Schemes/Programmes Details of DAHD

The Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying (DAHD) oversees nine major schemes focused on enhancing the livestock sector's productivity, health, and economic growth in India. These schemes include:

The nine schemes are:

- 1. Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM)
- 2. National Livestock Mission (NLM)
- 3. Livestock Health and Disease Control Scheme (LH&DC)
- 4. National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD)
- 5. National Animal Disease Control Programme (NADCP)
- 6. Dairy Processing & Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)
- 7. Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF)
- 8. Support to Dairy Cooperatives and Farmers Producer Organisations
- 9. Livestock Census and Integrated Sample Survey

The detailed description of each scheme/programme is as follows:

1. Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM)

Objective: Development and conservation of indigenous bovine breeds to enhance milk production and productivity.

Implementation: Initiated in December 2014 and continued under Rashtriya Pashudhan Vikas Yojna (2021-2026).

Key Features:

- Enhancing bovine productivity using high genetic merit bulls.
- Expansion of Artificial Insemination (AI) services.
- Scientific conservation of indigenous cattle and buffalo breeds.
- Support for bull production, strengthening semen stations, and promoting IVF technology.
- Establishment of breed multiplication farms and extension of AI networks.

2. National Livestock Mission (NLM)

Objective: Enhance productivity and profitability of the livestock sector with a focus on entrepreneurship, breed improvement, and feed development.

Implementation: Central Sector Scheme under the Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying.

Duration: Ongoing with periodic revisions.

Key Features:

- Entrepreneurship development in poultry, sheep, goat, and piggery.
- Breed improvement infrastructure and strengthening fodder seed chain.
- Sub-Missions on Breed Development, Feed and Fodder Development, and Extension and Innovation.

3. Livestock Health and Disease Control Scheme (LH&DC)

Objective: Improve animal health through prophylactic vaccination, capacity building, disease surveillance, and veterinary infrastructure strengthening.

Funding Pattern:

- 100% central assistance for Critical Animal Disease Control Programme (CADCP) and non-recurring components of ESVHD.
- 60:40 between Central and State for other components and ASCAD, 90:10 for hilly and NE States, and 100% for UTs for certain activities.

Key Objectives:

- Eradication of Peste des Petits Ruminants (PPR) by 2030.
- Control of Classical Swine Fever (CSF) through comprehensive vaccination.
- Mobile Veterinary Units (MVUs) providing veterinary services at farmers' doorsteps.

4. National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD)

Objective: Enhance milk production quality and organized procurement in the dairy sector. **Implementation:** Central Sector Scheme by the Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying. **Duration:** 5-year period from 2021-22 to 2025-26.

Key Components:

- Creation and strengthening of infrastructure for quality milk testing and primary chilling facilities.
- Modernization and expansion of dairy processing plants.
- Capacity building and training programs for cooperative members and dairy farmers.

5. National Animal Disease Control Programme (NADCP)

Objective: Control and eradicate Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) and Brucellosis by 2025 and 2030, respectively.

Duration: Five years (2019-20 to 2023-24).

Total Outlay: ₹13,343 crore.

Key Activities:

- Mass vaccination against FMD and Brucellosis.
- Deworming prior to vaccination.
- Establishment of temporary quarantine/checkposts and cold storage facilities.

6. Dairy Processing & Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)

Objective: Enhance dairy processing and infrastructure capabilities.

Goals: Increase milk processing capacity, ensure quality and safety, and support rural livelihoods.

Key Features:

- Modernization of dairy processing facilities.
- Development of chilling infrastructure with Bulk Milk Coolers (BMCs) and milk collection centers.
- Production of high-value dairy products and efficient packaging solutions.
- Training programs for dairy farmers and processors.

7. Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund (AHIDF)

Objective: Enhance infrastructure for rearing, breeding, and managing livestock. **Goals:** Improve productivity, ensure animal health, and support rural economies.

Key Features:

- Establishment of modern farms, stables, shelters, and breeding centers.
- Veterinary hospitals, clinics, mobile units, and disease surveillance programs.
- Training and capacity building programs for farmers.

Goals:

- Improve productivity
- Ensure animal health
- Support rural economies

8. Support to Dairy Cooperatives and Farmers Producer Organisation

Objective: Strengthen dairy cooperatives and farmer producer organizations involved in dairy activities.

Key Features:

- Financial and technical support to enhance dairy operations.
- Capacity building and training programs for cooperative members.
- Establishment and modernization of dairy infrastructure and processing facilities.

9. Livestock Census and Integrated Sample Survey

Objective: Comprehensive data collection on livestock population and productivity. **Implementation:** Conducted periodically to assess the livestock sector and plan policy interventions.

Key Features:

- Detailed enumeration of various livestock species.
- Assessment of milk, meat, and egg production.
- Data on livestock management practices and infrastructure availability.

These schemes collectively aim to improve the productivity, health, and economic well-being of the livestock sector in India through targeted interventions, capacity building, and infrastructure development.