



# allvm - Binary Decompile

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Goal & Motivation

Possible Approaches

Our Approach

Present Status



# Research Goal

- Obtain “richer” LLVM IR than native machine code.
- Enable advanced compiler techniques ( e.g. pointer analysis, information flow tracking, automatic vectorization)



# Why “richer” LLVM IR

- Source code analysis not possible
  - IP-protected software
  - Malicious executable
  - Legacy executable
- Source code analysis not sufficient
  - What-you-see-is-not-what-you-execute
- Platform aware and dynamic optimizations



# Outline

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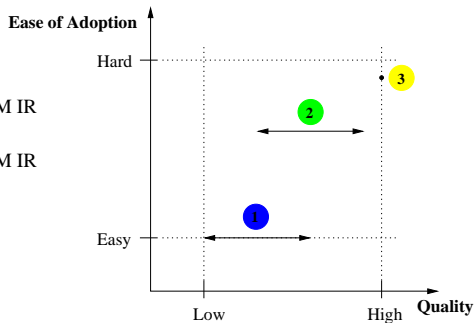


## 3 Possible Approaches

Research Goal: Obtain “richer” LLVM IR than native machine code.

### Possible Approaches

- 1 Decompile Machine Code → LLVM IR
- 2 "Annotated" Machine Code → LLVM IR
- 3 Ship LLVM IR





# Decompile Machine Code $\rightarrow$ LLVM IR

Benefits	Challenges
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Easy to adopt</li><li>• No compiler support needed</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reconstructing code and control flow</li><li>• Variable recovery</li><li>• Type recovery</li><li>• Function &amp; ABI rules recovery</li></ul>

- Tools Available: QEMU, BAP, Dagger, Mcsema, Fracture



## “Annotated” Machine Code $\rightarrow$ LLVM IR

Benefits	Challenges
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Effective reconstruction</li><li>• Minimal compiler support needed</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Annotations to be<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Minimal</li><li>• Compiler &amp; IR independent</li></ul></li><li>• Adoption</li></ul>

- Tools Available: None





# Ship LLVM IR

Benefits	Challenges
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>No loss</i> of information</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Adoption in Non LLVM based compilers</li><li>• Code size bloat</li></ul>

- Tools Available: Portable Native Client, Renderscript, iOS, watchOS, tvOS apps, ThinLTO



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# Our Approach

## Long term goal

Minimal compiler-independent annotations to reconstruct high-quality IR

## Short term goals

- ① Experiment with Machine Code  $\rightarrow$  LLVM IR, to **understand** the challenges better
  - To select from existing decompilation frameworks.
  - Experiment with different variable and type recovery strategies
- ② Design suitable annotations for what cannot be inferred without them



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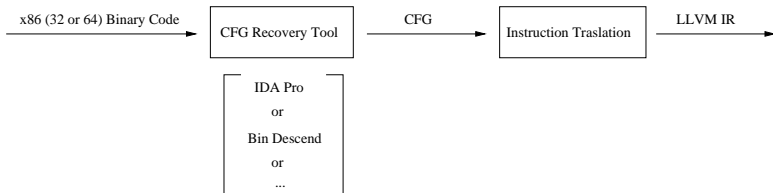
# Present Status

Action Items	Status
Selected “mcsema” among the existing Machine Code $\rightarrow$ LLVM IR solutions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Comparison of mcsema with existing tools</li><li>• Evaluation of mcsema</li></ul>	Done
Literature survey on variable, type, function param recovery	Done
Implementing a variable and type recovery model using mcsema	Ongoing



# Selecting mcsema

- Actively supported and open sourced
- Well documented
- Functional LLVM IR
- Separation of modules: CFG recovery and Instruction translation (CFG  $\rightarrow$  LLVM IR)





# Instruction Translation

- Processor state: Modeled as struct of `ints`
- Processor memory: Modeled as flat array of bytes

start:

```
mov eax, [esp - 4h]
add eax, 1
ret
```

Binary Code

Translation  
→

```
RECOVERED_FUNC ( struct RegisterContext regctx ) :
```

```
    VAR_EAX = regctx.EAX
```

```
    VAR_ESP = regctx.ESP
```

```
    VAR_EAX = [ VAR_ESP - 4 ]
```

```
    VAR_EAX += 1
```

```
    regctx.EAX = VAR_EAX
```

```
    regctx.ESP = VAR_ESP
```

```
END
```

High level view of Recovered Code



# mcsema: Demo

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# Support & Limitations

- What Works
  - Integer Instructions
  - FPU and SSE registers
  - Callbacks, External Call, Jump tables
- In Progress
  - FPU and SSE Instructions: Not fully supported
  - Exceptions
  - Better Optimizations



# Variable, Type, Function Param Recovery

- Enables
  - Fundamental analysis (Dependence, Pointer analysis)
  - Optimizations (register promotion)
- State of the art
  - Divine
    - State of the art variable recovery
  - TIE
    - Type recovery
  - Second Write
    - Heuristics for function parameter detection
    - Scalable variable and type recovery



# Summary

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Today: Functioning translation from Machine Code  $\rightarrow$  executable LLVM IR (IR quality is poor)

Questions ?



## EXTRA SLIDES: WYSNYX

The following compiler (Microsoft C++ .NET) induced vulnerability was discovered during the Windows security push in 2002

```
memset(password, '\0', len);  
free(password);
```

—————>

```
free(password);
```