

1. Let X is a Discrete Random Variable whose Probability distribution is given below.

$X:$	0	1	2	3
$P(X):$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{24}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

Find the

Expected value of $h(x) = (x-1)^2$

Sol: :-

$$E[(x-1)^2] = \sum_x (x-1)^2 p(x)$$

$$= (0-1)^2 \times \frac{1}{3} + (1-1)^2 \times \frac{1}{2} +$$

$$(2-1)^2 \times \frac{1}{24} + (3-1)^2 \times \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + 0 + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{8+1+12}{24} = \frac{\cancel{24}}{\cancel{24}} \frac{7}{8}$$

$E[x^2] = 7/8$ "

If X is a R.V. whose pdf is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad \text{Find}$$

the expected value of $h(x) = e^{3x/4}$

Sol :-

$$E[e^{3x/4}] = \int_0^{\infty} e^{3x/4} \cdot e^{-x} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} e^{x[\frac{x}{4}-1]} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x/4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{-e^{-x/4}}{1/4} \right]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= -4[0 - 1] = 4$$

3. The Joint Probability distribution of X and Y is as follows

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{30}(x+y), \quad \begin{array}{l} x = 0, 1, 2, 3 \\ y = 0, 1, 2 \end{array}$$

Find $E[2x - y]$.

$$E[2X - Y] = 2 \underbrace{E[X]} - \underbrace{E[Y]}$$

$X \backslash Y$	0	1	2	3	$P(Y)$
0	$f(0,0) = 0$	$f(1,0) = 1/30$	$2/30$	$3/30$	$\frac{6}{30} = 1/5$
1	$1/30$	$2/30$	$3/30$	$4/30$	$\frac{10}{30} = 1/3$
2	$2/30$	$3/30$	$4/30$	$5/30$	$\frac{14}{30} = 7/15$
$P(X)$	$1/10$	$1/5$	$3/10$	$2/5$	1

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 x: & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
 p(x): & \frac{3}{30} & \frac{6}{30} & \frac{9}{30} & \frac{12}{30}
 \end{array}$$

$$E(x) = \sum_x x p(x)$$

$$= \left(0 \times \frac{3}{30}\right) + \left(1 \times \frac{6}{30}\right) + \left(2 \times \frac{9}{30}\right) + \left(3 \times \frac{12}{30}\right)$$

$$= 0 + \frac{6}{30} + \frac{18}{30} + \frac{36}{30} = \frac{60}{30} = 2$$

4	0	1	2
	6	10	14
$P(x)$:	$\frac{6}{30}$	$\frac{10}{30}$	$\frac{14}{30}$

$$E(x) = \sum_x x P(x)$$

$$= 0 + \left(\frac{10}{30}\right) + \left(\frac{28}{30}\right)$$

$$= \frac{38}{30} = \frac{19}{15} //$$

$$E[2x-7] = 2E(x) - E(7)$$

$$= 2(2) - \frac{19}{15}$$

$$= 4 - \frac{19}{15}$$

$$= \frac{60 - 19}{15} = \frac{41}{15} //$$