Q: Calculate the moving average of salaries over the last 3 employees ordered by hire date.

Select

Name.

Hire_date,

Salary,

AVG(salary) over(order by hire_date ROWS BETWEEN UNBOUNDED 2/3 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) as moving_avg_salary

From employees;

| hire_date | employee | salary |
|------------|----------|--------|
| 2020-01-01 | Alice | 5000 |
| 2020-02-01 | Bob | 6000 |
| 2020-03-01 | Carol | 7000 |
| 2020-04-01 | Dave | 8000 |

| employee | salaries included (based on window) | moving avg | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Alice | (Alice) | | 5000 |
| Bob | (Alice, Bob) | (5000 + 6000)/2 = 5500 | |
| Carol | (Alice, Bob, Carol) | (5000 + 6000 + 7000)/3 = 6000 | |
| Dave | (Bob, Carol, Dave) | (6000 + 7000 + 8000)/3 = 7000 | |

| hire_date | employee | salary | 3-emp moving avg |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------------|
| Jan | Alice | 50k | 50k |
| Feb | Bob | 52k | 51k |
| Mar | Carol | 60k | 54k |
| Apr | Dave | 70k | 60.7k |
| May | Eve | 90k | 73.3k |

Use-case/Common insights we can draw:

- 1. **Salary-trend analysis:** Are newer employees being paid more or less than the recent average?
- 2. **Compensation consistency:** Is the pay range stable, or are there spikes (indicating uneven pay decisions)?

| more junior (lower-paid) employees? | | | | | |
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