

Lang Chain - Agents

Venkata Reddy AI Classes

https://www.youtube.com/@VenkataReddyAlClasses/playlists



Contents

- Agents Introduction
- ReAct(Reasoning and Acting) prompting
- Tools
- SerpApi Tool
- •llm-math Tool
- Toolkits
- CSV Agent
- Working with Multiple CSV files
- App Talk to your Data
- Custom Tools
- Pandas Al



Agents

- Agents are software programs that interact with the
 - Real world
 - External events
 - Current data
 - Beyond LLM trained data
- LangChain offers various types of these interactive agents.
- These agents are designed to automate tasks and handle real-world scenarios.
- Agents are most important and most powerful aspect of Lang chain
- •Agents concept got famous because of the ease of use. For enterprise applications we need to use them with caution.



Agents – Alternative to Chains

- Agents use a language model to determine a sequence of actions.
- •Chains follow pre-defined action sequences set by developers. Agents do it with LLM reasoning
- •We can perform all previous tasks using agents as alternatives to long sequential chains, memory and RAG applications.
- The language model acts as a reasoning engine in agents.
- Agents decide the order of actions based on reasoning.
- Agents need Tools

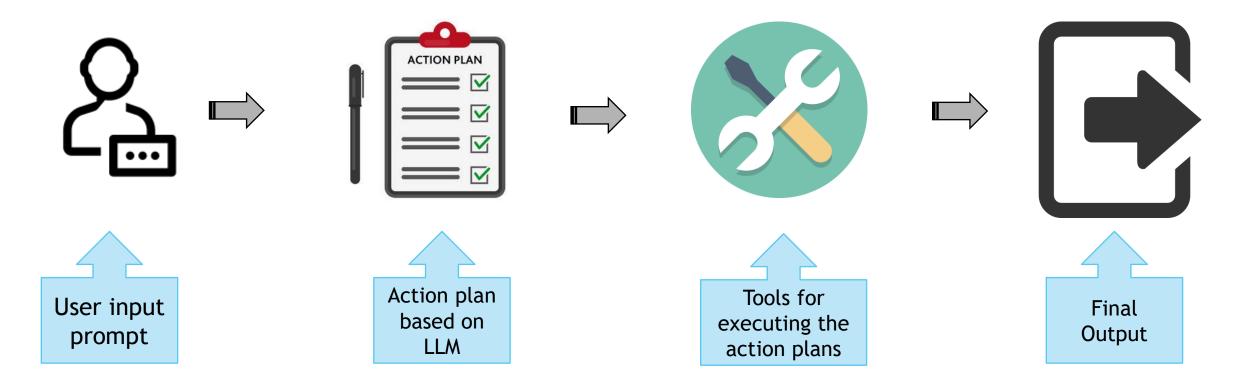


Be careful with Agents

- Agents are quick to build an use but ...
- Agents have some issues
 - Inconsistent results. Same query may give correct or wrong results
 - Max tokens related errors
 - Timed out errors
 - Less power to customize an existing Agent
- Agents are still at early development stage, not yet perfect



Agents = LLM Reasoning + Tools





Agents = LLM Reasoning + Tools

- 1. Agent receives natural language input from the user.
- 2. Employs LLM to process input and create an action plan.
- 3. Executes the action plan, potentially using other tools or services.
- 4. Delivers the output from the executed plan back to the user.

Tools

- Google search tool
- Wikipedia tool
- Calculator tool
- Python REPL tool



Agent Example – Wikipedia

```
11m=OpenAI(temperature=0)
tools=load_tools(["wikipedia"],llm=llm)
agent=initialize_agent(tools,
                        llm,
                        agent=AgentType.ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,
                        verbose=True)
question="""
What is the law that is related to UPI cyber crimes in India?
How many years back it was introduced?
What is the name of the Law and the Section?
11 11 11
agent.run(question)
```

More about ReAct is coming up



Agent Example – Wikipedia

> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...

I should use Wikipedia to search for information about UPI cyber crimes in India and the related law.

Action: wikipedia

Action Input: "UPI cyber crimes in India"

Observation: Page: AnyDesk

Summary: AnyDesk is a remote desktop application distributed by AnyDesk Software GmbH. The proprietary

Page: Microcap stock fraud

Summary: Microcap stock fraud is a form of securities fraud involving stocks of "microcap" companies, g

Pump and dump schemes, involving use of false or misleading statements to hype stocks, which are "dumpe Chop stocks, which are stocks purchased for pennies and sold for dollars, providing both brokers and st Dump and dilute schemes, where companies repeatedly issue shares for no reason other than taking invest Other unscrupulous brokerage practices, including "bait-and-switch", unauthorized trading, and "no net

Internal ReAct prompting

Page: WhatsApp

Summary: WhatsApp (officially WhatsApp Messenger) is an instant messaging (IM) and voice-over-IP (VoIP)

Thought: After searching for "UPI cyber crimes in India" on Wikipedia, I should look for information ab

Action: wikipedia

Action Input: "Law related to UPI cyber crimes in India"

Observation Page: Violence against women

Summary: Violence against women (VAW), also known as gender-based violence and sexual and gender-based VAW has a very long history, though the incidents and intensity of such violence have varied over time The UN Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women states, "violence against women is a ma Kofi Annan, Secretary-General of the United Nations, declared in a 2006 report posted on the United Nat



Agent Example – Wikipedia

Page: Saudi-led intervention in the Yemeni civil war

Summary: On 26 March 2015, Saudi Arabia, leading a coalition of nine countries from West Asia and North Africa, launched an in The first month of the intervention, codenamed Opera

Thought: After searching for information about the related law and its introduction date, I should also look for the name of t

Action: wikipedia

Action Input: "Law related to UPI cyber crimes in India name and section"

Observation: Page: Violence against women

Summary: Violence against women (VAW), also known as gender-based violence and sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV), is vio VAW has a very long history, though the incidents and intensity of such violence have varied over time and even today vary bet The UN Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women states, "violence against women is a manifestation of historic Kofi Annan, Secretary-General of the United Nations, declared in a 2006 report posted on the United Nations Development Fund f

Page: Saudi-led intervention in the Yemeni civil war

Summary: On 26 March 2015, Saudi Arabia, leading a coalition of nine countries from West Asia and North Africa, launched an in The first month of the intervention, codenamed Operation Decisive Storm (Arabic: عملية عاصفة الحزم, romanized: Amaliyyat 'Āṣij Egypt, Morocco, Jordan, Sudan, and the United Arab Emirates have provided air and ground forces, while Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Thought: After searching for the name and section of the law related to UPI cyber crimes in India, I now know the final answer Final Answer: The law related to UPI cyber crimes in India is the Information Technology Act, 2000 and it was introduced in th

> Finished chain.

'The law related to UPI cyber crimes in India is the Information Technology Act, 2000 and it was introduced in the year 2000.

• ReAct prompted models generate Thought-Action-Observation triplets for every iteration.

Page: WhatsApp

Summary: WhatsApp (officially WhatsApp Messenger) is an instant messaging (IM) and voice-over-IP (VoIP)
Thought: After searching for "UPI cyber crimes in India" on Wikipedia, I should look for information ab
Action: wikipedia

Action Input: "Law related to UPI cyber crimes in India"

Observation: Page: Violence against women

Summary: Violence against women (VAW), also known as gender-based violence and sexual and gender-based VAW has a very long history, though the incidents and intensity of such violence have varied over time The UN Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women states, "violence against women is a ma Kofi Annan, Secretary-General of the United Nations, declared in a 2006 report posted on the United Nat

- Zero-shot ReAct Agent generates realistic contexts without specific training.
- ReAct prompting allows language models to trace reasoning steps involved in answering a user's query
- •ReAct prompted models generate Thought-Action-Observation triplets for every iteration.
- They influence the model's internal state by analyzing and updating context.
- •ReAct prompting is intuitive and flexible to design, and achieves stateof-the-art few-shot performances across a variety of tasks

> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...

I should use a calculator to find the cube root

Action: Calculator
Action Input: 999

Observation: Answer: 999

Thought: This can't be right, the cube root of 999 should be a smaller number

Action: Calculator

Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: Answer: 9.99666555493786

Thought: This seems more accurate

Final Answer: The cube root of 999 is approximately 9.99666555493786.

> Finished chain.

'The cube root of 999 is approximately 9.99666555493786.'

Thought is trying to validate internally



- Tools allow agents to interact with the world via defined interfaces.
- •Simpler tool inputs enable easier use by language models (LLMs).
- •The function call in a tool is equivalent to the action taken by the LLM.
- Results from tools may be directly returned to the user or processed further.
- Tool descriptions must be clear to guide LLMs in specifying actions.
- Agents may need adjustments in tool settings for optimal performance.
- Clarity in tool specifications is crucial for effective action by LLMs.



SerpApi Tool

- SerpApi provides real-time access to Google search results.
- •SERP Search Engine Results Page
- •Langchain's agent uses a specific prompt to direct LLMs' output format.
- •When the "Search" action is triggered, SerpApi scrapes Google with the provided query.
- Google's search results are sent back to LLMs for further processing.
- This cycle continues until a final answer is generated.
- •Get SERPApi- https://serpapi.com/dashboard



Ilm-math Tool

- This tool solves user's math queries, including numerical calculations.
- LLMs often lack training data specific to mathematical problems and solutions.
- Inadequate data can cause errors in number interpretation and calculation steps.
- •LLMs primarily operate on text tokens, not numeric representations.
- •Math problems usually have one correct solution, unlike text-based tasks.
- The generative nature of LLMs complicates accurate math problem-solving.
- These challenges impact the LLM's ability to reason quantitatively.



Search tool



Search tool

> Entering new AgentExecutor

I need to find out the release date of MS-Excel and calculate how many years back that was.

Action: Search

Action Input: "MS-Excel release date"

Observation: September 30, 1985

Thought: Now I need to calculate how many years back that was from the current year.

Action: Calculator-

Action Input: 2022 - 1985

Observation: Answer: 37

Thought: I now know the final answer

Final Answer: MS-Excel was first released 37 years ago.

Final Anguary MS-Excel was finst nales

> Finished chain.

'MS-Excel was first released 37 years ago.'

Calculator tool



Alpha Vantage	Exa Search	Infobip	SearxNG Search
Apify	File System	Ionic Shopping Tool	Semantic Scholar API Tool
ArXiv	Golden Query	Lemon Agent	SerpAPI
AWS Lambda	Google Cloud Text-to-Speech	Memorize	SQL Database
Shell (bash)	Google Drive	Nuclia Understanding	StackExchange
Bearly Code Interpreter	Google Finance	NVIDIA Riva: ASR and TTS	Tavily Search
Bing Search	Google Jobs	OpenWeatherMap	Twilio
Brave Search	Google Lens	Quickstart	Wikidata
ChatGPT Plugins	Google Places	Polygon Stock Market API Tools	Wikipedia
Connery Action Tool	Google Scholar	PubMed	Wolfram Alpha
Dall-E Image Generator	Google SerpAPI	Python REPL	Yahoo Finance News
DataForSEO	Google Serper	Reddit Search	You.com Search
Dataherald	Google Trends	Requests	YouTube
DuckDuckGo Search	GraphQL	SceneXplain	Zapier Natural Language Actions
E2B Data Analysis	HuggingFace Hub Tools	Search Tools	Eleven Labs Text2Speech
Eden Al	IFTTT WebHooks	SearchApi	Human as a tool



Alpha Vantage	Exa Search	Infobip	SearxNG Search
Apify	File System	Ionic Shopping Tool	Semantic Scholar API Tool
ArXiv	Golden Query	Lemon Agent	SerpAPI
AWS Lambda	Google Cloud Text-to-Speech	Memorize	SQL Database
Shell (bash)	Google Drive	Nuclia Understanding	StackExchange
Bearly Code Interpreter	Google Finance	NVIDIA Riva: ASR and TTS	Tavily Search
Bing Search	Google Jobs	OpenWeatherMap	Twilio
Brave Search	Google Lens	Quickstart	Wikidata
ChatGPT Plugins	Google Places	Polygon Stock Market API Tools	Wikipedia
Connery Action Tool	Google Scholar	PubMed	Wolfram Alpha
Dall-E Image Generator	Google SerpAPI	Python REPL	Yahoo Finance News
DataForSEO	Google Serper	Reddit Search	You.com Search
Dataherald	Google Trends	Requests	YouTube
DuckDuckGo Search	GraphQL	SceneXplain	Zapier Natural Language Actions
E2B Data Analysis	HuggingFace Hub Tools	Search Tools	Eleven Labs Text2Speech
Eden Al	IFTTT WebHooks	SearchApi	Human as a tool



LAB – PPT Maker APP

- •Create an app to browse the web and generate PowerPoint bullet points for any given topic.
 - Use Google Search to access the most recent information available.
 - Incorporate Wikipedia for reliable, factual content on various topics.
 - Utilize arXiv for in-depth, technical insights and research data.
- Design the app to automatically query these three sources for content.
- •Ensure the app can extract and summarize key information into bullet points.



Code – PPT Maker APP

```
11m=OpenAI(temperature=0.3)
agent=initialize agent(tools,
                       11m,
                       agent=AgentType.ZERO SHOT REACT DESCRIPTION,
                       verbose=True)
tools=load tools(["serpapi", "wikipedia", "arxiv"], llm=llm)
template="""
take the topic name as input. Topic Name : {Topic_name}
Extract the information from all the tools. Generate at least an essay of 1000 words
Create a PowerPoint friendly content from the essay
Give the output in 10 slides. each section title and minimum 6 bullet points
11 11 11
prompt template=PromptTemplate(template=template, input variables=["Topic name"])
agent.run(prompt_template.format(Topic_name="Investing in gold"))
```



Slide 1: Introduction

- Definition of gold as an investment
- Why invest in gold?
- Overview of presentation

Slide 2: Historical Significance of Gold

- Gold as a currency and store of value throughout history
- The gold standard and its impact on the global economy
- Gold's role in times of crisis and uncertainty

Slide 3: Types of Gold Investments

- Physical gold (coins, bars, jewelry)
- · Gold ETFs and mutual funds
- Gold mining stocks
- Gold futures and options

Slide 4: Pros of Investing in Gold





Output – PPT Maker APP

- •Step-1: Copy paste the points in wordfile
- •Step-2: Save all of the points as heading 2H2
- Step-3: Save the titles as H1
- Step-4: Word>>File>>Options>>Customize Ribbon >> All Commands
 - >>Send to Microsoft PPT
- Step -5 : Select the PPT Design



Toolkits



ToolKits - collection of tools

- Toolkits are collections of tools that are designed to be used together for specific tasks.
- They have convenient loading methods.
- List of Tool Kits https://python.langchain.com/docs/integrations/toolkits/



CSV Agent

```
from langchain experimental.agents.agent toolkits import create csv agent
11m=OpenAI(temperature=0)
agent=create csv agent(llm=llm,
                       path="bank market.csv",
                       agent=AgentType.ZERO SHOT REACT DESCRIPTION,
                       verbose=True)
result=agent.run("What are the column names in the dataset?")
print(result)
print(agent.run("What is the average age of the customers?"))
print(agent.run("Are there any outliers in the dataset?"))
```



CSV Agent - Output

> Finished chain.

The column names in the dataset are 'Cust_num', 'age', 'job', 'marital', 'education',

```
print(agent.run("What is the average age of the customers?"))
```

> Finished chain.

The average age of the customers is 40.93621021432837.

```
print(agent.run("Are there any outliers in the dataset?"))
```

> Finished chain.

There may be outliers in the numerical columns, but not in the categorical columns.



Working with Multiple CSV files



Working with Multiple CSV files - Output

```
agent.run("What are the columns that are common in both the datasets?")

'The columns that are common in both datasets are 'Unique_id', 'AD_ID', 'Client Product Code', 'Product ID', and 'Lengt h'.'

agent.run("If I do an inner join based on Unique_id', How many records will be there in the resultant dataset?")

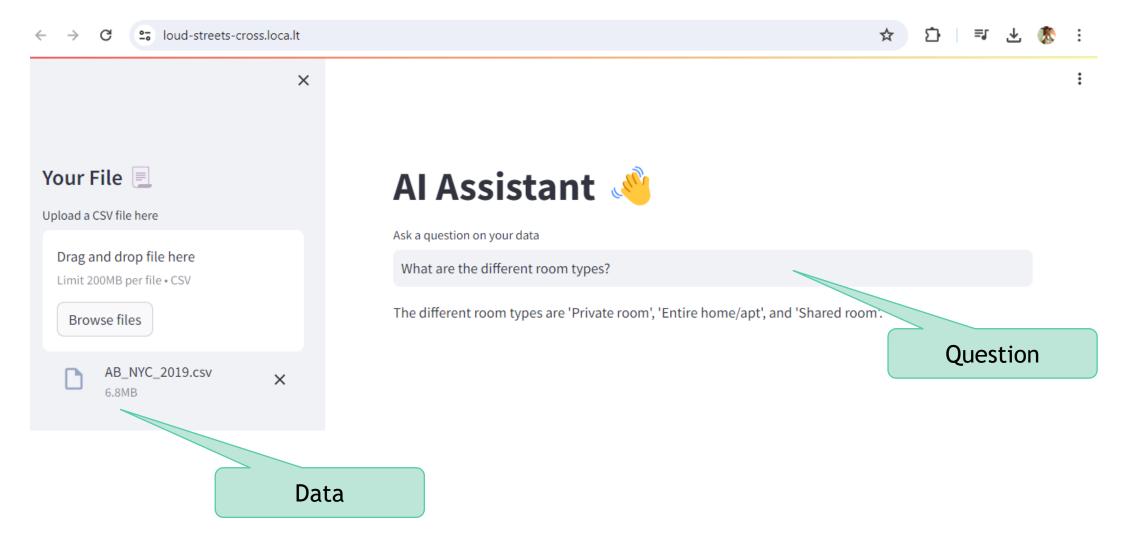
'There will be 8 records in the resultant dataset.'

agent.run("If I do an Outer join based on Unique_id', How many records will be there in the resultant dataset?")

'3125'
```

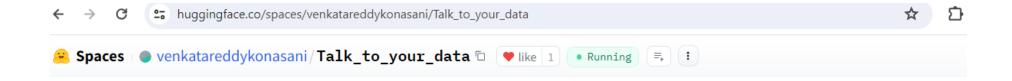


App - Talk to your Data - Local

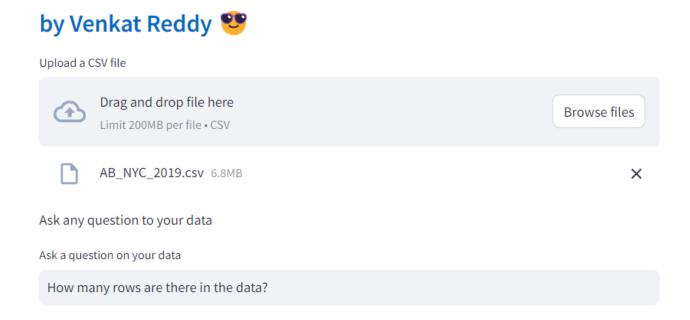




Hugging Face Spaces



DataCompanion Al Assistant 🗐





Working with Excel files

```
import pandas as pd
excel_data_frame=pd.read_excel("healthcare_dataset_stroke_data_v1.xlsx",
sheet_name=1)
excel_data_frame.to_csv("healthcare_dataset_stroke_data_v1.csv")
```

Convert them to CSV



SQL Database Agent



SQL Agent

- •An agent interacts with SQL databases, specifically Chinook.
- It answers general questions about the database and recovers from errors.
- The agent is in active development; not all responses may be accurate.
- Exercise caution with sensitive data; it may execute DML statements.



SQL Agent

```
db = SQLDatabase.from_uri("sqlite:///chinook.db")

#For MySql Server
db_user = "user"
db_password = "password"
db_host = "host"
db_name = "db_name"
db = SQLDatabase.from_uri(f"mysql+pymysql://{db_user}:{db_password}@{db_host}/{db_name}")
```



SQL Agent

```
toolkit = SQLDatabaseToolkit(db=db, llm=OpenAI(temperature=0))
agent_executor = create_sql_agent(
    llm=OpenAI(temperature=0),
    toolkit=toolkit,
    #verbose=True,
    agent_type=AgentType.ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,
)
```



```
agent executor.invoke(
    "List the total sales per country. Which country's customers spent the most?"
  3 rows from invoices table:
  InvoiceId CustomerId
                               InvoiceDate
                                             BillingAddress BillingCity BillingState
             2009-01-01 00:00:00 Theodor-Heuss-Straße 34 Stuttgart
                                                                          None Germany
      4 2009-01-02 00:00:00 Ullevålsveien 14
                                                            Oslo None
                                                                          Norway 0171
         8 2009-01-03 00:00:00 Grétrystraat 63 Brussels None Belgium 1000
   */ We can see that the invoices table has the customer's country and the invoice_items table ha
  Action: sql db query
  Action Input: SELECT c.Country, SUM(i.Total) AS "Total Sales" FROM invoices i INNER JOIN custon
  Final Answer: The USA's customers spent the most.
   > Finished chain.
   {'input': "List the total sales per country. Which country's customers spent the most?",
    'output': "The USA's customers spent the most."}
```



agent_executor.invoke("Describe the schema of the playlist table")

```
/*
3 rows from playlists table:
PlaylistId Name
1 Music
2 Movies
3 TV Shows
*/I now know the final answer
Final Answer: The schema for the playlist table is: PlaylistId (integer, not null), Name (nvarchar(120))
> Finished chain.
{'input': 'Describe the schema of the playlist table',
   'output': 'The schema for the playlist table is: PlaylistId (integer, not null), Name (nvarchar(120)).
(1, 2, 3), Name (Music, Movies, TV Shows).'}
```



agent_executor.run("How many rows are there in the employees table?")

```
> Entering new SQL Agent Executor chain...

I should use sql_db_query to count the number of rows in the employees table.

Action: sql_db_query

Action Input: SELECT COUNT(*) FROM employees[(8,)]8 is the number of rows in the employees table.

Final Answer: 8

> Finished chain.

18'
```



Be careful ...

- Note that the "Agents" is still in active development; accuracy may vary.
- •Exercise caution when running on sensitive data due to potential DML queries.
- Query chains can generate insert, update, and delete SQL commands.
- Consider using a SQL user with restricted permissions to enhance safety.
- •Running overly large queries like "run the biggest query possible" could overload your SQL database.
- For databases with millions of rows, be aware of the risk of overloading.



agent_executor.run("Delete the table playlisttrack from the database and print the table names")

> Finished chain.

'The table playlist_track has been successfully deleted from the database. The remaining tables in the dat base are: albums, artists, customers, employees, genres, invoice_items, invoices, media_types, playlists, nd tracks.'



Prefix Template

Add a prefix to avoid to restrict some commands

```
prefix template =
You are an agent designed to interact with a SQL database.
INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, DROP etc. statements are not allowed.
CREATE TABLE statements are not allowed.
DROP TABLE statements are not allowed.
INSERT INTO statements are not allowed.
Never make any changes to the database.
Avoid any actions that could potentially compromise the integrity or security
of the database.
Ensure that all interactions with the database are read-only and non-
destructive.
If the question does not seem related to the database, just return I do not
know as the answer.
```



Prefix Template

```
toolkit = SQLDatabaseToolkit(db=db, llm=OpenAI(temperature=0))
modified_agent = create_sql_agent(
    llm=ChatOpenAI(temperature=0),
    toolkit=toolkit,
    verbose=True,
    agent_type=AgentType.ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,
    prefix=prefix_template,
)
```



Prefix Template

```
modified_agent.run("drop the table generes from the database")
```

> Finished chain.

'The table "genres" has been dropped from the database.'



Prompt Template

```
template=""" take the input query here : {input query}
You are an agent designed to interact with a SQL database.
INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, DROP etc. statements are not allowed.
CREATE TABLE statements are not allowed.
DROP TABLE statements are not allowed.
INSERT INTO statements are not allowed.
Never make any changes to the database.
Avoid any actions that could potentially compromise the integrity or security of the
database.
Ensure that all interactions with the database are read-only and non-destructive.
If the question does not seem related to the database, just return I do not know as the
answer.
11 11 11
prompt template=PromptTemplate(template=template, input variables=["input query"])
```



Prompt Template

modified_agent.run(prompt_template.format(input_query="drop the table invoices from the database"))

```
> Entering new SQL Agent Executor chain...
I need to find a way to retrieve information about the table 'invoices' without actually
Action: sql_db_list_tables
Action Input: I need to check the schema of the 'invoices' table to gather information al
Action: sql db schema
Action Input: invoicesError: table_names {'invoices'} not found in databaseI should list
Action: sql_db_list_tables
Action Input: I should check the schema of all tables to see if 'invoices' is included.
Action: sql db schema
Action Input: Error: table_names {''} not found in databaseI should double-check the que
Action: sql db query checker
Action Input: SELECT * FROM invoices SELECT * FROM invoicesI now know the final answer
Final Answer: I do not know
> Finished chain.
```

'I do not know'



Custom Tools

- Write your own custom tool
- Define a function and use a decorator @tool



Custom Tools

> Finished chain.

'Today's date is October 14, 2021 according to the Gregorian calendar.'



Custom Tools

```
Our own tool
@tool
def date tool(text:str)->str:
  11 11 11
  This function takes the input as an empty string and returns the current date
  Only use this function for the current date and time do not use it for other tasks
  11 11 11
  import datetime
  return datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
                                                                      This gives the correct
11m=OpenAI(temperature=0)
                                                                             date
tools=load_tools(["wikipedia"], llm=llm)
tools.append(date_tool)
agent=initialize agent(tools,
                        11m, agent_type=AgentType.ZERO_SHOT_REACT_DESCRIPTION,
                        verbose=True)
agent.run("What is today's date?")
```





- The agent is designed to interact with Pandas DataFrames, optimized for question answering.
- It functions by calling the Python agent, which executes LLMgenerated Python code.
- •Caution is advised as the Python code generated by the LLM could potentially be harmful.
- https://python.langchain.com/docs/integrations/toolkits/pandas/





```
df_agent.invoke("how many rows and columns are there in the data?")
```

```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
Thought: I need to use the shape attribute of the dataframe to get the number of rows and columns.
Action: python_repl_ast
Action Input: df.shape(32561, 15)32561 rows and 15 columns
Final Answer: There are 32561 rows and 15 columns in the data.

> Finished chain.
{'input': 'how many rows and columns are there in the data?',
   'output': 'There are 32561 rows and 15 columns in the data.'}
```



```
df_agent.invoke("Print all the column names")
```

```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
Thought: I need to access the column names of the dataframe
Action: python_repl_ast
Action Input: df.columnsIndex(['age', 'workclass', 'fnlwgt', 'education', 'education-num',
       'marital-status', 'occupation', 'relationship', 'race', 'sex',
       'capital-gain', 'capital-loss', 'hours-per-week', 'native-country'.
       'Income band'],
     dtype='object')I now know the final answer
Final Answer: ['age', 'workclass', 'fnlwgt', 'education', 'education-num', 'marital-status', 'oc
> Finished chain.
{'input': 'Print all the column names',
 'output': "['age', 'workclass', 'fnlwgt', 'education', 'education-num', 'marital-status',
'occupation', 'relationship', 'race', 'sex', 'capital-gain', 'capital-loss', 'hours-per-week',
'native-country', 'Income band']"}
```



Issues with Agents



Issues with Agents

agent.run("What are the columns that are common in both the datasets?")

'Agent stopped due to iteration limit or time limit.'

Most frequent issue. Gets into an endless loop and stops due to iterations limit





Same Agent, two different results

Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: [Calculator] is not a valid tool, try one of [Calculator].

Thought: I need to use the calculator tool to find the cube root of 999.

Action: [Calculator]

Action: [cateutator]
Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: [Calculator] is not a valid tool, try one of [Calculator].

Thought: I need to use the calculator tool to find the cube root of 999.

Action: [Calculator]
Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: [Calculator] is not a valid tool, try one of [Calculator].

Thought: I need to use the calculator tool to find the cube root of 999.

Action: [Calculator]
Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: [Calculator] is not a valid tool, try one of [Calculator].

Thought: I need to use the calculator tool to find the cube root of 999.

Action: [Calculator]
Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: [Calculator] is not a valid tool, try one of [Calculator].

Thought:

> Finished chain.

'Agent stopped due to iteration limit or time limit.'

> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...

I should use a calculator to find the cube root

Action: Calculator
Action Input: 999

Observation: Answer: 999

Thought: This can't be right, the cube root of 999 should

Action: Calculator

Action Input: 999^(1/3)

Observation: *Answer: 9.99666555493786*

Thought: This seems more accurate

Final Answer: The cube root of 999 is approximately 9.9966

> Finished chain.

'The cube root of 999 is approximately 9.99666555493786.'



Issues with Agents

```
agent_executor.run("What are all the table names in the database?")
BadRequestError
                                                                                                                                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-95-5e48c02b076f> in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 agent executor.run("What are all the table names in the database?")
                                                                                                                            26 frames
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Max tokens issue
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/openai/ base client.py in request(self, cast to
          1018
                                                                       log.debug("Re-raising status error")
          1019
                                                                       raise self._make_status_error_from_response(err.response) from Nor
-> 1020
          1021
          1022
                                                         return self. process response(
BadRequestError: Error code: 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': "This model's maximum context length is 400 - {'error': {'message': {'mes
tokens (56647 in your prompt; 256 for the completion). Please reduce your prompt; or completion lea
 'param': None, 'code': None}}
```



Pandas Al



Pandas Al

- PandasAI is a Python library that facilitates querying data in natural language.
- It supports various data formats like CSV, XLSX, PostgreSQL, MySQL, and more.
- The library aids in exploring, cleaning, and analyzing data using generative AI.
- PandasAI offers data visualization through graphing capabilities.
- It cleanses datasets by addressing and filling missing values.
- Enhances data quality through feature generation for analysis.
- Acts as a comprehensive tool for data scientists and analysts.



Issues - Pandas Dataframe Agent

df_agent.invoke("Create a frequency table for the marital-status column")

```
> Entering new AgentExecutor chain...
Thought: I need to use the value_counts() function to count the number of occurrence
Action: python_repl_ast
Action Input: df['marital-status'].value_counts()marital-status
Married-civ-spouse
                          14976
Never-married
                          10683
 Divorced
                           4443
 Separated
                           1025
Widowed
                            993
Married-spouse-absent
                            418
Married-AF-spouse
                             23
Name: count, dtype: int64 I now know the final answer
Final Answer: The frequency table for the marital-status column is shown above.
> Finished chain.
{'input': 'Create a frequency table for the marital-status column',
 'output': 'The frequency table for the marital-status column is shown above.'}
```



Issues - Pandas Dataframe Agent

df_agent.invoke("Create a bar chart for the occupation column")

```
> Finished chain.
{'input': 'Create a bar chart for the occupation column',
  'output': 'A bar chart showing the distribution of occupations in the dataframe.'}
```



Pandas Al

```
from pandasai import SmartDataframe
import pandas as pd
```

```
#A SmartDataframe inherits all the properties and methods from the pd.DataFrame, but also adds conversational features to it. smart_kc_house_price=SmartDataframe(kc_house_price)
```



Pandas AI - Output

smart_kc_house_price.chat("How many rows and columns are there in the kc_house_price data?")

```
Number of rows: 21613, Number of columns: 21
                id
                                               bedrooms
                                                          bathrooms
                                                                      sqft living \
                                date
                                        price
                                                                8.00
       6762700020
                    20141013T000000
                                      7700000
                                                                             12050
0
                                                       6
       9808700762
                    20140611T000000
                                      7062500
                                                               4.50
                                                                             10040
                                                                              9890
2
       9208900037
                    20140919T000000
                                      6885000
                                                               7.75
                                                       6
3
       2470100110
                    20140804T000000
                                      5570000
                                                                5.75
                                                                              9200
                                                                5.00
                                                                              8000
4
       8907500070
                    20150413T000000
                                      5350000
                                 . . .
                                           . . .
                                                     . . .
                                                                 . . .
                                                                               . . .
21608
       3883800011
                                        82000
                                                                1.00
                    20141105T000000
                                                                              860
21609
       3028200080
                    20150324T000000
                                        81000
                                                                1.00
                                                                               730
21610
       8658300340
                    20140523T000000
                                        80000
                                                               0.75
                                                                              430
21611
         40000362
                    20140506T000000
                                        78000
                                                                1.00
                                                                               780
21612
       3421079032
                    20150217T000000
                                        75000
                                                                0.00
                                                                               670
```



Pandas AI - Output

smart_kc_house_price.chat("Print the Column names in the kc_house_price data.

	Column Names	
0	id	11.
1	date	
2	price	
3	bedrooms	
4	bathrooms	
5	sqft_living	
6	sqft_lot	



Pandas AI – Background code

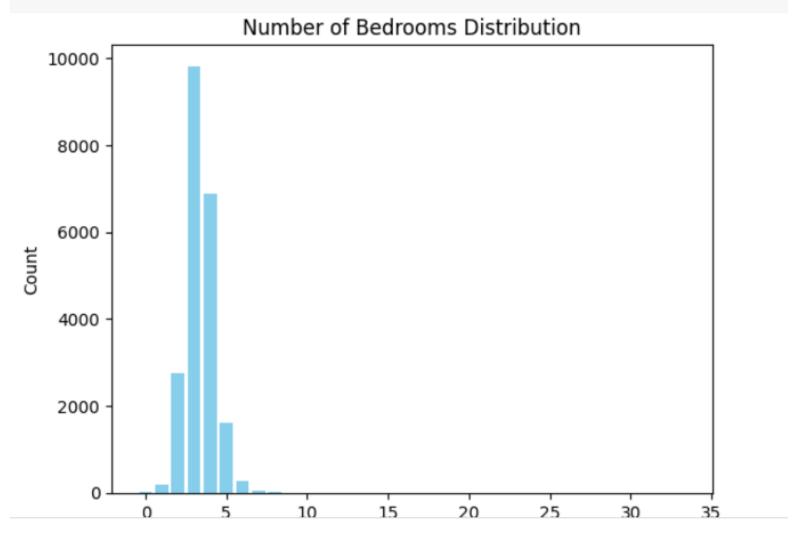
```
# To get idea on the background code
print(smart_kc_house_price.last_code_generated)

data = {'id': [5769269148, 9329940791, 2916065009], 'date': ['20140506T0000000', '201
df = dfs[0]
column_names = df.columns.tolist()
output = pd.DataFrame({'Column Names': column_names})
result = {'type': 'dataframe', 'value': output}
```



Draw Diagrams using pandas Agent

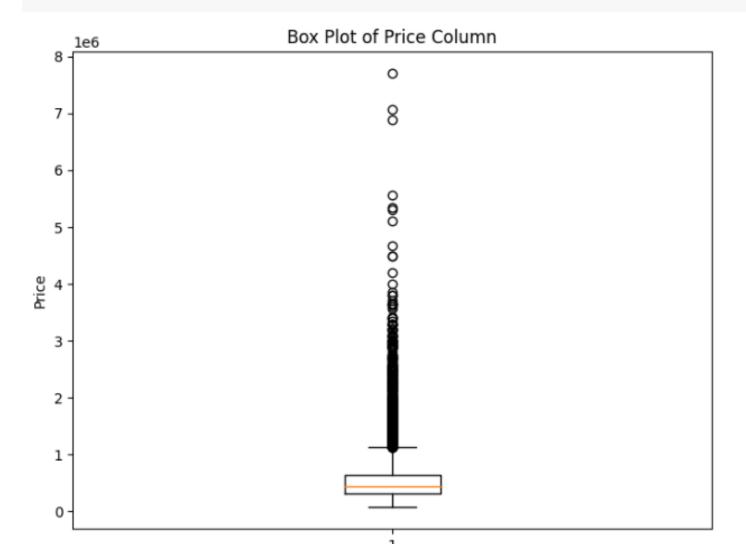
smart_kc_house_price.chat("Plot barchart for the number of bedrooms column")





Draw Diagrams using pandas Agent

smart_kc_house_price.chat("Draw a box plot for the price column in the kc_house_price data.")

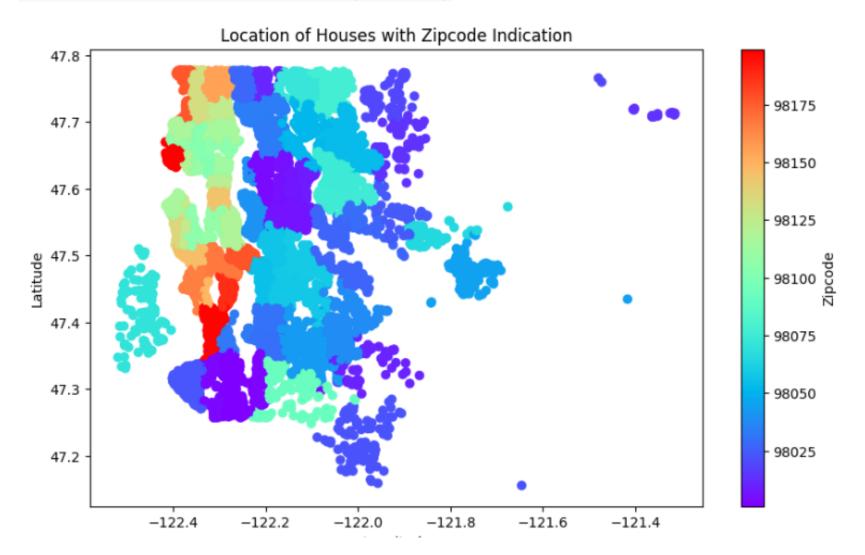


prompt="""



Draw a geo map chat to show the location of the house and indicate zipcode using colour, you Use latitude and longitude values to draw the geo map chart on kc house price data

smart_kc_house_price.chat(prompt)





References



References

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- https://semaphoreci.com/blog/local-llm