

**School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence**

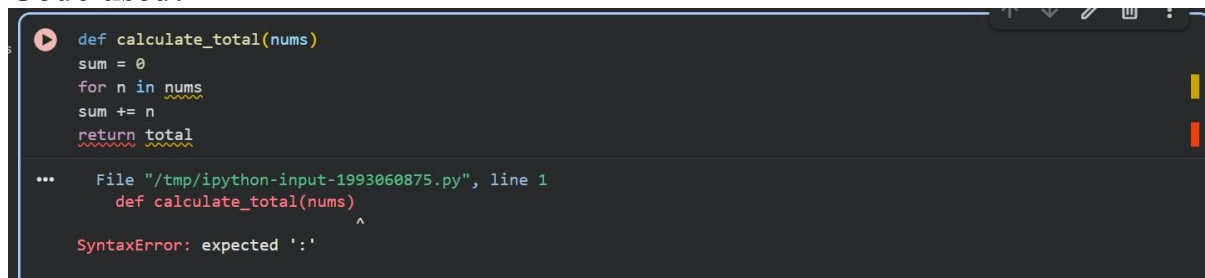
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**Lab Assignment # 10.2**

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<b>Program</b>	<b>: B. Tech (CSE)</b>
<b>Specialization</b>	<b>: -</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>: AI Assisted Coding</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>: 23CS002PC304</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>II</b>
<b>Academic Session</b>	<b>: 2025-2026</b>
<b>Name of Student</b>	<b>: I.R.Akash Reddy</b>
<b>Enrollment No.</b>	<b>: 2403A51L30</b>
<b>Batch No.</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>Date</b>	<b>: 10/02/26</b>

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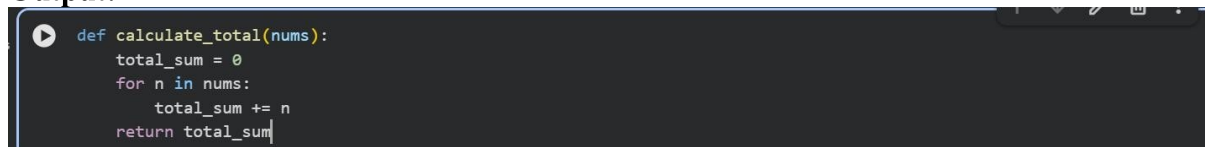
**Submission Starts here****Screenshots:****Task Description -1(Error Detection and Correction)****Code used:**

```
def calculate_total(nums)
sum = 0
for n in nums
sum += n
return total

... File "/tmp/ipython-input-1993060875.py", line 1
def calculate_total(nums)
    ^
SyntaxError: expected ':'
```

**Prompt:**

Correct the code and give brief explanations of the identified syntax and logic errors.

**Output:**

```
def calculate_total(nums):
    total_sum = 0
    for n in nums:
        total_sum += n
    return total_sum
```

**Explanation:**

1) Missing colons: Python requires a colon : at the end of def (function definition) and for (loop definition) statements.

2) Variable shadowing: I renamed the sum variable to total\_sum to avoid overwriting Python's built-in sum() function, which can lead to unexpected behavior.

3) Undefined variable: The function was trying to return total, but the variable was named sum (or total\_sum after the fix). I've corrected it to return total\_sum.

## Task Description -2(Code Style Standardization)

### Code Used:

```
def findSum(a,b):return a+b
print(findSum(5,10))
```

### Prompt:

convert the code to follow standard style conventions.

### Output:

```
def find_sum(a, b):
    return a + b

print(find_sum(5, 10))
```

## Task Description -3(Code Clarity Improvement)

### Code used:

```
def f(x,y):
    return x-y*2
print(f(10,3))
```

File "/tmp/ipython-input-2982719317.py", line 2  
 return x-y\*2  
 ^  
IndentationError: expected an indented block after function definition on line 1

### Prompt:

rewrite the code with meaningful function and variable names, proper indentation, and improved clarity.

### Output:

```
def calculate_value(first_number, second_number):
    """Calculates the first number minus two times the second number."""
    result = first_number - (second_number * 2)
    return result

# Example usage with meaningful variable names for the call
input_a = 10
input_b = 3
output = calculate_value(input_a, input_b)
print(output)
```

## Task Description -4(Structural Refactoring)

### Code used:

```
print("Hello Ram")
print("Hello Sita")
print("Hello Ravi")

... Hello Ram
Hello Sita
Hello Ravi
```

### Prompt:

make the code modular using reusable functions to eliminate repetition.

### Output:

```
def greet_person(name):
    print(f"Hello {name}")

greet_person("Ram")
greet_person("Sita")
greet_person("Ravi")

... Hello Ram
Hello Sita
Hello Ravi
```

## Task Description -5(Efficiency Enhancement)

### Code used:

```
numbers = [ ]
for i in range(1, 500000):
    numbers.append(i * i)
print(len(numbers))

... 499999
```

### Prompt:

Optimize the code to achieve the same result with improved performance.

### Output:

```
numbers = [i * i for i in range(1, 500000)]
print(len(numbers))

... 499999
```