## DESIGN PRESENTATION

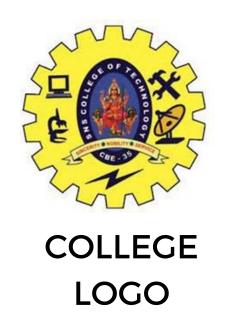


TEAM NAME : SYGNITORS

TEAM VIN NO : 2427

COLLEGE NAME : SNS COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

KARTCATEGORY: 150 cc





KART 3D MODEL



TEAM LOGO



## TEAM STRUCTURE



Faculty Advisor : Mr. Anand M

Captain: Sabarishwar S Vice-Captain: Muthukumaran M

Pilot : Dawn Hiruthayasawmy S Co-Pilot : Guru Prasath S R

Design Head: Akash K

**Aesthetic Head :** Ronald Colman M

**Innovation Head**: Sharma E

**Steering Head**: Muthukumaran M

**Braking Head**: Dawn Hiruthayasawmy S

Engine & Transmission Head: Rithikmass D

Fabrication Head: Sudharsan S



## VEHICLE SPECIFICATION



### **VEHICLE DIMENSIONS**

OVERALL LENGTH: 73 inch (1850 mm)

WHEEL BASE : 37 inch (920 mm)

FRONT WHEEL TRACK : 42 inch (1080 mm)

REAR WHEEL TRACK : 43 inch (1120 mm)

GROUND CLEARANCE : 1.5 inch (38 mm)

OVERALL HEIGHT : 37 inch (950 mm)

KERB WEIGHT : 110 Kg

### TYRE SIZE

FRONT TYRE : 10x4.5-5

REAR TYRE : 11x7.10-5

## **BRAKE**

DISC THICKNESS : 13 mm

TYPE OF BRAKE SYSTEM : Hydraulic

DISC DIAMETER : 210 mm

BRAKE FLUID : DOT 3

## **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS**

TYPE OF ENGINE : IC

DISPLACEMENT : 149 cc

MAXIMUM POWER : 17 HP (8500 rpm)

MAXIMUM TORQUE : 15 Nm (7500 rpm)

STARTER TYPE : Electric







## **MATERIAL**

MATERIAL : ASTM A106 Grade B

LENGTH OF MATERIAL USED : 19.01 meters

OUTER DIAMETER : 2.54 cm (1 inch)

THICKNESS : 0.3 cm (3 mm)

CARBON % : 0.3 %



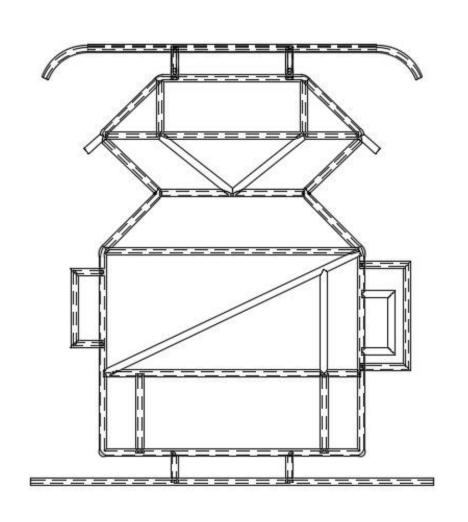
## MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Value
Tensile Strength (Ultimate Strength)	415 MPa (60,000 psi) minimum
Yield Strength	240 MPa (35,000 psi) minimum
Elongation (%)	22% minimum
Hardness (Brinell)	130–179 HB

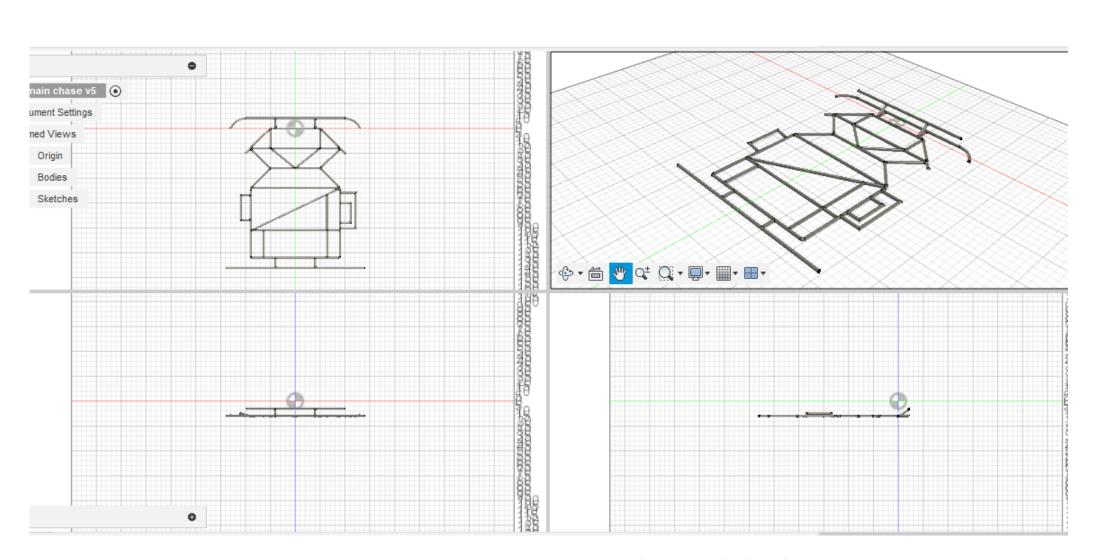


## CHASSIS DESIGN AND ANALYSIS





**2D DRAWING** 

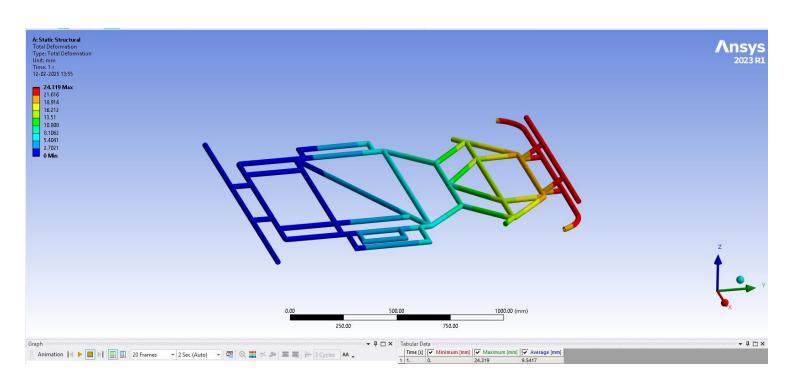


**3D MODEL OF CHASSIS** 









## FRONT IMPACT TEST

Load Applied: 8000 N

Maximum Stress: 232.9 MPa

Induced

Total Deformation: 24.31 mm

Factor of Safety (FOS): 2.03

### **REAR IMPACT TEST**

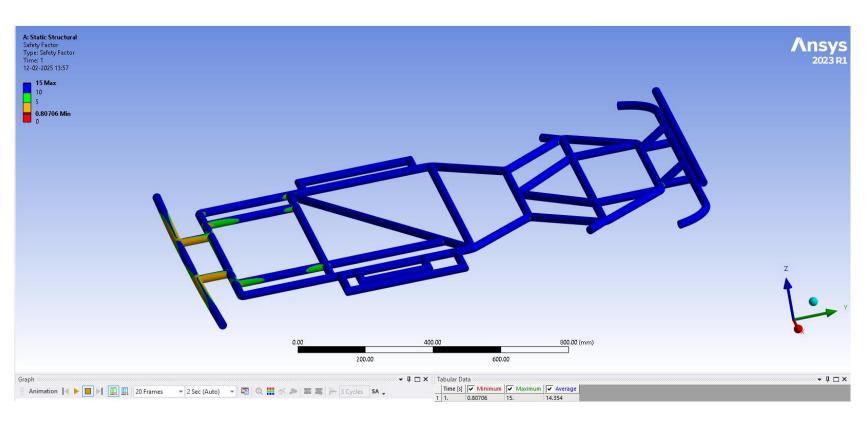
Load Applied: 8000 N

Maximum Stress: 340.74 MPa

Induced

Total Deformation: 7.912 mm

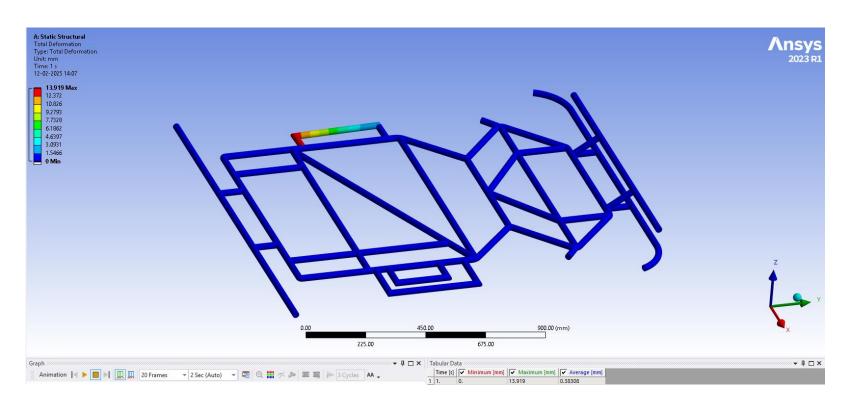
Factor of Safety (FOS): 1.85





## CHASSIS DESIGN AND ANALYSIS





### LEFT SIDE IMPACT TEST

Load Applied: 8000 N

Maximum Stress: 818.06 MPa

Induced

Total Deformation: 13.19 mm

Factor of Safety (FOS): 2.01

### RIGHT SIDE IMPACT TEST

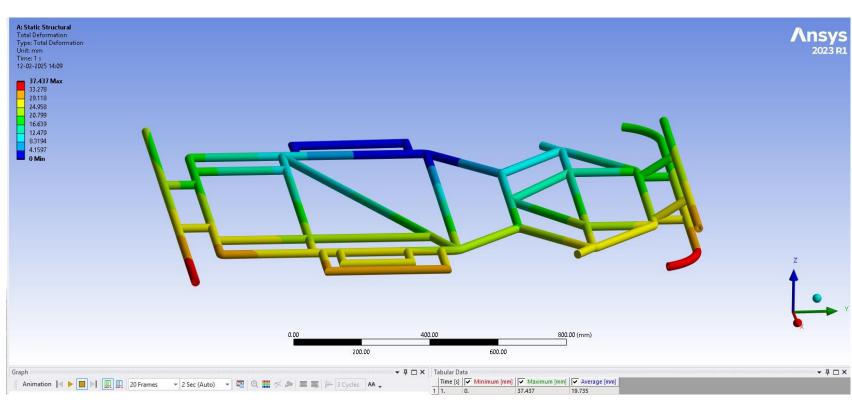
Load Applied: 8000 N

Maximum Stress: 787.81 MPa

Induced

Total Deformation: 37.43 mm

Factor of Safety (FOS): 1.9







## VALIDATION OF CHASSIS

## LIMITATIONS ON RULEBOOKS

length : 80 inch

width : 60 inch

frame material shape : Tubular frame

material type : seamless

minimum material OD : 1 inch

minimum wall thickness : 1.5 mm

minimum carbon % : 0.18%

### PARAMETERS ON KART

length : 73 inch

width : 52 inch

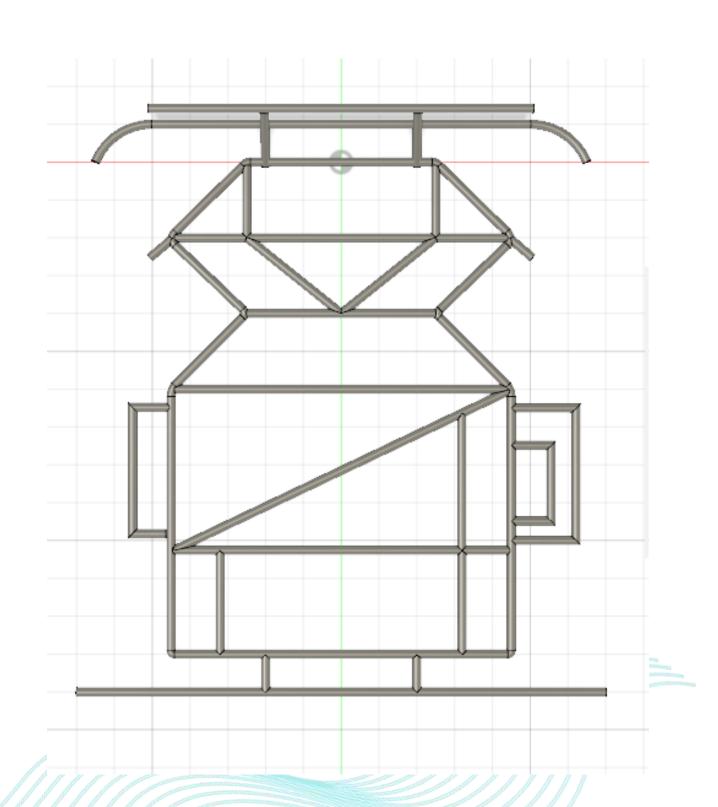
frame material shape : Tubular frame

material type : seamless

material OD : 1 inch

wall thickness : 2 mm

carbon % : 0.3%





## STEERING SYSTEM



#### STEERING CALCULATIONS

STEERING TYPE : Linkage

INNER STEERING ANGLE : 27.59 Degree

OUTER STEERING ANGLE : 17.95 Degree

TURNING CIRCLE RADIUS : 2.3 m

ACKERMAN PERCENTAGE : 101.03%

## TIE ROD

MATERIAL : Mild Steel

PITMAN ARM TO LEFT WHEEL : 30 cm

PITMAN ARM TO RIGHT WHEEL : 30 cm

## STEERING WHEEL



TYPE : Ackerman

STEERING WHEEL : 12 inch

DIAMETER

STEERING RATIO : 1.668:1

LINKAGE TYPE : Mechanical



#### **PITMAN ARM**

MATERIAL : Mild Steel

TOTAL LENGTH : 11 cm

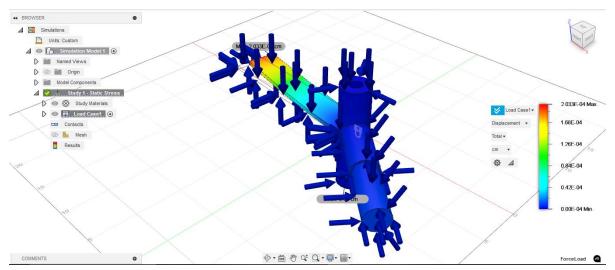
TOTAL WIDTH : 6.5 cm

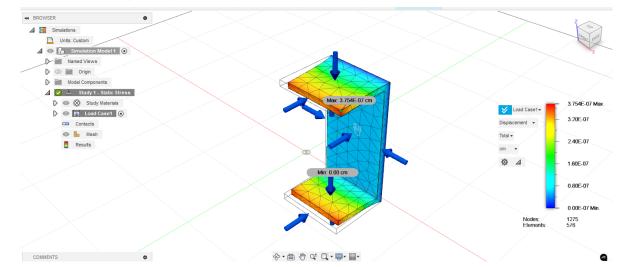
THICKNESS : 0.5 cm

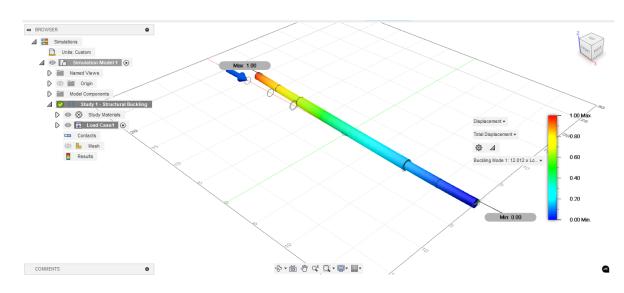


## STEERING SYSTEM









MAX STRESS: 0.03MPA

MAX DISPLACEMENT: 37.5 MM

**REACTION FORCE: 1.44N** 

STRAIN: 2.313E\_07

FOS: 15

MAX STRESS: 0.15MPA

MAX DISPLACEMENT: 1.877 MM

REACTION FORCE: 7.22 N

STRAIN: 1.156E\_06

FOS: 15

MAX STRESS: 10.5 MPA

MAX DISPLACEMENT: 193.83 MM

**REACTION FORCE: 119.30N** 

STRAIN: 8.787E\_06

FOS: 15



## STERING SYSTEM ASSSEMBLY 3D MODEL & VALIDATION





#### LIMITATIONS ON RULEBOOKS

POSITIVE STEERING STOPS

MAX TURNING RADIUS: 2.5m

MIN WHEEL BASE: 36 inch

MAX WHEEL BASE: 60 inch

MAX TRACK WIDTH: 50 inch

MECHANICAL CONNECTIONS

### PARAMETERS ON KART

POSITIVE STEERING STOPS ON ACKERMAN

TURNING RADIUS: 2.3m

WHEEL BASE: 37 inch

TRACK WIDTH: 42 inch (Rear track)

MECHANICAL CONNECTIONS



## **BRAKE SYSTEM**



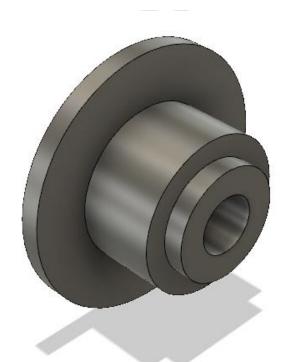


#### **GENERAL**

TYPE OF BRAKE SYSTEM : HYDRAULIC

BRAKE FLUID : DOT 3

TUBE TYPE : METAL HOSE



## CALIPER & ACTUATOR

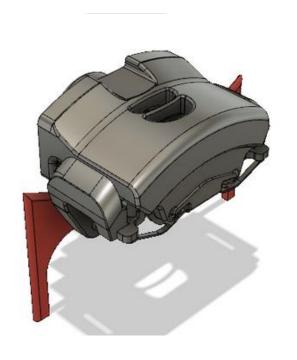
CALIPER USED : ALTO 800

CALIPER MATERIAL : IRON

ACTUATOR USED : LANCER CLUTCH

MASTER CYLINDER BORE: 13 mm

SIZE



### **BRAKE DISC**

DISC DIAMETER : 210 mm

DISC THICKNESS : 13 mm

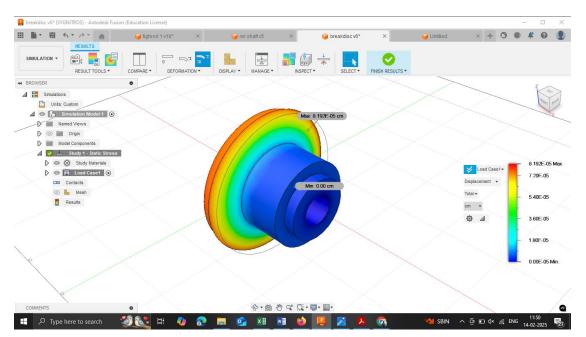
MATERIAL : STAINLESS

**STEEL** 





## **BRAKE CALCULATIONS**



 Boundary Condition
 Value/Range

 Heat Flux
 30,000 W/m²

 Convection Coefficient
 40 W/m²-K

 Ambient Temp
 25°C

 Initial Temp
 25°C

 Material
 Cast Iron or Steel (with k, ρ, c)

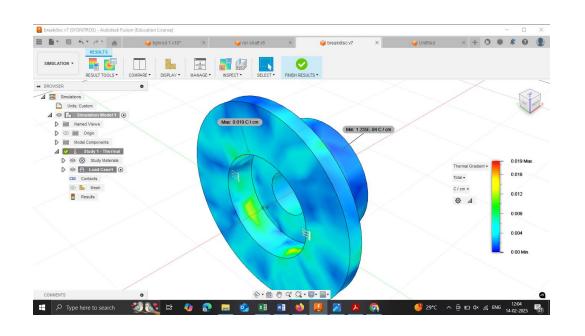
•THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (K): ~50 W/M·K

•**DENSITY (P):** ~7200 KG/M<sup>3</sup>

•SPECIFIC HEAT (C): ~460 J/KG·K

•**HEAT FLUX** : 0.003 J / S CM<sup>2</sup>

•THERMAL GRADIENT: 0.019 C / CM







## **BRAKE CALCULATIONS**

BRAKE PEDAL RATIO

STOPPING DISTANCE AT MAX SPEED

DECELERATION

• STOPING TIME

• BRAKING FORCE

• BRAKE TORQUE

FORCE ON CYLINDER

• DISC Dia REQUIRED

• MASTER CYLINDER PRESSURE

• PRESSURE INSIDE BRAKE LINE

• FRICTION BTW BRAKE CALIPER PAD AND DISC : 1.9

• FRICTION BTW BRAKE TYRE AND ROAD : 0.6 µ

: 4:1

: 47.35 m

: -5.88 m/s

: 4.01 seconds

: 2540.16 N

: 228.61 N.m

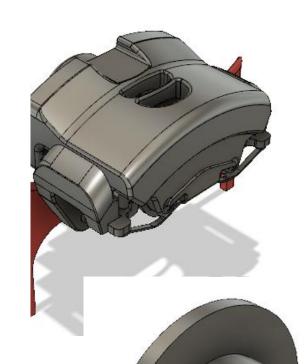
: 1373.4 N

: 20 cm

: 190 x 10^-4 m^2

: 109.34 Pa

9.34 Pa





## BRAKE VALIDATION



### LIMITATIONS ON RULEBOOKS

- THE KART SHOULD HALT WITHN 25m FROM A SPEED OF 45 km/h
- ABLE TO LOCK TO LOCK WHEEL COMPETELY AT MAX SPEED
- HYDRAULIC BRAKES MUST BE USED
- CONNECTED ONLY TO REAR WHEEL
- ONLY FOOT OPERATIONS

### PARAMETERS ON KART

- STOPPINS DISTANCE AT 45 km/h IS 17.43 m
- THE WHEEL LOCKS COMPLETELY
- HYDRAULIC BRAKES IS USED
- CONNECTED ON REAR SHAFT
- FOOT OPERATIONS ONLY







## POWER TRAIN





## **ENGINE**

ENGINE DISPLACEMENT : IC : 149 CC

MAX POWER : 17 HP ( 8500 RPM )

MAX TORQUE : 15 NM ( 7500 RPM )

NO OF CYLINDER : 1

NO OF GEAR : 6

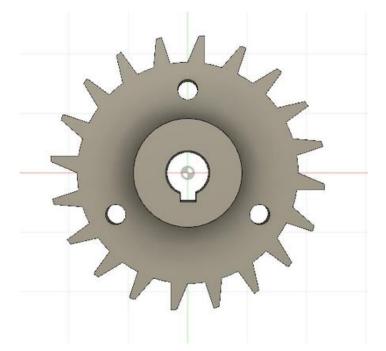
STROKE TYPE : 4

COOLANT TYPE : LIQUID

DIAMETER: 3 cm

**REAR SHAFT** 

MATERIAL: mild steel



## **GEARS**

ENGINE SPROCKET TEETH No : 15

FINAL GEAR TEETH No : 30

DRIVE RATIO : 2:1



## **ELECTRICALS**



- Battery (12V Li-ion/Lead Acid) Powers the ignition system, cooling fan, and brake lights.
- Self-Start System Uses a push-button ignition to start the engine efficiently.
- Kill Switch Ensures driver safety by cutting off engine power in emergencies.
- Brake Light Improves visibility and safety by indicating braking actions.
- Cooling Fan Maintains optimal engine temperature, preventing overheating.
- Choke Switch Aids in cold starts by adjusting the air-fuel mixture







## POWER TRAIN & ELECTRICAL VALIDATION

### LIMITATIONS ON RULEBOOKS

- ENGINE BASED TRANSMISSION
- MAXIMUM SPEED 90 Km / hr
- MUST BE PROTECTED WITH GAURD
- ALL WIRING MUST BE ABOVE FLOOR MEMBRANE
- FUSE MUST BE USED

#### PARAMETERS OF KART

- ENGINE BASED TRANSMISSION
- MAXIMUM SPEED 85 Km/hr
- PROTECTED WITH GAURD
- NO WIRING IS DONE UNDER FLOOR MEMBRANE
- 10 A FUSE IS USED





## SAFETY & ERGONOMICS



- Kill Switch Emergency engine shut-off to prevent accidents (2 nos in kart).
- Brake Kill Switch Cuts engine power if brakes are applied forcefully (1 in kart).
- Brake Light Improves visibility and enhances track safety (On Rear).
- Fire Wall Protects the driver from engine heat and fuel leaks. (2 layer of 2mm Al sheet & 3 layer of Duct tape).
- **Bumpers** Absorbs impact and enhances crash protection.





## DESIGN FAILURE MODE AND Autosports

## EFFECTS ANALYSIS.

### **CAUSE:**

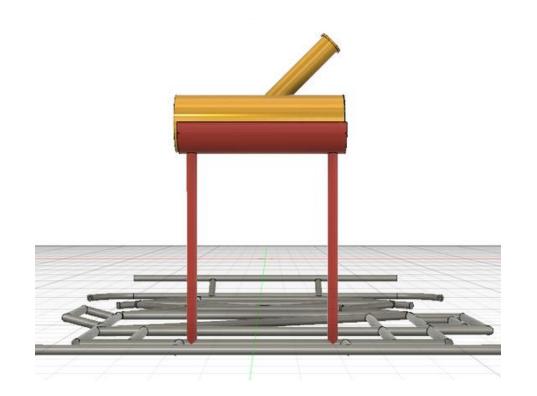
The fuel tank in the kart is placed slightly higher on the kart.

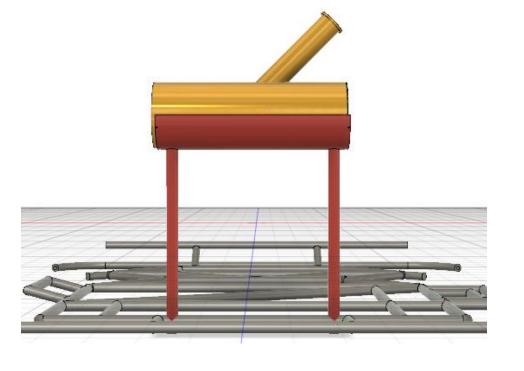
### **EFFECT:**

The fuel inside the tank is push the tank forward and backside when the kart is going on high speed. So that it may results in the weakening of joints.

#### **RECTIFIED:**

By placing the fuel tank by slightly lower to the kart can reduce tank mount movement.



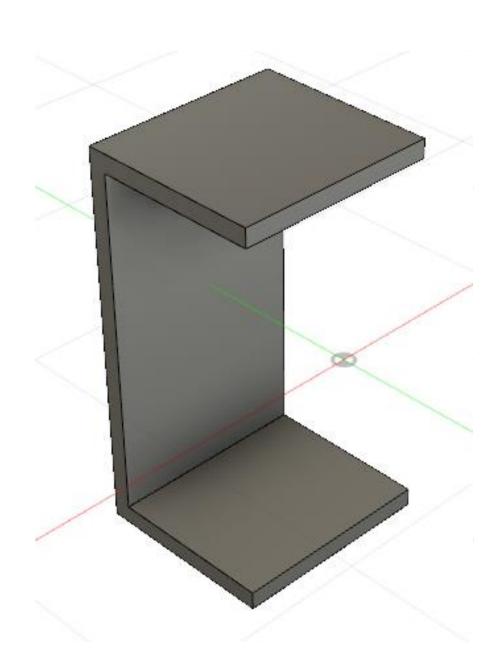




## PROCESS FAILURE MODE AND



## EFFECTS ANALYSIS.



#### **CAUSE:**

- The C-clamp might not be positioned at the correct angle.
- Improper alignment could occured

### **EFFECT:**

• If the C-clamp is incorrectly angled, it may not apply the necessary force evenly, leading to unstable or inefficient performance.

#### **RECTIFIED:**

• Proper Alignment: Once the correct angle is identified, ensure that the C-clamp is installed according to these specifications. This could involve using measuring tools like protractors, digital angle finders, or custom jigs to ensure accuracy.



## PROCESS FAILURE MODE AND Autosports

## EFFECTS ANALYSIS.

### **CAUSE:**

• The supporting link for the brake system was not set at the correct angle, which prevented proper actuation of the brake piston.

## **EFFECT:**

• This led to improper braking functionality, which could affect safety and performance, such as poor braking force and control.

### **RECTIFIED:**

• Correct the angle of the supporting link so that the brake piston functions properly, ensuring efficient braking and safety.

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