BST and Traversing

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct tree *node; //typedef assigns alternative names to existing data
types
node insert(int,node T);
void preorder(node T);
void inorder(node T);
void postorder(node T);
struct tree
{
    int data;
    struct tree *right,*left;
}*root;
int main(void)
{
  node T=NULL;
  int data,ch,i=0,n;
  printf("Enter the no. of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("\n The elements are:\n");
  while(i<n)
  {
        scanf("%d",&data);
        T=insert(data,T);i++;
  }
```

```
do
printf("\n1.preorder\t2.inorder\t3.postorder\t4.exit\n");
printf("Enter the choice:");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch)
{
      case 1:
         printf("Preorder Traversal\n");
         preorder(T);
         break;
      case 2:
         printf("Inorder Traversal\n");
         inorder(T);
         break;
      case 3:
         printf("Postorder Traversal\n");
         postorder(T);
         break;
      case 4:
          exit(0);
}
}while(ch<5);</pre>
system("pause");
}
```

```
node insert(int x,node T)
{
  struct tree *newnode;
  newnode=malloc(sizeof(struct tree));
  if(T==NULL)
   {
          newnode->data=x;
          newnode->left=NULL;
          newnode->right=NULL;
          T=newnode;
           }
   else
     if(x < T -> data)
     T->left=insert(x,T->left);
      else
     T->right=insert(x,T->right);
     return T;
}
void preorder(node T)
  if(T!=NULL)
   {
         printf("%d\t",T->data);
         preorder(T->left);
```

```
preorder(T->right);
void inorder(node T)
{
  if(T!=NULL)
   {
         inorder(T->left);
         printf("%d\t",T->data);
         inorder(T->right);
          }
void postorder(node T)
{
  if(T!=NULL)
   {
         postorder(T->left);
         postorder(T->right);
         printf("%d\t",T->data);
         }}
```