

## Terraform-Akash

### Create-before-destroy lifecycle

#### step1

Create a main.tf file

```
resource "aws_instance" "webserver" {  
  
  ami = "ami-0c02fb55956c7d316"  
  
  instance_type = "t2.medium"  
  
  tags = {  
  
    Name = "lifecycle-update"  
  
  }  
  
  lifecycle {  
  
    create_before_destroy = true  
  
  }  
}
```

Run terraform apply

#### step2

Now lets made some update in this code so we can understand lifecycle

Because create\_before\_destroy will create a new instance before destroy older one

```
resource "aws_instance" "webserver" {  
  
  ami = "ami-0c02fb55956c7d316"  
  
  instance_type = "t2.medium"  
  
  key_name = "23MarchAfternoon"  
  
  tags = {  
  
    Name = "lifecycle-update"  
  
  }  
  
  lifecycle {  
  
    create_before_destroy = true  
  
  }  
}
```

```
}
```

Again run terraform apply

It will create new instance and then destroy older one

Output for create-before-destroy

```
Enter a value: yes
aws_instance.webserver: Creating...
aws_instance.webserver: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
aws_instance.webserver: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
aws_instance.webserver: Creation complete after 23s [id=i-0a44e1d98852e101d]
aws_instance.webserver: Destroying... [id=i-0a5d0b99d9224c27f]
aws_instance.webserver: Still destroying... [id=i-0a5d0b99d9224c27f, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.webserver: Still destroying... [id=i-0a5d0b99d9224c27f, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.webserver: Still destroying... [id=i-0a5d0b99d9224c27f, 30s elapsed]
aws_instance.webserver: Destruction complete after 30s

Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 1 destroyed.
root@ip-172-31-20-32: /home/ubuntu/lab4# vim main.tf
```

## 2 ignore\_changes-

Create a another folder and in this create a main.tf

### Step 1

Add in main.tf

```
resource "aws_instance" "webserver" {
    ami      = "ami-0c02fb55956c7d316"
    instance_type = "t2.micro"
    tags = {
        Name = "webA"
    }
    lifecycle {
        ignore_changes = [
            tags,
        ]
    }
}
```

Run terraform apply

## Step 2

Change the tag name from webA to webB and run terraform apply cmd

It will not change anything

```
root@ip-172-31-20-32:/home/ubuntu/lab5# terraform apply
aws_instance.webserver: Refreshing state... [id=i-03602f7d519aca176]

Apply complete! Resources: 0 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

Then remove lifecycle policy

And run terraform apply

```
Enter a value: yes
aws_instance.webserver: Modifying... [id=i-03602f7d519aca176]
aws_instance.webserver: Modifications complete after 1s [id=i-03602f7d519aca176]

Apply complete! Resources: 0 added, 1 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

3.

## Prevent-destroy-

### Step 1.

As name suggests, it prevent destroy of instances

Create a main.tf and run apply

```
resource "aws_instance" "webserver" {
  ami           = "ami-0c02fb55956c7d316"
  instance_type = "t2.micro"
  tags = {
    Name = "webserverB"
  }
  lifecycle {
    prevent_destroy=true
  }
}
```

### Step 2

Try to run

Terraform destroy

It will throw a error msg

```
root@ip-172-31-20-32:/home/ubuntu/lab5# terraform destroy
aws_instance.websERVER: Refreshing state... [id=i-03602f7d519aca176]

Error: Instance cannot be destroyed

   on main.tf line 1:
    1: resource "aws_instance" "websERVER" {

Resource aws_instance.websERVER has lifecycle.prevent_destroy set, but the
plan calls for this resource to be destroyed. To avoid this error and continue
with the plan, either disable lifecycle.prevent_destroy or reduce the scope of
the plan using the -target flag.
```