```
In [1]:
          # Creating Empty String-using quotes
          S1 = ''
In [2]:
          type(S1)
Out[2]: str
In [3]:
          # Creating Empty String-using constructor
          S2 = str()
In [4]:
          type(S2)
         str
Out[4]:
In [5]:
          # Creating Non-Empty String-using quotes
          S3 = 'Python Programming'
In [6]:
          type(S3)
Out[6]: str
 In [7]:
          # Creating Non-Empty String-using constructor
          S4 = str('VIT')
In [8]:
          type(S4)
Out[8]: str
 In [9]:
          print(S1)
          print(S2)
          print(S3)
          print(S4)
         Python Programming
         VIT
In [10]:
          S5 = S3 + S4
          print(S5)
         Python ProgrammingVIT
In [11]:
          print(S3[6])
In [12]:
          print(S3)
          print("ID of S3 : ", id(S3))
          print(S4)
          print("ID of S4 : ", id(S4))
```

```
Python Programming
         ID of S3: 1556499460464
         ID of S4: 1556499540016
In [13]:
          S3 += S4
          print(S3)
          print("ID of S3 : ", id(S3))
          print(S4)
          print("ID of S4 : ", id(S4))
         Python ProgrammingVIT
         ID of S3: 1556499570240
         VIT
         ID of S4: 1556499540016
In [14]:
          print(S3)
         Python ProgrammingVIT
In [15]:
          # Accessing individual elements - indexing (positive indexing)
          S3[21]
         IndexError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-15-0d288034f9e4> in <module>
                1 # Accessing individual elements - indexing (positive indexing)
          ----> 2 S3[21]
         IndexError: string index out of range
In [16]:
          # Accessing individual elements - indexing (negative indexing)
          S3[-5]
Out[16]:
In [17]:
          # Length of the string
          len(S3)
Out[17]: 21
In [18]:
          S3 = "Python Programming, VIT"
          for i in range(0,len(S3),3):
              print(S3[i])
         h
         0
         а
         i
In [19]:
          # Accessing group of elements - slicing
          S3[7:18]
```

```
'Programming'
Out[19]:
In [20]:
          # Accessing group of elements - slicing with step value
          S3[7:18:3]
          'Pgmn'
Out[20]:
In [21]:
          S3[-15:-5:3]
          'Pgmn'
Out[21]:
In [22]:
          # To Capitalize the first character
          Name = 'achu'
          M = Name.capitalize()
          print(Name.capitalize())
          Achu
In [24]:
          # To Align the string in centre
          print(Name.center(9,'*'))
          ***achu**
In [25]:
          S3
          'Python Programming, VIT'
Out[25]:
In [26]:
          # To Count the number of occurrences of a character
          S3.count('M')
Out[26]: 0
In [27]:
          # To Check the substring in the beginning
          S3.startswith('Python')
Out[27]: True
In [28]:
          # To Check the substring at the end
          S3.endswith('VIT')
Out[28]: True
In [29]:
          # To Check whether the string contains all characters as upper case
          S4.isupper()
Out[29]: True
In [30]:
          # To Check whether the string contains all characters as lower case
          S3.islower()
```

```
Out[30]: False
In [31]:
          S = 'VIT'
 In [ ]:
          S.isupper()
 In [ ]:
          S.islower()
In [32]:
          # To find the position of a particular character
          S3.index('I')
Out[32]:
In [33]:
          len(S)
Out[33]: 3
In [34]:
          # To Check whether the string contains all elements as alphabets
          S.isalpha()
Out[34]: True
In [35]:
          # To Check whether the string contains all elements as digits
          S.isdigit()
Out[35]: False
In [36]:
          T = 'VIT12345'
In [37]:
          # To Check whether the string contains all elements as alphabets & digits
          T.isalnum()
Out[37]: True
In [38]:
          S
          'VIT'
Out[38]:
In [39]:
          # To Convert all the elements into upper case
          S.lower()
Out[39]:
          'vit'
In [40]:
          S3
Out[40]:
          'Python Programming, VIT'
```

```
In [41]:
          # To Convert all the elements into lower case
          S3.lower()
Out[41]: 'python programming, vit'
In [42]:
          S3.upper()
Out[42]: 'PYTHON PROGRAMMING, VIT'
In [43]:
          # To Convert the first character in each word into upper case
          Course = "computer programming python"
          Course.title()
         'Computer Programming Python'
Out[43]:
In [44]:
          # To swap upper to lower and lower to upper cases
          S3.swapcase()
         'pYTHON pROGRAMMING, vit'
Out[44]:
In [45]:
          # To split the group of characters using the delimiters
          print(S3)
          S3.split(',')
         Python Programming, VIT
         ['Python Programming', 'VIT']
In [46]:
          S4 = "Python* Java* C* C++* FORTRAN* BASIC"
          S4.split('*')
Out[46]: ['Python', 'Java', 'C', 'C++', 'FORTRAN', 'BASIC']
In [47]:
          # To find the element with maximum ASCII value
          max(S3)
         'у'
Out[47]:
In [48]:
          # To find the element with minimum ASCII value
          min(S3)
Out[48]:
In [49]:
          # To remove spaces on left side
          Q = '
                     VIT
          Q.lstrip()
          'VIT
Out[49]:
In [50]:
          # To remove spaces on right side
          Q.rstrip()
```

```
VIT'
Out[50]:
In [51]:
           # To remove spaces on both left and right side
          Q.strip()
          'VIT'
Out[51]:
 In [ ]:
          S3
In [54]:
           # To Replace a substring with another substring
           S3.replace('C', 'Java')
          'Python Programming, VIT'
Out[54]:
In [55]:
           temp = 'A'
In [56]:
           # To find the ASCII value of a character
           ord(temp)
Out[56]: 65
In [57]:
           # To find the character of an ASCII value
           chr(100)
Out[57]:
In [58]:
          S3
          'Python Programming, VIT'
Out[58]:
In [59]:
          S3[-5:-16:-1]
          'gnimmargorP'
Out[59]:
 In [ ]:
```