Min quiz 2

a)
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow \Delta \lambda = \lambda_c \left(\frac{1 - (\infty \pi/3)}{2} = \lambda_c \left(\frac{1 - 1/2}{2} \right) = \frac{\lambda_c}{2} \right)$$

b)
$$\frac{3\lambda}{4} - \lambda' = \frac{\lambda_c}{2} \Rightarrow \lambda' = \frac{3\lambda_c}{4} - \frac{\lambda_c}{2} = \frac{\lambda_c}{4}$$

Miss Quiz-3

Model vibrations as

$$\Rightarrow \nu = \frac{kT}{h}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{K}{m}} = \frac{KT}{h} \Rightarrow T \propto m^{-1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow m_2 = 207 \left(\frac{8}{16}\right)^2$$

Min Quiz-4

$$g = \frac{d\omega}{dR} = \frac{3}{2}AR^{1/2}$$

MหาใQพ3-5

$$g(\omega) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} Ae^{-\frac{2\omega t}{\omega}} dt = \frac{A}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{2\omega t}{\omega}}}{\frac{2\omega}{\omega}} \right]_{to}^{-\frac{2\omega t}{\omega}}$$

$$= \frac{A}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{e^{\frac{2\omega t}{\omega}} - e^{-\frac{2\omega t}{\omega}}}{\frac{2\omega}{\omega}} \right] = \frac{A}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[\frac{2\varepsilon \sin(\omega t)}{\frac{2\omega}{\omega}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2ASin(\omega t)}{\omega\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

Mini Quiz-6

$$\psi(z) = A \operatorname{Sin}\left(\frac{n\pi z}{L}\right) \Rightarrow \int \psi \psi^* dx = 1$$

$$\int_0^L A^2 \operatorname{Sin}^2\left(\frac{n\pi z}{L}\right) dx = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow A^2 \int \frac{1 - \operatorname{Coo}\left(\frac{2n\pi z}{L}\right)}{2} dz = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow A^2 \left(\frac{L - o}{2}\right) = 1 \Rightarrow A = \int_L^2 e^{\frac{2\pi o}{L}} dz \text{ receded, but eh...}$$

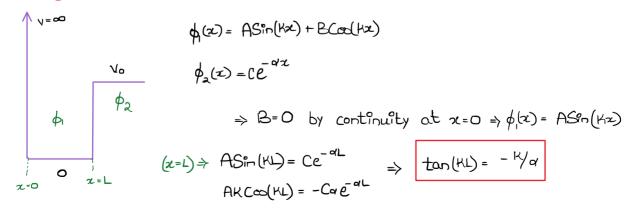
Mini Quiz-7

$$\psi(z) = A Sin\left(\frac{5\pi z}{2L}\right) Cos\left(\frac{\pi z}{2L}\right) = \frac{A}{2} Sin\left(\frac{3\pi z}{L}\right) + \frac{A}{2} Sin\left(\frac{2\pi z}{L}\right)$$

$$k^{2} = \frac{2mE}{\hbar^{2}} \Rightarrow E = \frac{k^{2}h^{2}}{2m} \Rightarrow \langle E \rangle = \left[\left(\frac{3\pi}{L} \right)^{2} \frac{\hbar^{2}}{2m} + \left(\frac{2\pi}{L} \right)^{2} \frac{\hbar^{2}}{2m} \right] (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{13\pi^{2}h^{2}}{4mL}$$

Mini Quiz-8



$$\tan\left(\text{KL}\right) = \frac{-K}{d} \quad \text{where} \quad K = \sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{mv_o}{4\hbar^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{mv_o}}{2\hbar}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{2m(v_o - E)}{\hbar^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{7mv_o}}{2\hbar}$$

$$\tan\left(\sqrt{\frac{mE}{2\hbar}}L\right) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{mE}{2\hbar}}L = -\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{7}}\right)^2$$

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{\hbar^2}}{mL^2}\left[\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}\right)^2\right]$$