```
[H] Point out the errors, if any, in the following programs:
(a)
     main()
         int tag = 0, code = 1;
         if (tag == 0)
              ( code > 1 ? printf ( "\nHello" ) ? printf ( "\nHi" ) ) ;
         else
              printf ( "\nHello Hi !!" ) ;
(b)
     main()
         int ji = 65;
         printf ( "\nji >= 65 ? %d : %c", ji ) ;
(C)
     main()
         int i = 10, j;
         i \ge 5? (j = 10) : (j = 15);
         printf ( "\n%d %d", i, j );
```

```
[H] Point out the errors, if any, in the following programs:
(a)
     main()
         int tag = 0, code = 1;
         if (tag == 0)
             ( code > 1 ? printf ( "\nHello" (?) printf ( "\nHi" ) );
         else
             printf ( "\nHello Hi !!" );
(b)
     main()
         int ji = 65 ;
                                               ji >= 65 ? 65 : á
    x <printf ( "\nji >= 65 ? %d : %c", ji ) ;
     main()
(C)
         int i = 10, j;
                                                       No Error
         i \ge 5? (j = 10) : (j = 15);
                                                 O/p would be 10, 10
         printf ( "\n%d %d", i, j );
```

```
(d)
       main()
           int a = 5, b = 6;
           (a == b ? printf("%d",a));
 (e)
       main()
           int n = 9;
           ( n == 9 ? printf( "You are correct" ) ; : printf( "You are wrong" ) ;) ;
(f)
     main()
         int kk = 65 \, \text{J}
         II = (kk == 65 : printf ("\n kk is equal to 65") : printf ("\n kk is not
     equal to 65"));
         printf( "%d", II ) ;
     main()
(g)
         int x = 10, y = 20;
         x == 20 && y != 10 ? printf( "True" ) : printf( "False" ) ;
```

```
(d)
      main()
          int a = 5, b = 6
           (a == b ? printf( "%d",a) ) ;
(e)
      main()
          int n = 9;
          ( n == 9 ? printf( "You are correct" (; : printf( "You are wrong" ) ;) ;
(f)
     main()
         int kk = 65, II;
         II = (kk == 65) printf ("\n kk is equal to 65"): printf <math>("\n kk is not)
     equal to 65"));
         printf( "%d", II );
(g)
     main()
         int x = 10, y = 20;
         x == 20 && y != 10 ? printf( "True" ) : printf( "False" ) ;
```

No error
O/p would be False

[I] Rewrite the following programs using conditional operators.

```
(a) main()
{
    int x, min, max;
    scanf ( "\n%d %d", &max, &x );
    if ( x > max )
        max = x;
    else
        min = x;
}
```

[I] Rewrite the following programs using conditional operators.

```
(a)
    main()
       int x, min, max;
       scanf ( "\n%d %d", &max, &x );
       if (x > max)
           max = x;
       else
           min = x;
                              main()
                              int x, min, max;
                              scanf("%d %d", &max, &x);
                              x>max? (max=x): (min =x);
```

```
(b)
     main()
         int code;
         scanf ( "%d", &code );
         if (code > 1)
             printf ( "\nJerusalem" );
         else
             if (code < 1)
                  printf ( "\nEddie" );
             else
                  printf ( "\nC Brain" );
```

```
(b)
      main()
         int code;
         scanf ( "%d", &code );
         if (code > 1)
              printf ( "\nJerusalem" );
         else
              if (code < 1)
                  printf ( "\nEddie" );
              else
                  printf ( "\nC Brain" );
    main()
    int code;
    scanf("%d",&code);
    code>1? printf("\nJerusalem"): code<1? printf("\nEddie"):printf("Brain");
```

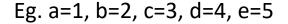
# Associativity of Conditional Operator

t= a? b: c? d: e;

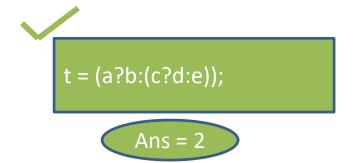
t = (a?b:(c?d:e));

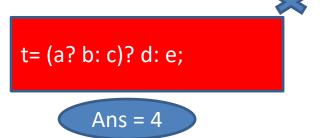
t= (a? b: c)? d: e;

# Associativity of Conditional Operator



t= a? b: c? d: e;





Associativity of Conditional Operator is Right to Left

# Program # 1

- Using Conditional operators determine:
- a) Whether the character entered through the keyboard is a Upper case alphabet or not
- b) Whether the character entered through the keyboard is a special symbol or not

### **ASCII CHART**

Value	Char	Value	Char	Value	Char	Value	Char	Value	Char	Value	Char
0		22	_	44	,	66	В	88	X	110	n
1	☺	23	1	45	-	67	C	89	Y	111	0
2	•	24	1	46		68	D	90	Z	112	p
3	<b>Y</b>	25	$\downarrow$	47	/	69	E	91	[	113	q
4	<b>*</b>	26	$\rightarrow$	48	0	70	F	92	\	114	r
5	*	27	$\leftarrow$	49	1	71	G	93	]	115	S
6	٠	28	_	50	2	72	H	94	^	116	t
7	•	29	$\leftrightarrow$	51	3	73	I	95	_	117	u
8		30	<b>A</b>	52	4	74	J	96	*	118	$\mathbf{v}$
9	0	31	lacktriangle	53	5	75	K	97	a	119	W
10	0	32		54	6	76	L	98	ь	120	X
11	3	33	!	55	7	77	$\mathbf{M}$	99	С	121	У
12	2	34	"	56	8	78	N	100	d	122	7.
13	Ĵ	35	#	57	9	79	О	101	е	123	{
14	J	36	\$	58	:	80	P	102	f	124	Ì
15	₩	37	%	59	;	81	Q	103	g	125	}
16	<b>&gt;</b>	38	&	60	<	82	R	104	h	126	~
17	◀	39	,	61	=	83	S	105	i	127	$^{\mathrm{M}}\mathrm{H}$
18	1	40	(	62	>	84	T	106	j	128	Ç
19	!!	41	)	63	?	85	U	107	k	129	ű
20	¶	42	*	64	<u>@</u>	86	V	108	1	130	é
21	§	43	+	65	A	87	W	109	m	131	â

# Whether the character entered through the keyboard is a lower case alphabet or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()

char c;
 printf("Enter the character");
 scanf("%c",&c);
 (c>=65 && c<=90)? printf("Upper case Alphabet"): printf(
    return 0;

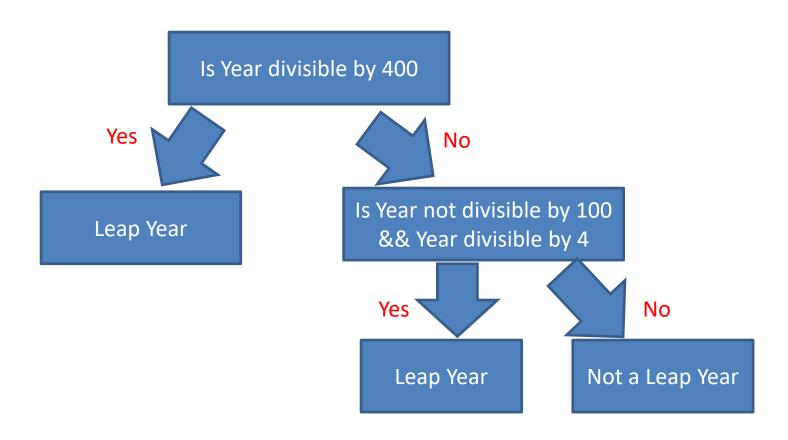
"Not an upper case alphabet");</pre>
```

Whether the character entered through the keyboard is a special symbol or not

# Program #2

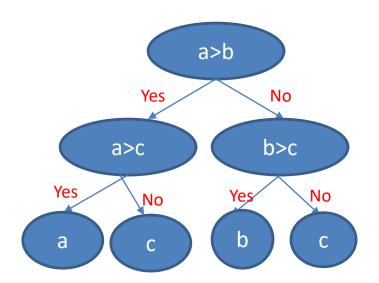
 Write a program using conditional operators to determine whether a year entered through keyboard is a leap year or not

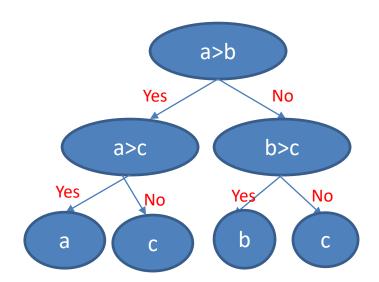
# Leap Year or Not a Leap Year



# Program # 3

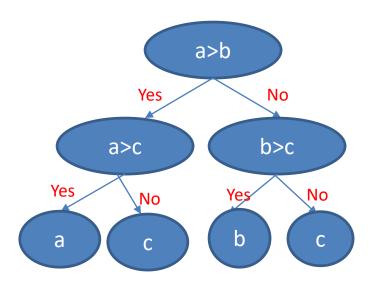
 Write a program to find the greatest of the three numbers entered through the keyboard.
 Use conditional Operators





### Method A

```
t= a>b? (a>c?a:c):(b>c? b:c);
printf("%d",t);
```



### Method A

```
t= a>b? (a>c?a:c):(b>c? b:c);
printf("%d",t);
```

### Method B

```
a>b? (a>c?printf("largest number is %d",a):printf("largest number is %d",c)):
    (b>c? printf("largest number is %d",b):printf("largest number is %d",c));
```

```
main()
   float sal;
   printf ("Enter the salary");
   scanf ( "%f", &sal );
   if (sal < 40000 && sal > 25000)
        printf ( "Manager" );
   else
        if (sal < 25000 && sal > 15000)
             printf ( "Accountant" );
        else
             printf ( "Clerk" );
```

# 1) Choose a C Conditional Operator from the list. A)?: B):? C):< D) <:</pre>

### ) Choose a syntax for C Ternary Operator from the list.

- A) condition ? expression1 : expression2
- B) condition: expression1? expression2
- C) condition ? expression1 < expression2
- D) condition < expression1 ? expression2

```
) What is the output of the C statement.?

int main()
{
   int a=0;
   a = 5<2 ? 4 : 3;
   printf("%d",a);

   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
) What is the output of C Program.?
int main()
{
   int a=0;
   a = printf("4");
   printf("%d",a);
   return 0;
}
```

```
) What is the output of the C statement.?

int main()
{
   int a=0;
   a = 5<2 ? 4 : 3;
   printf("%d",a);

   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
) What is the output of C Program.?
int main()
{
   int a=0;
   a = printf("4");
   printf("%d",a);
   return 0;
}
41
```

```
int main()
{
   int a=0;
   a = 5>2 ? printf("4"): 3;
   printf("%d",a);
   return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
{
   if( 4 > 5 )
      printf("Hurray..\n");
   printf("Yes");

return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
{
  int a=0;
  a = 5>2 ? printf("4"): 3;
  printf("%d",a);
  return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
{
   if( 4 > 5 )
       printf("Hurray..\n");
      printf("Yes");
   return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
{
   if( 10 < 9 )
       printf("Hurray..\n");
   else if(4 > 2)
       printf("England");
   return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   if( 10 > 9 )
        printf("Hurray..\n");
   else if(4 > 2)
        printf("England");
   return 0;
}
```

```
int main()
{
   if( 10 < 9 )
       printf("Hurray..\n");
   else if(4 > 2)
       printf("England");
   return 0;
}
England
```

### Which of the below given expressions is equivalent to the expression given in blue tile

a?b:c?d:e?f:g

(a?b:c)?d:(e?f:g)

a?(b:c?d:e?f):g

a?b:(c?d:(e?f:g));

### **PROGRAM 6**

An Insurance company follows following rules to calculate premium.

- (1) If a person's health is excellent and the person is between 25 and 35 years of age and lives in a city and is a male then the premium is Rs. 4 per thousand and his policy amount cannot exceed Rs. 2 lakhs.
- (2) If a person satisfies all the above conditions except that the sex is female then the premium is Rs. 3 per thousand and her policy amount cannot exceed Rs. 1 lakh.
- (3) If a person's health is poor and the person is between 25 and 35 years of age and lives in a village and is a male then the premium is Rs. 6 per thousand and his policy cannot exceed Rs. 10,000.
- (4) In all other cases the person is not insured.

Write a program to output whether the person should be insured or not, his/her premium rate and maximum amount for which he/she can be insured.

If a person's health is <u>excellent</u> and the person is between 25 and 35 years of <u>age</u> and <u>lives</u> in a city and is a <u>male</u> then the premium is Rs. 4 per thousand and his policy amount cannot exceed Rs. 2 lakhs.

### Input variables:

- Health
- Age
- Place
- Gender

If a person's health is excellent and the person is between 25 and 35 years of age and lives in a city and is a male then the premium is Rs. 4 per thousand and his policy amount cannot exceed Rs. 2 lakhs.

- Input variables:
  - Health (Character variable)
  - Age (integer)
  - Place (character)
  - Gender (character)