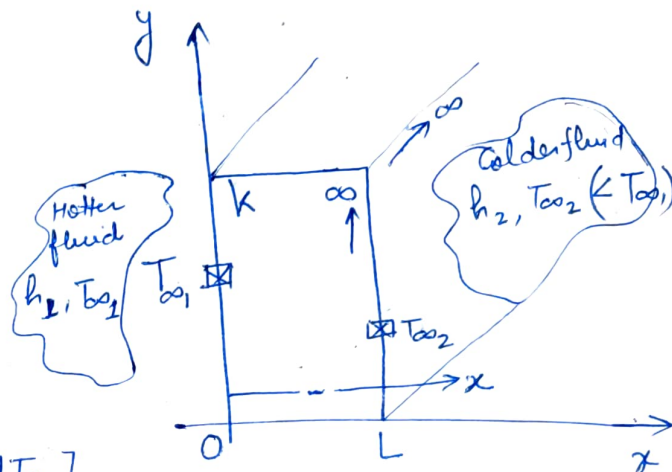


Ques 2: - Steady 1-D heat conduction in an isotropic slab of const thermal conductivity without heat generation subjected to convection of BC's.

Governing equation:

$$\frac{d^2 T}{dx^2} = 0 \quad \text{--- (I)}$$

$$T(x) = Cx + D \quad \text{--- (II)}$$



BC's: 1

① $x=0$

$$h_1(T_{\infty_1} - T_{x=0}) = -kA \left[\frac{dT_x}{dx} \right]_{x=0}$$

$$h_1(T_{\infty_1} - (Cx + D))_{x=0} = -kC$$

$$h_1(T_{\infty_1} - D) = -kC$$

$$kC - h_1 D = -h_1 T_{\infty_1} \quad \text{--- (III)}$$

BC's: 2

② $x=L$

$$-kA \left(\frac{dT_x}{dx} \right)_{x=L} = h_2 A (T_x - T_{\infty_2})_{x=L}$$

$$-kC = h_2 (Cx + D - T_{\infty_2})_{x=L}$$

$$-kC = h_2 CL + h_2 D - h_2 T_{\infty_2}$$

$$C(k + h_2 L) + h_2 D = h_2 T_{\infty_2} \quad \text{--- (IV)}$$

by equation (III) & (IV)

$$kC - h_1 D = -h_1 T_{\infty_1} \quad \times h_2$$

$$(k + h_2 L)C + h_2 D = h_2 T_{\infty_2} \quad \times h_1$$

$$kh_2 C - h_1 h_2 D = -h_1 h_2 T_{\infty_1}$$

$$(k + h_2 L)h_1 C + h_1 h_2 D = h_1 h_2 T_{\infty_2}$$

$$C(h_1 k + h_1 h_2 L + k h_2) = h_1 h_2 (T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1})$$

$$C = \frac{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)} ; D = T_{\infty 1} + \frac{k}{h_1} \times \frac{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)}$$

Put C & D in eqⁿ (1)

$$T_x = \frac{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)} x + T_{\infty 1} + \frac{k}{h_1} \frac{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)}$$

$$\frac{T_x - T_{\infty 1}}{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}} = \frac{\left(x + \frac{k}{h_1}\right)}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)} \quad (V)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{T_x - T_{\infty 1}}{T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1}} = \frac{x}{L}}$$

which is case with phase change
H.T. like boiling or condensation
it follows surface resistance offered
heat resistance to zero.

even mathematically eqⁿ (V) reduced to the
solution with Dirichlet BC. This shows to validate the
results.

$$Q = -kA \left(\frac{dT_x}{dx}\right)$$

$$\text{we know } \left(\frac{dT_x}{dx} = C\right)$$

$$Q = -kAC \frac{(T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1})}{\left(\frac{k}{h_1} + \frac{k}{h_2} + L\right)} = \frac{-(T_{\infty 2} - T_{\infty 1})}{\left(\frac{1}{h_1 A} + \frac{1}{h_2 A} + \frac{L}{kA}\right)}$$

$$\boxed{Q = \frac{T_{\infty 1} - T_{\infty 2}}{L/kA}}$$

Therocol & foam is a very good
example of insulator in H.T. precision.
⇒ Cold storage plant.
⇒ Metallurgy laboratory.