

Dynamic Benchmark Network Generator - Overlapping Version

Description

This software package includes code to generate sequences of dynamic graphs with embedded communities. The graphs are undirected and unweighted, and the ground truth communities can be either overlapping or non-overlapping.

This software is largely based on binary network generation tools written by Andrea Lancichinetti and Santo Fortunato. We are very grateful to those authors for making the original tools available:

<http://sites.google.com/site/santofortunato/inthepress2>

Although this version of the package is not actively supported, additional details may be obtained by contacting derek.greene@ucd.ie

If you find this tool useful, please consider citing the paper:

- D.Greene, D.Doyle, and P.Cunningham, "Tracking the evolution of communities in dynamic social networks," in Proc. International Conference on Advances in Social Networks Analysis and Mining (ASONAM'10), 2010. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[Supplementary material\]](#)

Parameters

Each of the generators has a number of core parameters controlling the network. These are the ones you will need:

```
-seed      [random number generator seed]
-N         [number of nodes]
-s         [number of time steps to generate]
-k         [average degree]
-maxk      [maximum degree]
-muw       [mixing parameter - controls the overlap between communities]
-minc      [minimum for the community sizes]
-maxc      [maximum for the community sizes]
```

This version of the generator also supports the generation of overlapping communities (i.e. nodes can belong to more than one ground truth community):

```
-on      [number of overlapping nodes]
-om      [number of memberships of the overlapping nodes]
```

In addition each generator produces dynamic graphs containing specific types of community evolution events, and has one or more custom parameters relevant to each event type:

bench_switch: flips memberships between communities at each step

```
-p      [probability of a node switching community membership between time steps]
```

bench_birthdeath: permanently adds/removes communities at each step

```
-birth   [number of community birth events per time step]
-death   [number of community death events per time step]
```

***bench_expand**: expands/contracts communities at each step

```
-expand  [number of expansion events per time step]
-contract [number of contraction events per time step]
-r       [rate of expansion/contraction]
```

***bench_hide**: temporarily hides a community for a single step

```
-hide    [fraction of communities to hide per time step]
```

***bench_mergesplit**: merges/splits communities at each step

```
-merge    [number of merge events per time step]
-split    [number of split events per time step]
```

Example Usage

To generate 5 time steps of 250 nodes with ~20 communities, a low level of inter-community connectivity, overlapping communities (100 nodes belong to 2 communities), and 10% membership switching at each step:

```
./bench_overlap_switch -s 5 -N 250 -k 10 -maxk 20 -muw 0.2 -p 0.1 -on 100 -om 2
```

The *.edges files give the edge lists for the graphs at each step, and the *.comm files given the correct ground-truth communities corresponding to those graphs.