
Commands used for queries

SET 1 :- GROUP BY , ORDER BY ,
Aggregate functions

SET 2:- JOINS ,SUBQUERY, GROUP BY ,
ORDER BY , Aggregate functions

SET 3:- CTE (Common Table
Expressions)

MUSIC DATABASE SCHEMA DIAGRAM



SET 1

Q1. Who is the senior most employee based on Job tittle ?

Input

```
5 • SELECT * from employees;  
6  
7 • SELECT employee_id,concat(first_name,' ',last_name)as employees_name,title  
8 levels,city,country,email from employees  
9 order by levels desc  
10 limit 1;
```

Output

Result Grid						
Filter Rows:		Export:		Wrap Cell Content:		Fetch rows:
	employee_id	employees_name	levels	city	country	email
▶	9	MohanMadan	Senior General Manager	Edmonton	Canada	madan.mohan@chinookcorp.com

Q2. Which countries have the most invoices?

Input

```
6 • select * from invoice;
7
8 • Select count(*) as counts , billing_country
9   from invoice
10  group by billing_country
11  order by counts desc;
```

Output

	counts	billing_country
▶	131	USA
	76	Canada
	61	Brazil
	50	France
	41	Germany
	30	Czech Republic
	29	Portugal
	28	United Kingdom
	21	India
	13	Ireland
	13	Chile
	11	Finland
	11	Spain
	10	Poland
	10	Denmark

Result 13 ×

Q3. What are the top 3 values of total invoice?

Input

```
select * from invoice;
```

```
Select invoice_id, total  
from invoice  
order by total desc  
limit 3;
```

Output

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	
	invoice_id	total		
▶	183	23.759999999999998		
	92	19.8		
	31	19.8		

Q4. Which city has the best customers? We would like to host a promotional music festival in the city which made the most money .

Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals . Return both the city name and sum of all invoice totals.

Input

```
8 • SELECT SUM(total) as invoice_totals, billing_city
9   from invoice
10  group by billing_city
11  order by invoice_totals desc
12  limit 1;
```

Output

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	invoice_totals	billing_city	
▶	273.24000000000007	Prague	

SET 2

Q1. Write query to return email , first name , last name & Genre of all Rock Music listeners.
Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A .

Input

```
6 • SELECT distinct c.email, concat(c.first_name,' ',c.last_name) as customer_name
7   from customer as c
8   join invoice as i on c.customer_id=i.customer_id
9   join invoice_line as il on i.invoice_id=il.invoice_id
10  where track_id in(
11    select track_id from track as t
12    join genre as g on t.genre_id=g.genre_id
13    where g.name like 'Rock')
14  order by email;
```

Output

email	customer_name
aaronmitchell@yahoo.ca	AaronMitchell
alero@uol.com.br	AlexandreRocha
astrid.gruber@apple.at	AstridGruber
bjorn.hansen@yahoo.no	BjörnHansen
camille.bernard@yahoo.fr	CamilleBernard
daan_peeters@apple.be	DaanPeeters
diego.gutierrez@yahoo.ar	DiegoGutiérrez
dmiller@comcast.com	DanMiller
dominiquelefebvre@gmail.com	DominiqueLefebvre
edfrancis@yahoo.ca	EdwardFrancis
eduardo@uol.com.br	EduardoMartins

Result 5 x

Q2. Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our data set . Write a query that returns the Artist name & total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

Input

```
5 • SELECT a.name , COUNT(t.track_id) as tracks
6   from artist as a
7   join album2 as al on a.artist_id=al.artist_id
8   join track as t on al.album_id=t.album_id
9   join genre as g on t.genre_id=g.genre_id
10  where g.name like 'Rock'
11  group by a.name
12  order by tracks desc
13  limit 10;
```

Output

	name	tracks
▶	AC/DC	18
	Aerosmith	15
	Audioslave	14
	Led Zeppelin	14
	Alanis Morissette	13
	Alice In Chains	12
	Frank Zappa & Captain Beefheart	9
	Accept	4

Q3. Return all the track names that have a song length longer than average song length . Return Name & Milliseconds for each track . Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

Input

```
5 • select name,milliseconds from track
6   where milliseconds>(
7     select avg(milliseconds) as avg_length from track)
8   order by milliseconds desc;
9
```

Output

	name	milliseconds
▶	How Many More Times	711836
	Advance Romance	677694
	Sleeping Village	644571
	You Shook Me(2)	619467
	Talkin' 'Bout Women Obviously	589531
	Stratus	582086
	No More Tears	555075
	The Alchemist	509413
	Wheels Of Confusion / The Straightener	494524
	Book Of Thel	494393
	You Oughta Know (Alternate)	491885
	Terra	482429
	Snoopy's search-Red baron	456071
	Sozinho (Hitmakers Classic Mix)	436636
	Master Of Puppets	436453
	Stone Crazy	433397

track 9 x

SET 3

Q1. Find how much amount spend by each customer on artists? Write a query to return Customer name , artist name & total spent.

Input

```
5 • WITH best_selling_artist AS
6 (
7     SELECT a.artist_id ,a.name as artist_name , sum(il.unit_price*il.quantity) as total_sales
8     FROM invoice_line as il
9     JOIN track as t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
10    JOIN album2 as al on al.album_id = t.album_id
11    JOIN artist as a on a.artist_id = al.artist_id
12    group by 1,2
13    order by 3 desc
14    limit 1
15 )
16 SELECT c.customer_id , concat(c.first_name,',',c.last_name) as customer, bsa.artist_name,
17 sum(il.unit_price*il.quantity) as amount_spent
18 from invoice as i
19 join customer as c on c.customer_id = i.customer_id
20 join invoice_line as il on il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
21 join track as t on t.track_id=il.track_id
22 join album2 as al on al.album_id = t.album_id
23 join best_selling_artist as bsa on bsa.artist_id = al.artist_id
24 group by 1,2,3
25 order by 4 desc;
```

Output

	customer_id	customer	artist_name	amount_spent
▶	54	SteveMurray	AC/DC	17.82
	53	PhilHughes	AC/DC	10.89
	21	KathyChase	AC/DC	10.89
	49	StanisÅ,awWÃ³jck	AC/DC	9.9
	1	LuÃ-sGonÃ§alves	AC/DC	7.920000000000001
	24	FrankRalston	AC/DC	7.920000000000001
	31	MarthaSilk	AC/DC	3.96
	16	FrankHarris	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	42	WyattGirard	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	6	HelenaHolÃ½	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	38	NiklasSchrÃ¶der	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	35	MadalenaSampaio	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	44	TerhiHÃ¼mÃ¶lÃ¶...	AC/DC	2.9699999999999998
	9	KaraNielsen	AC/DC	1.98
	34	JoÃ£oFernandes	AC/DC	1.98
	57	LuisRojas	AC/DC	1.98
	27	PatrickGray	AC/DC	1.98
	20	DanMiller	AC/DC	1.98
	30	EdwardFrancis	AC/DC	1.98
	5	FrantiÅiekWichte...	AC/DC	1.98
	47	LucasMancini	AC/DC	0.99
	43	IsabelleMercier	AC/DC	0.99
	19	TimGoyer	AC/DC	0.99
	39	CamilleBernard	AC/DC	0.99
	8	DaanPeeters	AC/DC	0.99

Result 5 x

Q3. Find out the most popular music genre for each country. Popular genre = highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top genre for countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all genres.

Input

```
5 • WITH popular_genre AS
6 (
7     SELECT COUNT(invoice_line.quantity)AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre_id,
8     row_number() OVER(partition by CUSTOMER.COUNTRY order by COUNT(invoice_line.quantity)DESC) AS ROWNO
9     FROM invoice_line
10    JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
11    JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
12    JOIN track ON track.track_id = track.genre_id
13    JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
14    group by 2,3,4
15    order by 2 ASC , 1 DESC
16 )
17
18 SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE ROWNO <= 1
```

Output

	purchases	country	name	genre_id	ROWNO
▶	40	Argentina	Rock	1	1
	82	Australia	Rock	1	1
	70	Austria	Rock	1	1
	61	Belgium	Rock	1	1
	432	Brazil	Rock	1	1
	541	Canada	Rock	1	1
	98	Chile	Rock	1	1
	276	Czech Republic	Rock	1	1
	38	Denmark	Rock	1	1
	80	Finland	Rock	1	1
	393	France	Rock	1	1
	338	Germany	Rock	1	1
	70	Italy	Rock	1	1

Result 3 ×

LinkedIn profile :- www.linkedin.com/in/akanksha-verma-7269b6242

Email id :- akanksha.kum71@gmail.com



By Akanksha Kumari