

OUTLET SALES PREDICTION

-Multiple Linear Regression

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What are we AIMING to do?

- -We are analysing the dataset of BigMart which has about 1559 products distributed across 10 outlet stores. The aim is to build a predictive model based on the features contributing to the sales of the product in each outlet store.
- -From our analysis, we wish to understand what features best contribute to the sales prediction in these outlet stores.

DATA COLLECTION

- -This data was collected from Analytics Vidhya.
- -This dataset consist of 10 outlets that were established between 1985 to 2009. They are categorised by the size of the Outlets and the individual items.
- -The dataset had 8523 rows and was reduced to 8499 rows after data cleaning.



What **QUESTIONS** can we answer?

What factors play a key role in increasing sales?

Is it the **product**

- Item type?
- MRP of the products?
- Item fat content?
- Item visibility?
- Item weight

Is it the **outlet**?

- Outlet size?
- Outlet establishment year?
- Outlet type?
- Outlet location type?

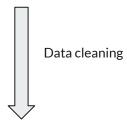
DATA CLEANING - Missing value treatment

- Item_Visibility: There were some records with 0 visibility. Since, in reality, there cannot be any item which cannot be visible in a store, we have replaced all those values with the mean of the items according to their Item ID (Item_Identifier).
- Item_Fat_Content: There were 5 unique values (LF, low fat, reg, Low Fat, Regular) for two types of Fat Content types namely, Low Fat and Regular We have substituted all 'low fat' and 'LF' with 'Low Fat', and the 'reg' with 'Regular'.
- Item_Type: There were 16 factors of this variable and we wanted to create a broader class of products (Drinks, Food, Non-consumable). Hence, we have classified them according to the first two letters of the Item_Identifier variable and made a separate variable called Item_Group for them..
- **Item_Weight:** There were some records with blank weights so we have calculated the mean of the weights according to their item identifiers and have replaced the blank values in that manner. 4 records were deleted as they didn't had any reference weights.
- Outlet_Size: We have dropped extra column such as Outlet_Size (as there is about ~28% data missing from that column).

OVERALL SUMMARY OF MISSING VALUE TREATED DATA

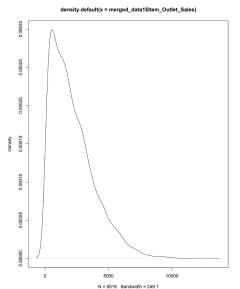
```
Item_Identifier Item_Weight
                             Item_Fat_Content
                                                 Item MRP
                                                             Outlet Identifier Outlet Establishment Year
                             Length:8519
                                              Min. : 31.3
                                                             OUT013 : 932
                                                                              Min. :1985
FDG33 : 10
              Min. : 4.55
FDW13 : 10
              1st Qu.: 8.79
                            Class :character 1st Qu.: 93.8
                                                             OUT027 : 932
                                                                             1st Qu.:1987
              Median :12.65
                            Mode :character Median :143.0
                                                             OUT035 : 930
DRE49 :
                                                                             Median:1999
DRN47 : 9
              Mean :12.88
                                              Mean :141.0
                                                             OUT046 : 930
                                                                             Mean :1998
                                              3rd Ou.:185.7
FDD38 :
              3rd Qu.:16.85
                                                             OUT049 : 930
                                                                              3rd Qu.:2004
FDF52 : 9
              Max. :21.35
                                              Max. :266.9
                                                             OUT045 : 929
                                                                              Max. :2009
(Other):8463
                                                             (Other):2936
Outlet_Location_Type
                                        Item_Outlet_Sales Item_Visibility1 ItemGroup
                             Outlet_Type
Tier 1:2387
                   Grocery Store
                                   :1082
                                          Min. : 33
                                                          Min. :0.004
                                                                          Length: 8519
Tier 2:2785
                   Supermarket Type1:5577
                                          1st Qu.: 834
                                                          1st Qu.:0.031
                                                                          Class :character
                                                                          Mode :character
Tier 3:3347
                   Supermarket Type2: 928
                                          Median: 1794
                                                          Median :0.058
                   Supermarket Type3: 932
                                          Mean : 2181
                                                          Mean :0.071
                                          3rd Ou.: 3101
                                                          3rd Qu.:0.099
                                          Max. :13087
                                                          Max. :0.328
```

12 variables + 8523 rows

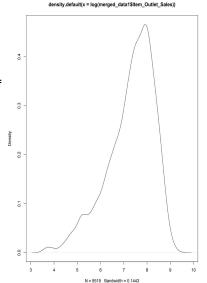


11 variables + 8519 rows

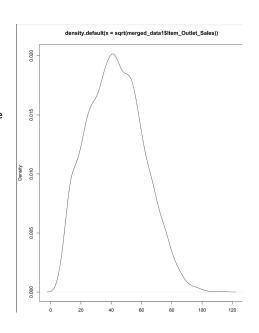
EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - Response variable







Square root Transformation of the variable

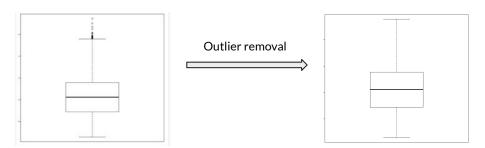


The density distribution of the Item_Outlet_Sales response variable shows right skewness meaning that the Mean is to the right of the Median.

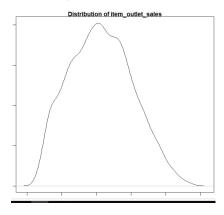
The density distribution of Item_Outlet_Sales after log transformation is slightly better but still shows slight skewness. .

The density distribution has been made much better and more like a bell curve with square root transformation of response variable..

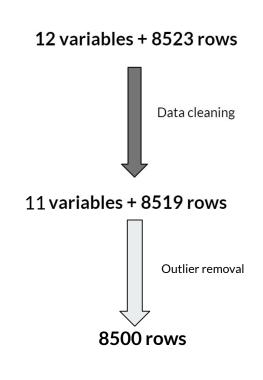
Removal of Outliers



19 data points were observed which were outliers. Those records were removed.

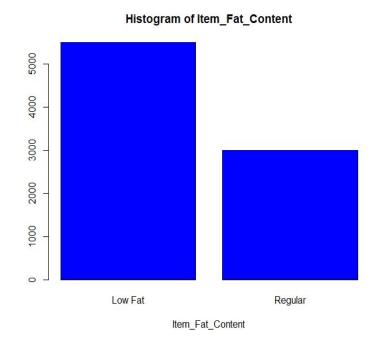


The density distribution of the response variable improved even further after outlier removal.

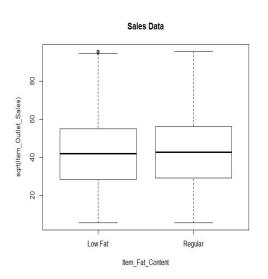


Let's now explore the data and see how the sales are with respect to each of the variables.

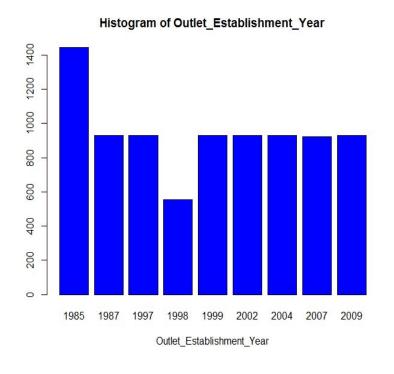
Item's Fat Content



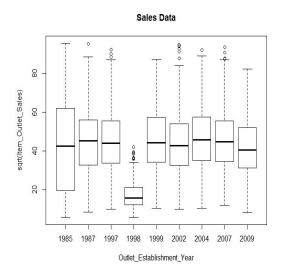
The Median for both Low Fat and Regular are approximately 40 of the sqrt(Item_Outlet_Sales).



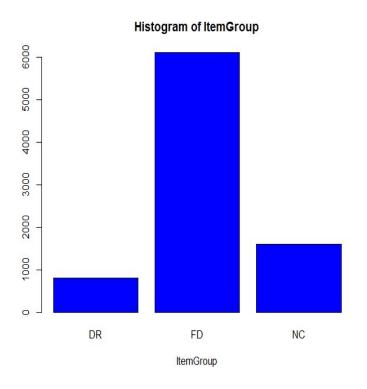
Item's Establishment Year



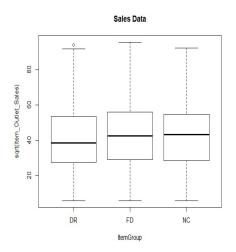
- Year 1998 had the lowest sales among all the years
- Median of rest of the years lie approximately around 40 to 45 of sqrt(Item_Outlet_Sales)



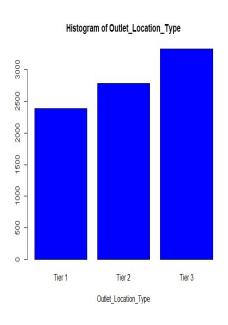
Item Group



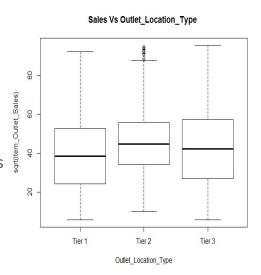
- -Histogram of Item Group showed that Food has the highest frequency which is followed by Non-Consumable items and then Drinks.
- Median of Item Group lies approximately around 40 to 45 of sqrt(Item_Outlet_Sales)



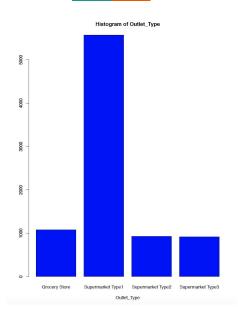
Outlet Location Type - Tiers



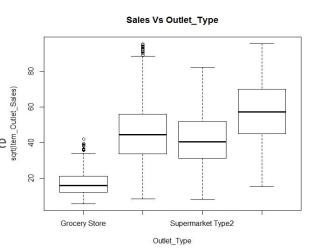
- From histogram, the count of different locations of outlet stores in the data follows a pattern from being lowest in Tier 1 followed by Tier 2 and then Tier 3
- From boxplot, it can be seen as the median value of sales corresponding to Tier1, Tier2 and Tier3 fall between 40 and 45. Moreover, there occurs some outliers pertaining to sales corresponding to Tier 2.



Type of Outlets



- From histogram, the count of Supermarket Type 1 outlet came out to be significantly higher than that of other three outlet types
- From boxplot, it could be seen that the median sales pertaining to Grocery store is lower than that of other three outlets and lie in range of \sim (15-20). Whereas, the median sales of other 3 outlets lie in range of \sim (40-60).
- Moreover, outlets corresponding to sales in Grocery store and Supermarket 1 are found.



ANOVA - To test if the levels within variables are significantly different

```
> summary(mdl_fat_content)
                                                                              At 10% level, the main effects of Item Fat Content
                                                                                                                                                            > summary(mdl_ItemGroup)
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                                                                                                                                                                         Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                                                                              as well as the effects of its different levels are
                                   2.74 0.098 .
 Item_Fat_Content 1
                                                                                                                                                                          2 3763
                                                                                                                                                                                      1881
                                                                                                                                                                                            5.71 0.0033 **
                                                                                                                                                            ItemGroup
 Residuals
                                                                              significant towards Item Outlet Sales
                                                                                                                                                            Residuals 8496 2800326
                                                                              p = 0.098 (main effect)
                                                                                                                                                            Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
 Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
                                                                                                                                                            > TukeyHSD(mdl_ItemGroup)
 > TukeyHSD(mdl_fat_content)
                                                                                                                                                             Tukey multiple comparisons of means
  Tukey multiple comparisons of means
                                                                              At 5% level, the main effect of ItemGroup is
                                                                                                                                                               95% family-wise confidence level
    95% family-wise confidence level
                                                                              significant (p-value = 0.0033) as well as for level
                                                                                                                                                            Fit: aov(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ ItemGroup, data = treated_data)
                                                                              FD-DR but the effects of its two other levels are
 Fit: gov(formula = Transfmd IO Sales ~ Item Fat Content, data = treated data)
                                                                              insignificant for NC-DR and NC-FD.But, since NC
                                                                                                                                                            $ItemGroup
 $Item Fat Content
                                                                                                                                                                   diff lwr upr p adj
                                                                              (non consumable) is a broad category, so we decided
     diff lwr upr p adj
                                                                                                                                                            FD-DR 2.270 0.668 3.872 0.003
 1-0 0.683 -0.126 1.49 0.098
                                                                              to keep this at this point and will check in the step of
                                                                                                                                                            NC-DR 1.697 -0.149 3.542 0.079
                                                                                                                                                            NC-FD -0.574 -1.770 0.623 0.499
                                                                              variable selection procedure.
                                                                                                                                                            > summary(mdl_Outlet_Type)
                                                                                                                                                                        Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
> summary(mdl_Outlet_Location_Type)
                                                                                                                                                            Outlet_Type 3 944543 314848
                                                                                                                                                                                           1438 <2e-16 ***
                                                                              At 5% level, the main effects as well as individual effects
                  Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                                                                                                                                                            Residuals 8495 1859547
Outlet_Location_Type 2 51250 25625 79.1 <2e-16 ***
                                                                              of Outlet Location_Type are significant towards its
                                                                                                                                                            Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residuals
                 8496 2752839
                                                                              contribution to Item_Outlet_Sales
                                                                                                                                                            > TukevHSD(mdl_Outlet_Type)
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '. '0.1 ' '1
                                                                                                                                                             Tukey multiple comparisons of means
                                                                                                                                                               95% family-wise confidence level
> TukevHSD(mdl Outlet Location Type)
 Tukey multiple comparisons of means
                                                                                                                                                            Fit: aov(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ Outlet_Type, data = treated_data)
   95% family-wise confidence level
                                                                                                                                                            $Outlet_Type
Fit: aov(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ Outlet_Location_Type, data = treated_data)
                                                                              At 5% level, the main effects of Outlet Type as well as
                                                                                                                                                                                             diff lwr upr p adi
                                                                              the effects of its different levels are significant towards
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type1-Grocery Store
                                                                                                                                                                                            28.27 27.00 29.53
SOutlet Location Type
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type2-Grocery Store
                                                                                                                                                                                            24.79 23.09 26.49
            diff lwr upr p adi
                                                                              Item Outlet Sales
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type3-Grocery Store
                                                                                                                                                                                            40.20 38.49 41.91
Tier 2-Tier 1 6.31 5.13 7.48
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type2-Supermarket Type1 -3.48 -4.83 -2.13
Tier 3-Tier 1 3.68 2.55 4.81
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type3-Supermarket Type1 11.93 10.58 13.29
Tier 3-Tier 2 -2.63 -3.71 -1.54
                                                                                                                                                            Supermarket Type3-Supermarket Type2 15.41 13.64 17.18
```

REGRESSORS

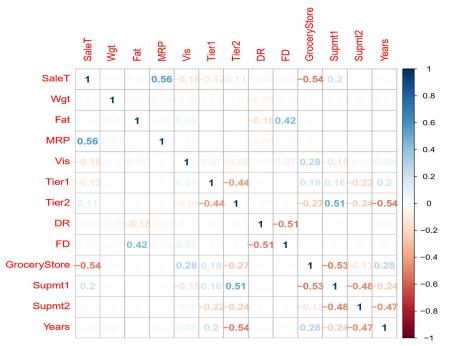
- Item_Fat_Content: Categorical variable including Low Fat and Regular
- Item_Visibility: Quantitative variable
- Item_Group: Categorical variable including DR, FD & NC and are transposed into columns
- Item_MRP: Quantitative variable
- Outlet_Size: Categorical variable including Small, Medium, High and are transposed into columns
- Outlet_Establishment_Year: Categorical variable from 1985 to 2009. These are also transposed into columns
- Outlet_Type: Categorical variable including Grocery Store and Supermarket Type1,
 Supermarket Type2 and Supermarket Type3 and are transposed into columns

Dependent/Predictor Variable: Item_Outlet_Sales

SPLITTING DATA INTO TRAIN AND TEST DATA:

CORRELATION ANALYSIS

How are the regressor and the response variables correlated to each other?



- The response variable "Sales" is correlated significantly with the MRP of items and the type of outlets,
- But,it has not shown any significant correlation with number of years of outlet establishment
- DR and FD has high correlation among each other.
- The outlet location type is correlated with outlet type.
- Out of these regressor variable pairs which has significant correlation, we need to consider only 1 variable out of each pair.

1. MLR Model - Full model with all regressors without transformed Item Outlet Sales

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -4218 -668 -96 574 6160

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(>ItI)	
(Intercept)	1587.071	115.033	13.80	<2e-16	***
Item_Weight	-1.040	2.730	-0.38	0.703	
<pre>Item_Fat_Content1</pre>	52.338	29.353	1.78	0.075	
Item_MRP	15.197	0.204	74.36	<2e-16	***
<pre>Item_Visibility1</pre>	-21.159	263.168	-0.08	0.936	
Field_FactorTier.1	15.402	41.050	0.38	0.708	
Field_FactorTier.2	-24.037	58.224	-0.41	0.680	
Field_FactorDR	40.969	50.542	0.81	0.418	
Field_FactorFD	35.177	35.808	0.98	0.326	
Field_FactorGrocery.Store	-3319.679	59.085	-56.19	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-1390.457	56.450	-24.63	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-1767.801	96.812	-18.26	<2e-16	***
Outlet_NumberofYears	-4.285	3.339	-1.28	0.199	

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

Residual standard error: 1110 on 7636 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.561, Adjusted R-squared: 0.56 F-statistic: 813 on 12 and 7636 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: All 11 variables
- Adjusted R square: 56 %
- But, based on p-values of the individual variables, few of them are insignificant.

2. MLR Model - Full model with all regressors and transformed Item Outlet sales

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -42.45 -6.61 0.09 7.04 43.42

Coefficients:

		Estimate	Std. Er	ror ·	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	36.21778	1.11	L427	32.50	<2e-16	***
I	tem_Weight	-0.01053	0.02	2645	-0.40	0.690	
I	tem_Fat_Content1	0.56005	0.28	3433	1.97	0.049	*
I	tem_MRP	0.16333	0.00	198	82.51	<2e-16	***
I	tem_Visibility1	-0.15981	2.54	1919	-0.06	0.950	
F	ield_FactorTier.1	0.26976	0.39	763	0.68	0.498	
F	ield_FactorTier.2	-0.17114	0.56	5399	-0.30	0.762	
F	ield_FactorDR	0.08080	0.48	3957	0.17	0.869	
F	ield_FactorFD	0.14391	0.34	1686	0.41	0.678	
F	ield_FactorGrocery.Store	-41.13431	0.57	7233	-71.87	<2e-16	***
F	ield_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-13.27171	0.54	1680	-24.27	<2e-16	***
F	ield_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-17.42641	0.93	3777	-18.58	<2e-16	***
0	utlet_NumberofYears	-0.04849	0.03	3235	-1.50	0.134	

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 10.7 on 7636 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.653, Adjusted R-squared: 0.653 F-statistic: 1.2e+03 on 12 and 7636 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: All 11 variables
- But in this case, the response variable used is the transformed Item_Outlet_Sales.
- Adjusted R square increased from 56 to 65.3 %
- But, based on p-values of the individual variables, few of them are insignificant.

SELECTION PROCEDURES

1. Forward, backward, stepwise selection

We have performed Forward, Backward and Stepwise Regression procedures and all three have identified the same regressors -

Item_MRP,Supermarket Type 1Item Fat content,Supermarket Type 2

Outlet Establishment no. of Years Grocery Store

0.61240

```
Call:
```

```
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ Item_MRP + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
   Outlet_NumberofYears + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
   Item_Fat_Content, data = train)
```

Coefficients:

```
(Intercept) Item_MRP Field_FactorGrocery.Store 35.76042 0.16331 -40.91679
Outlet_NumberofYears Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 -0.03393 -13.05903 -17.07731
Item Fat Content1
```

3. MLR Model - With all selected regressors (mdl1 in code)

```
Call:
```

lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ Item_MRP + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
Outlet_NumberofYears + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
Item_Fat_Content, data = train)

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -42.16 -6.61 0.06 7.02 43.29

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	35.76042	0.76705	46.62	<2e-16	***
Item_MRP	0.16331	0.00198	82.64	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorGrocery.Store	-40.91679	0.52580	-77.82	<2e-16	***
Outlet_NumberofYears	-0.03393	0.02164	-1.57	0.117	
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-13.05903	0.50756	-25.73	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-17.07731	0.73906	-23.11	<2e-16	***
Item_Fat_Content1	0.61240	0.25644	2.39	0.017	*
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001	'**' 0.01	"* 0.05 ".	' 0.1 '	' 1	

Residual standard error: 10.7 on 7642 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.653, Adjusted R-squared: 0.653 F-statistic: 2.4e+03 on 6 and 7642 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: 6 variables
- But in this case, 6 regressors have been selected from the selection procedures.
- Adjusted R square: 65.3 % and p-value is very low for the entire model.
- But, based on p-values of the individual variables, most of them are significant at 5% level, except for Outlet_Establishment_Year with the higher p-value than the level of significance (5%), which makes it insignificant.

SELECTION PROCEDURES

- 2. All possible subset models (2 ^ 12). We got 2 final models:
- <u>6 regressors</u>: (which was same as the selection procedure)
 - Item_MRP
 - Field_FactorGrocery.Store
 - Outlet_Number of Years
 - Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1
 - Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2
 - Item_Fat_Content

5 regressors

- Item_MRP
- Field_FactorGrocery.Store
- Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1
- Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2
- Item_Fat_Content

On running the MLR we saw Outlet_Number of Years was coming insignificant (p-value = 0.117) and it didn't showed any strong correlation with response variable also in correlation matrix. Moreover, it was correlated with one of other regressor (Field_FactorGrocery.Store).

4. MLR Model - Removing year variable (mdl2 in code)

Call:

```
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ Item_MRP + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
   Item_Fat_Content, data = train)
```

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-42.23 -6.59 0.09 7.03 42.87
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(>ltl)
(Intercept)	34.81089	0.47088	73.93	<2e-16 ***
Item_MRP	0.16331	0.00198	82.63	<2e-16 ***
Field_FactorGrocery.Store	-40.68859	0.50531	-80.52	<2e-16 ***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-12.57160	0.40127	-31.33	<2e-16 ***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-16.26301	0.52592	-30.92	<2e-16 ***
Item_Fat_Content1	0.61280	0.25647	2.39	0.017 *

Residual standard error: 10.7 on 7643 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.653, Adjusted R-squared: 0.653 F-statistic: 2.88e+03 on 5 and 7643 DF, p-value: <2e-16

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

- Predictor variables used: Reduced to 5 variables
- Outlet_Number of Years was removed.
- Adjusted R square: 65.24 %
- Based on p-values of the individual variables, all of them are significant at 5% level.

5. MLR Model - Transform MRP (mdl3 in code)

```
Call: lm(form
```

```
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ sqrt(Item_MRP) + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
Item_Fat_Content, data = train)
```

Estimate Std Frrom + value Pr(>1+1)

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-42.26 -6.56 0.00 7.02 42.43
```

Coefficients:

	Lactillace	Ju. Liloi	t vulue			
(Intercept)	14.9311	0.6313	23.65	<2e-16	***	
sqrt(Item_MRP)	3.7129	0.0441	84.26	<2e-16	***	
Field_FactorGrocery.Store	-40.6433	0.5006	-81.18	<2e-16	***	
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-12.5547	0.3975	-31.58	<2e-16	***	
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-16.1703	0.5210	-31.04	<2e-16	***	
Item_Fat_Content1	0.6019	0.2541	2.37	0.018	*	

Residual standard error: 10.6 on 7643 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.66, Adjusted R-squared: 0.659 F-statistic: 2.96e+03 on 5 and 7643 DF, p-value: <2e-16

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

- Predictor variables used: Reduced to 5 variables
- The Item_MRP was transformed to fit the regression line better. It was done through **square root transformation**.
- Adjusted R square: 65.93 %
- Based on p-values of the individual variables, all of them are significant at 5% level.

6. MLR Model -Outlier Removal Using Both R-Student & DFFITS (mdl4 in code)

```
Call:
```

```
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ sqrt(Item_MRP) + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
Item_Fat_Content, data = train_out_rm)
```

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -33.10 -6.38 -0.07 6.77 33.33
```

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                         0.5882 24.82
(Intercept)
                              14.6019
                                                          <2e-16 ***
                                                 91.46
                              3.7599
                                         0.0411
sart(Item_MRP)
                                                          <2e-16 ***
Field_FactorGrocery.Store
                             -40.8611
                                         0.4671 -87.47 <2e-16 ***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 -12.6817
                                         0.3750 -33.82 <2e-16 ***
                                         0.4933 -32.79
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 -16.1772
                                                          <2e-16 ***
Item_Fat_Content1
                               0.6212
                                         0.2363
                                                   2.63
                                                        0.0086 **
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 9.75 on 7451 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.699, Adjusted R-squared: 0.699 F-statistic: 3.46e+03 on 5 and 7451 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: Reduced to 5 variables
- The outliers were removed using the Rstudent and DFFITS criteria.
- Datapoints which were outliers according to both Rstudent and DFFITS criteria were removed.
- Adjusted R square: 69.9 % (increased slightly from the previous model).
- Based on p-values of the individual variables, all of them are significant at 5% level.

7. MLR Model - Outlier Removal Using R-Student (mdl5 in code)

Call:

```
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ sqrt(Item_MRP) + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
Item_Fat_Content, data = train_out_rm2)
```

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-21.18 -6.24 -0.12 6.47 20.50
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	14.7163	0.5442	27.04	<2e-16	***
<pre>sqrt(Item_MRP)</pre>	3.7499	0.0382	98.14	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorGrocery.Store	-40.8597	0.4294	-95.16	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1	-12.4316	0.3457	-35.96	<2e-16	***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2	-16.1761	0.4535	-35.67	<2e-16	***
<pre>Item_Fat_Content1</pre>	0.6206	0.2201	2.82	0.0048	**

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 8.96 on 7238 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.736, Adjusted R-squared: 0.736 F-statistic: 4.04e+03 on 5 and 7238 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: Reduced to 5 variables
- The outliers were removed using only the Rstudent criteria.
- Adjusted R square: 73.6 % (increased from the previous model).
- Based on p-values of the individual variables, all of them are significant at 5% level.

8. MLR Model - Using Either R student OR DFFITS (mdl6 in code)

```
Call:
lm(formula = Transfmd_IO_Sales ~ sart(Item_MRP) + Field_FactorGrocery.Store +
   Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 + Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 +
   Item_Fat_Content, data = train_out_rm3)
Residuals:
   Min
            10 Median
-21.175 -6.067 -0.109
                         6.246 20.382
Coefficients:
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                              14.3945
                                          0.5344 26.93
                                                           <2e-16 ***
                               3.7654
                                          0.0373 100.83
sart(Item_MRP)
                                                           <2e-16 ***
                                          0.4280 -94.65
Field_FactorGrocery.Store
                             -40.5118
                                                           <2e-16 ***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type1 -12.3041
                                          0.3471 -35.45
                                                           <2e-16 ***
Field_FactorSupermarket.Type2 -16.2375
                                                 -35.42
                                                           <2e-16 ***
                                          0.4585
Item Fat Content1
                               0.6686
                                          0.2140
                                                  3.12
                                                          0.0018 **
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 8.58 on 7035 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.748.
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.748
```

F-statistic: 4.18e+03 on 5 and 7035 DF, p-value: <2e-16

- Predictor variables used: Reduced to 5 variables
- The outliers were removed from the dataset based on either the Rstudent criteria or DFFITS criteria.
- Adjusted R square: 74.8 % (highest adj-R square compared to all the models).
- Based on p-values of the individual variables, all of regressors are significant at 5% level.

Selecting Final Model

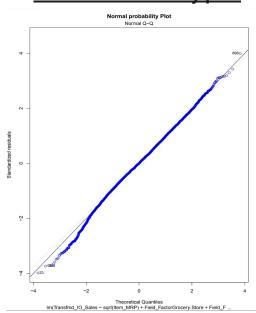
- We tried different approaches to enhance the adj-R square of the model like removing second round of outliers and then re-running the model but the adj-R square was not increasing significantly.
- Based on the adj-R square values, we chose our final model as Model 8 (Using Either R student OR DFFITS (mdl6 in code)) which has the highest adj- R2 value as 74.8% compared to the other models.

VIF (Variance Inflation Factor)

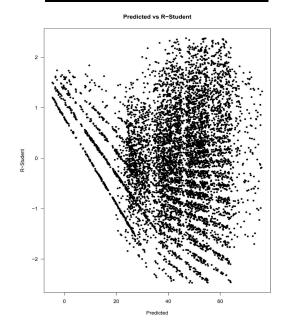
- The model also showed the all the Variance coeff < 5 ==> there is low variance(VIF)
- Conclusion: There is no problem and variance inflation factor is under control for the normal fit

Residual Analysis

Normal Probability plot

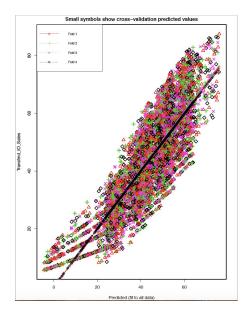


Residual Vs. Predicted Plot



Normal Probability plot showed that the data is almost linear. We can also conclude from the residual vs. predicted plot that the data has nearly constant variance.

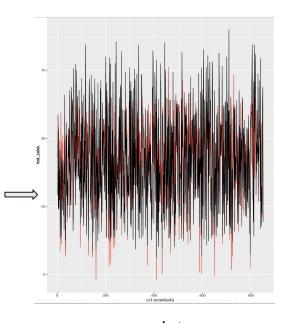
Cross Validation of Final Model



4 fold cross-validation

4 fold cross-validation showing that all 4 folds have almost similar predictions with constant variance.

On comparing the sales prediction with actual sales of test data, there seems to be a sood overlap. This should be a good model to propose.



ggplot: Actual and Predicted sales comparison

Metrics for Model Evaluation

Metrics	Test Data	Train Data
Multiple R-Square	66%	74.8%
Root Mean Square Error(RMSE)	10.4	8.58
Mean Absolute error(MAE)	8.18	7

The corresponding metric values of train and test data are close enough.

CONCLUSION

Final Model:

Transformed Item Outlet Sales = 14.3945 + 3.7654*Square root of Item MRP - 40.5118*Grocery Store - 12.3041*Supermarket Type1 - 16.2375*Supermarket Type2 + 0.6686*Item Fat Content

The final model is the best working model because:

- Only 5 regressors were sufficient to predict the item outlet sales, these regressors were MRP, type of outlet: grocery, supermarket 1 & supermarket 2 and item fat content
- It has all significant regressors at 5% level
- It has the highest adj-R2 of 74.8%
- It has the lowest RMSE = 8.58
- When this model was validated with test data it gave the RMSE of 10.4 which was close enough with the training model

Mank you!

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