#### PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) Problem: Develop a lightweight, real-time Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) system that allows users to upload multiple unrelated multi-page PDF documents and extract relevant highly information based on a query.

## **APPROACH**

## 1. Introduction

- Project Overview: This application is a PDF-based chatbot powered by the Mistral-7B-Instruct model, designed to allow users to ask questions about the contents of uploaded PDF files.
- **Technologies Used**: Streamlit, LangChain, HuggingFace, FAISS, LlamaCpp, PyPDF2, Tesseract OCR, pdf2image.

## 2. WORKING:

- **PDF Upload**: The user can upload multiple PDF files using the Streamlit file uploader in the sidebar.
- PDF Text Extraction:
  - If the uploaded file is a PDF, the text is extracted using OCR (pytesseract) and PDF-to-image conversion (pdf2image).
  - The extracted text is processed and cleaned up (e.g., removing line breaks).
- **Text Chunking**: The extracted text is split into smaller chunks using RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter to optimize it for embedding and querying.
- **Embedding**: The chunks of text are then converted into vector embeddings using the HuggingFace embeddings model (sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2).
- Vector Store: The embeddings are stored in a FAISS index, enabling efficient similarity searches.
- Conversational Chain: The ConversationalRetrievalChain from LangChain is created using the FAISS vector store and the LlamaCpp-based language model (mistral-7b-instruct-v0.1.Q4\_K\_M.gguf).
- **Chat Interface**: The user can ask questions through the chatbot interface, and responses are generated by querying the vector store.

## 4. Key Components

- Session State:
  - history: Keeps track of the conversation history.
  - o generated: Stores the chatbot's responses.
  - o past: Stores user inputs.
- Text Extraction (extract\_text\_from\_pdf):
  - Converts PDF pages into images and extracts text from those images using OCR
- Chat Functionality:
  - o conversation\_chat: Handles user input and generates responses using the LangChain ConversationalRetrievalChain.
- Display Chat History: Displays past user inputs and generated responses in a chat-like interface.

## 5. Flow of Execution

- Uploading Files: The user uploads one or more PDF files.
- **Text Extraction**: Text is extracted from the PDFs using OCR.
- **Text Processing**: The extracted text is split into chunks for efficient processing and vectorization.
- **Embedding**: The text chunks are converted into vector embeddings using HuggingFace's pre-trained model (sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2)
- **Creating Conversational Chain**: The embeddings are stored in a FAISS vector store, and a ConversationalRetrievalChain is set up using the LlamaCpp language model.
- **User Interaction**: The user interacts with the chatbot by asking questions, and the chatbot retrieves relevant information from the vector store to provide responses.

### **6.INPUT:**

#### **STRUCTURED:-**

 TEXTUAL DATA: Data consists of story books,text books,normal pdf which contains text.

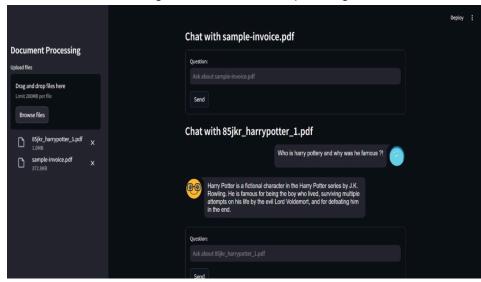
#### **UNSTRUCTURED DATA:-**

- INVOICES DATA: Data consists of textual data + tabular data.
- EMAIL DATA: As we didn't find any input version for email data, we took pdf version of it.

## 7.OUTPUT:

# **Structured data:**

• Textual data: time taking 1 min 20 seconds uploading time



## **UNSTRUCTRED DATA:**

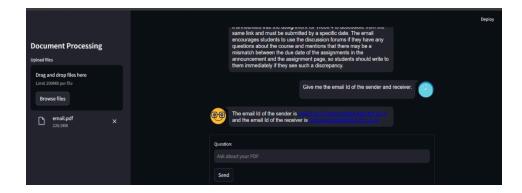
• INVOICE:



EMAIL DATA:



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## 8. Features

- Multi-file Upload: Supports uploading multiple PDF files at once.
- **Real-time Chat**: Provides a real-time chat interface where users can ask questions about the uploaded PDFs.
- **Customizable Model**: The language model and embeddings used in the conversational chain can be customized.

# 9. Future Improvements

- **Support for Other File Types**: Extend support for other file types like Word documents, text files, etc.
- Advanced Querying: Implement more sophisticated querying options, such as filtering responses based on specific sections of the document.
- Model Tuning: Allow for fine-tuning the language model for more domain-specific tasks.