1.Longest Substring without Repeating characters

```
class Solution {
public:
  int lengthOfLongestSubstring(string s) {
     int maxLen = 0;
     int I = 0, r = 0;
     unordered_set<char> chars;
     while(r<s.size()){
        while(chars.find(s[r]) != chars.end()){
          chars.erase(s[l]);
          ++|;
        }
        maxLen = max(maxLen,r-l+1);
        chars.insert(s[r]);
        ++r;
     return maxLen;
};
2.Spiral Matrix
class Solution {
public:
  vector<int> spiralOrder(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
     int m = matrix.size();
     vector<int> res;
     int n = matrix[0].size();
     int top = 0, bottom = m - 1, left = 0, right = n - 1;
     while (top <= bottom && left <= right) {
        for (int i = left; i <= right; i++) res.push back(matrix[top][i]);
        top++;
        for (int i = top; i <= bottom; i++) res.push back(matrix[i][right]);
        right--;
        if (top <= bottom) {
          for (int i = right; i >= left; i--) res.push_back(matrix[bottom][i]);
          bottom--;
        if (left <= right) {
          for (int i = bottom; i >= top; i--) res.push_back(matrix[i][left]);
          left++;
        }
     }
     return res;
  }
```

};

3.Remove linked list elements

```
class Solution {
public:
  ListNode* removeElements(ListNode* head, int val) {
     while(head != NULL && head->val == val) {
       head = head->next;
     }
     if(head == NULL){
       return NULL;
     ListNode* curr = head;
     while(curr != NULL && curr->next != NULL ){
       if(curr->next->val == val){
          curr->next = curr->next->next;
       }
       else{
          curr = curr->next;
       }
     return head;
  }
};
4.linked list palindrome
class Solution {
public:
  bool isPalindrome(ListNode* head) {
     stack<int> st;
     if(head == nullptr)
       return false;
     ListNode* curr = head;
     while(curr != nullptr)
       st.push(curr->val);
       curr = curr->next;
     curr = head;
     while(curr != nullptr)
       if(st.top() != curr->val)
```

```
return false;
}
st.pop();
curr = curr->next;
}
return true;

5.Next permutation

class Solution {
public:
    void nextPermutation(vector<int>& nums) {
        next_permutation(nums.begin(), nums.end());
}
};
```