Damegender Manual: Counting Males and Females in Internet Communities

for version 0.2.8, 06 May 2020

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This manual is for Damegender (version 0.2.8, 06 May 2020), which is an example in the Texinfo documentation.
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Table of Contents

1	Introduction 1
2	Installation2
3	Commands 3
4	Statistics74.1 Measuring success and error74.2 Principal Component Analysis (PCA)9
5	5.1 Introduction
	5.2 Counting males and females in Debian
A	Appendix A GNU Free Documentation License 13
Iı	ndex21

1 Introduction

Damegender is a gender detection tool from the name coded by David Arroyo MEnéndez (DAME).

The gender detection tools from the names are being used usually with commercial APIs. But many countries has been doing efforts in the last years for contribute names and a number of people using each name with Open Data Licenses. So, this software is collecting this effort on an original way (we are using Machine Learning algorithms for predict names that is not appearing in our database).

Damegender is giving measures to compare in any moment our solution with the commercial APIs. So, the user can understand when it's useful to invest money or not depending of the dataset. Damegender allows to the users download a big number of names from a csv file.

This software is written oriented to tests. So you can check the right behaviour of the software with python tests for the classes and methods and with shell tests for the python commands.

Damegender is using Perceval for count males and females in a lot of Internet Communities (wikis, mailing lists, software repositories, bug tracking systems, ...). We shows source for count males and females in different situations (Ex: count-debian-gender.py)

This software is taking into account the power to predict nations and ethnicity from the surnames (Ex: surname.py, surnameincountries.py and ethnicity.py).

2 Installation

Possible Debian/Ubuntu dependencies:

\$ sudo apt-get install python3-nose-exclude python3-dev dict dict-freedict-eng-spa dict-freedict-spa-eng dictd

Now, to install damegender from sources:

- \$ git clone https://github.com/davidam/damegender
- \$ cd damegender
- \$ pip3 install -r requirements.txt

Now, to install damegender with python package:

- \$ python3 -m venv /tmp/d
- \$ cd /tmp/d
- \$ source bin/activate
- \$ pip install --upgrade pip
- \$ pip3 install damegender
- \$ cd lib/python3.5/site-packages/damegender
- \$ python3 main.py David

To install apis extra dependencies:

\$ pip3 install damegender[apis]

To install mailing lists and repositories extra dependencies:

\$ pip3 install damegender[mails_and_repositories]

To install all possible dependencies

\$ pip3 install damegender[all]

Currently you can need an api key from:

- https://store.genderize.io/documentation
- https://gender-api.com
- https://www.nameapi.org/
- https://v2.namsor.com/NamSorAPIv2/sign-in.html

To configure your api key you can execute:

\$ python3 apikeyadd.py

3 Commands

You must start to check tests to understand that all is ok:

```
$ cd src/damegender
```

- \$./testsbycommands.sh # It must run for you
- \$./testsbycommandsextralocal.sh # You will need all dependencies

with: \$ pip3 install damegender[all]

\$./testsbycommandsextranet.sh # You will need api keys

You can continue check python tests:

Execute all tests:

\$ nosetests3 tests

Execute one file:

\$ nosetests3 tests/test_basics.py

Execute one test:

\$ nosetests3 tests/test_basics.py:TestBasics.test_indexing

If you are in a fresh installation, perhaps you want regenerate by your own risk some files downloaded to understand how it has been generated:

\$ python3 postinstall.py

You can find an big list of commands to execute this shell scripts. Now a detailed execution of some selected examples:

The first command to learn is main.py. You can play now with this command:

```
# Detect gender from a name (INE is the dataset used by default)
```

\$ python3 main.py David

David gender is male

363559 males for David from INE.es

O females for David from INE.es

```
# Detect gender from a name only using machine learning (experimental way)
```

\$ python3 main.py Mesa --ml=nltk

Mesa gender is female

- O males for Mesa from INE.es
- O females for Mesa from INE.es

Detect gender from a name (all census and machine learning)

\$ python3 main.py David --verbose

365196 males for David from INE.es

O females for David from INE.es

1193 males for David from Uruguay census

5 females for David from Uruguay census

26645 males for David from United Kingdom census

O females for David from United Kingdom census

3552580 males for David from United States of America census

12826 females for David from United States of America census

David gender predicted with nltk is male

```
David gender predicted with sgd is male
David gender predicted with svc is male
David gender predicted with gaussianNB is male
David gender predicted with multinomialNB is male
David gender predicted with bernoulliNB is male
David gender predicted with forest is male
David gender predicted with tree is male
David gender predicted with mlp is male
```

The first Free Software for gender detection tool was created in C language program and you can look for a python version with the name genderguesser. Some people was working in a Free dataset called name_dict.txt with 48500 names. I want to give thanks to this effort with nameincountries.py due to the good work organizing many names in different countries.

```
$ python3 nameincountries.py David
grep -i " David " files/names/nam_dict.txt > files/grep.tmp
males: ['Albania', 'Armenia', 'Austria', 'Azerbaijan', 'Belgium', 'Bosnia and Herze-
govina', 'Czech Republic', 'Denmark', 'East Frisia', 'France', 'Georgia', 'Ger-
many', 'Great Britain', 'Iceland', 'Ireland', 'Israel', 'Italy', 'Kaza-
khstan/Uzbekistan', 'Luxembourg', 'Malta', 'Norway', 'Portugal', 'Roma-
nia', 'Slovenia', 'Spain', 'Sweden', 'Swiss', 'The Netherlands', 'USA', 'Ukraine']
females: []
both: []
```

This Free Software has been developed in the frame of a Phd in the Universidad Rey Juan Carlos I with the Phd director Jesús González Barahona, so I have developed some commands to use Perceval (Free Software where he has done good contributions)

To count gender from a git repository:

```
$ python3 git2gender.py https://github.com/chaoss/grimoirelab-perceval.git -
-directory="/tmp/clonedir"
The number of males sending commits is 15
The number of females sending commits is 7
```

To count gender from a mailing list:

```
$ cd files/mbox
$ wget -c http://mail-archives.apache.org/mod_mbox/httpd-announce/201706.mbox
$ cd ..
$ python3 mail2gender.py http://mail-archives.apache.org/mod_mbox/httpd-announce/
```

Perhaps you don't know a name, but you have obtained an free key for an api to retrieve it:

```
$ python3 api2gender.py Leticia --surname="Martin" --api=namsor
female
scale: 0.99
```

If you want to know the gender of a good number of names you can download results from an api and save in a file with downloadjson.py

```
$ python3 downloadjson.py --csv=files/names/min.csv --api=genderize
```

\$ cat files/names/genderizefiles_names_min.csv.json Now we are going to learn some commands for measure the successful of our solution: \$ python3 accuracy.py --csv=files/names/min.csv ############ NLTK!! Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0] Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0] Dame Gender accuracy: 0.875 \$ python3 confusion.py --csv="files/names/partial.csv" --api=nameapi -jsondownloaded="files/names/nameapifiles_names_partial.csv.json" A confusion matrix C is such that Ci, j is equal to the number of observations known to be in group i but predicted to be in group j. If the classifier is nice, the diagonal is high because there are true positives Nameapi confusion matrix: [[3,0,0] [0, 15, 1]] \$ python3 errors.py --csv="files/names/all.csv" --api="genderguesser" Gender Guesser with files/names/all.csv has: + The error code: 0.22564457518601835 + The error code without na: 0.026539047204698716 + The na coded: 0.20453365634192766 + The error gender bias: 0.0026103980857080703 You can generate a lot of logs about errors, accuracies and/or confusion: \$./logs-accuracies.sh \$./logs-confusion.sh \$./logs-errors.sh Perhaps you are interested on reproduce experiments to determine features: \$ python3 infofeatures.py Females with last letter a: 0.4705246078961601 Males with last letter a: 0.048672566371681415 Females with last letter consonant: 0.2735841767750908 Males with last letter consonant: 0.6355328972681801 Females with last letter vocal: 0.7262612995441552 Males with last letter vocal: 0.3640823393612928 \$ python3 pca-components.py --csv="files/features_list.csv" # To determine number of components \$ python3 pca-features.py # To understand the weight between variables for a target Now we can go to play with surnames: \$ python3 surname.py Gil --total=es There are 140004 people using Gil in Spain \$ python3 surname.py Lenon --total=us There are 837 people using Lenon in United States of America

\$ python3 ethnicity.py Smith

In United States of America the percentages about the race of Smith sur-

name is: White: 73.35

Black: 22.22 Hispanic: 1.56

Asian Pacific Indian American: 0.40 American Indian and Alaska Native: 0.85

Various races: 1.63

4 Statistics

In the last chapter we were learning to execute some commands such as accuracy.py, confusion.py, or errors.py, but perhaps you need to understand more theory about statistics to understand why this commands is being interesting for you.

4.1 Measuring success and error

To guess the sex, we have an true idea (example: female) and we obtain a result with a method (example: using an api, querying a dataset or with a machine learning model). The guessed result could be male, female or perhaps unknown. Remember some definitions about results about this matter:

True positive is to find a value guessed as true if the value in the data source is positive.

True negative is to find a value guessed as true if the value in the data source is negative.

False positive is to find a value guessed as false if the value in the data source is positive.

False negative is to find a value guessed as false if the value in the data source is negative.

So, we can find a vocabulary for measure true, false, success and errors. We can make a summary in the gender name context about mathematical concepts:

Precision is about true positives divided by true positives plus false positives

```
(femalefemale + malemale ) /
(femalefemale + malemale + femalemale)
```

Recall is about true positives divided by true positives plus false negatives.

```
(femalefemale + malemale ) /
(femalefemale + malemale + malefemale + femaleundefined + maleundefined)
```

Accurage is about true positives divided by all.

```
(femalefemale + malemale ) /
(femalefemale + malemale + malefemale + femalemale + femaleundefined + maleundefined)
```

The F1 score is the harmonic mean of precision and recall taking both metrics into account in the following equation:

```
2 * (
(precision * recall) /
(precision + recall))
```

In Damengender, we are using accuracy.py to apply these concepts. Take a look to practice:

```
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="damegender" --measure="recall" --csv="files/names/partial
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
########### Damegender!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Damegender recall: 1.0
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="damegender" --measure="accuracy" --csv="files/names/parti
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
########### Damegender!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Damegender accuracy: 0.8571428571428571
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="genderguesser" --measure="accuracy" --csv="files/names/pa
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
############# Genderguesser!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Genderguesser accuracy: 0.8571428571428571
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="genderguesser" --measure="precision" --csv="files/names/p
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
############ Genderguesser!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Genderguesser precision: 0.9090909090909091
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="genderguesser" --measure="recall" --csv="files/names/part
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
############ Genderguesser!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Genderguesser recall: 1.0
$ python3 accuracy.py --api="genderguesser" --measure="f1score" --csv="files/names/par
-jsondownloaded=files/names/partialnoundefined.csv.json
############# Genderguesser!!
Gender list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Guess list: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
Genderguesser f1score: 0.9090909090909091
```

Error coded is about the true is different than the guessed:

```
(femalemale + malefemale + maleundefined + femaleundefined) /
(malemale + femalemale + malefemale +
femalefemale + maleundefined + femaleundefined)
```

Error coded without na is about the true is different than the guessed, but without undefined results.

```
(maleundefined + femaleundefined) /
(malemale + femalemale + malefemale +
femalefemale + maleundefined + femaleundefined)
```

Error gender bias is to understand if the error is bigger guessing males than females or viceversa.

The **weighted error** is about the true is different than the guessed, but giving a weight to the guessed as undefined.

```
(femalemale + malefemale +
+ w * (maleundefined + femaleundefined)) /
(malemale + femalemale + malefemale + femalefemale +
+ w * (maleundefined + femaleundefined))
```

In Damegender, we have coded errors.py to implement the different definitions in diffrent apis.

The confusion matrix creates a matrix about the true and the guess. If you have this confusion matrix:

```
[[ 2, 0, 0]
[ 0, 5, 0]]
```

It means, I have 2 females true and I've guessed 2 females and I've 5 males true and I've guessed 5 males. I don't have errors in my classifier.

```
[[2 1 0]
[2 14 0]]
```

It means, I have 2 females true and I've guessed 2 females and I've 14 males true and I've guessed 14 males. 1 female was considered male, 2 males was considered female.

In Damegender, we have coded confusion.py to implement this concept with the different apis.

4.2 Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

To be written

5 Use Cases

5.1 Introduction

There are many research studies count males and females in specific communities such as Twitter, StackOverflow, ... We hope that with this manual software

A specific community has some clues to determine male or female, for example, in Twitter you observe the photo, nickname, real name, ...

5.2 Counting males and females in Debian

In the Debian community all member must have a gpg key to collaborate, so we can count males and females from the keyring. With gpg commands you can import a the debian keyring and dump the debian keyring in a csv file.

```
$ rsync -az --progress keyring.debian.org::keyrings/keyrings/ .
```

We have generated a script to count males and females:

```
~/git/damegender/src/damegender$ python3 count-debian-gender.py
Perhaps you need wait some minutes. You can take a tea or coffe now
debian males: 795
debian females: 24
```

In the dump of the debian keyring dataset we have divided name, surname and email in different fields. So, it's easy detect the name, although some names has several emails

We have choosen the United States of America dataset and we are using the method name_free to decide for male or female in the row.

The United States of America dataset is a good choice for Free Software communities, due to that this communities is based on english as main language and United States of America is a leader country in software development. United States of America hosts people from different countries due to migrations towards good companies and universities.

5.3 Deciding for males and females in images

There are many free software tools for decide gender in images files, we have selected the next tool:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/davidam/damephoto
$ cd damephoto/bin
```

\$ python3 damephoto.py girl1.jpg

We can use this tool to decide gender about images from Twitter, Github, ...

5.4 Counting males and females in a git repository

We can think a simple version of git2gender.py:

```
from app.dame_sexmachine import DameSexmachine
from app.dame_perceval import DamePerceval
from app.dame_utils import DameUtils
import sys
```

```
import argparse
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("url", help="Uniform Resource Link")
parser.add_argument('--directory')
parser.add_argument('--version', action='version', version='0.1')
args = parser.parse_args()
if (len(sys.argv) > 1):
    ds = DameSexmachine()
    du = DameUtils()
   dp = DamePerceval()
    11 = dp.list_committers(args.url, args.directory)
   12 = du.delete_duplicated(11)
   13 = du.clean_list(12)
    females = 0
    males = 0
    unknowns = 0
    for g in 13:
        sm = ds.guess(g, binary=True)
        if (sm == 0):
            females = females + 1
        elif (sm == 1):
            males = males + 1
        else:
            unknowns = unknowns + 1
    print("The number of males sending commits is %s" % males)
    print("The number of females sending commits is %s" % females)
```

Try to execute this script:

```
$ python3 git2gender.py https://github.com/davidam/davidam.git --directory="/tmp/clone
The number of males sending commits is 3
The number of females sending commits is 0
```

This count is not so good because in a git repository the same person can have been called with the same name:

```
['David Arroyo Menéndez <davidam.gnu.org>', 'David Arroyo Menendez <davidam.com>', 'David Arroyo Menéndez <d.arroyome.urjc.es>', 'David Arroyo <davidam.com>']
```

If you look up 'David Arroyo' in Google Scholar you can find several researchers, but David Arroyo Menéndez is unique in this context. If appears with accent or not could a trouble about spelling, but could be the same person. On other hand, if you find 'David Arroyo' and 'David Arroyo Menéndez' with the same, the he is the same person, but in some data centers several people with different names can be using the same email account.

```
def same_email(string1, string2): firstName
```

```
def same_identity(string1, string2): same_identity = false string1 = remove_accents(string1) string2 = remove_accents(string2) if (same_email(string1, string2)
```

and ((contains(string1, string2)) or (contains(string2, string1)))): same_identity = true else: same_identity = false return same_identity

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Version 1.3, 3 November 2008

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\mathbf{Index}

\mathbf{C}	P
Commands 3 Commands about Statistics 3 Configuring Api Keys 2	Perceval
Executing tests	${f R}$ Regenerating files in post installation
Installation	