Original/Revised: Original

Date: Sep 23rd, 2019

I(a.) If you have installed *gem5* and *PARSEC* on your laptop discuss briefly:

• When and how you tested the installation, what was the input, did you run a test case:

Installed on: Sep 16th, 2019

Building Gem5 (Platform Ubuntu):

- o Pre-requisites:
 - > sudo apt install build-essential git m4 scons zlib1g zliblq-dev libprotobuf-dev protobuf-compiler libprotocdev libgoogle-perftools-dev python-dev python
- Clone the Gem5 repository
 - > git clone https://gem5.googlesource.com/public/gem5
- o Build the opt file
 - > scons build/ARM/gem5.opt -j<number of cores>

```
root@vm=cda31U6:/opt/gem5# Cons build/ARM/gem5.opt -j4
root@vm=cda51U6:/opt/gem5# echo "Build Gem5.opt for ARM"
root@vm=cda51U6:/opt/gem5# scons build/ARM/gem5.opt -j4
root@vm=cda51U6:/opt/gem5# scons build/ARM/gem5.opt -j4
scons: Reading SConscript files ...
You're missing the gem5 style or commit message hook. These hooks help
to ensure that your code follows gem5's style rules on git commit.
This script will now install the hook in your .git/hooks/ directory.
Press enter to continue, or ctrl-c to abort:
Warning: Your compiler doesn't support incremental linking and Ito at the same time, so Ito is being disabled.
To force Ito on anyway, use the —-force-Ito option. That will disable partial linking.
Info: Using Python config: /usr/bin/python2.7-config
Thecking for C header file Python. h... yes
Thecking for C library python2.7... yes
Thecking for C library pthon2.7... yes
Thecking for C library dl... yes
Thecking for C library util... yes
Thecking for C library util... yes
Thecking for C library m... yes
Thecking for C accept(0,0,0) in C++ library None... yes
Thecking for zlibVersion() in C++ library z... yes
```

Figure 1: Building Gem5 opt file for ARM

Testing the build Gem5: (SE Mode)

Run the following command from the Gem5 directory: > ./build/ARM/gem5.opt configs/example/arm/starter_se.py -cpu="minor" tests/test-progs/hello/bin/arm/linux/hello The output will be "Hello World" on the screen

```
akash@vm-cda5106:/opt/gem5$ sudo ./build/ARM/gem5.opt configs/example/arm/starte
r_se.py --cpu="minor" tests/test-progs/hello/bin/arm/linux/hello
gem5 Simulator System. <u>http://gem5.org</u>
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.
gem5 compiled Sep 21 2019 01:08:26
gem5 started Sep 24 2019 03:05:13
gem5 executing on vm-cda5106, pid 49253
command line: ./build/ARM/gem5.opt configs/example/arm/starter se.py --cpu=minor
 tests/test-progs/hello/bin/arm/linux/hello
info: 1. command and arguments: ['tests/test-progs/hello/bin/arm/linux/hello']
Global frequency set at 1000000000000 ticks per second
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range assign
ed (1024 Mbytes)
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range assign
ed (1024 Mbytes)
0: system.remote_gdb: listening for remote gdb on port 7000 info: Entering event queue @ 0. Starting simulation... warn: CP14 unimplemented crn[14], opc1[7], crm[15], opc2[7]
Hello world!
exiting with last active thread context @ 24087000
```

Figure 2:SE Mode "Hello World"

Errors encountered:

1. Module 'six' not found

```
root@vm-cda5106:/opt/gem5# echo "Build Gem5.opt for ARM"
Build Gem5.opt for ARM myact ardenyllasorian... gu
root@vm-cda5106:/opt/gem5# scons build/ARM/gem5.opt -j4
scons: Reading SConscript files ...
ImportError: No module named six:
File "/opt/gem5/SConstruct", line 102:
    from m5.util import compareVersions, readCommand
File "/opt/gem5/src/python/m5/util/__init__.py", line 48:
    from . import convert
File "/opt/gem5/src/python/m5/util/convert.py", line 31:
    import six
```

Figure 3: No module named six

Solution: Module 'six' is a python module can be installed using 'pip'

> pip install six

2. Header file not found 'boost/bind.hpp'

Figure 4: Header file missing 'boost/bind.hpp'

Solution: Use apt-get to install the package
> apt-get install libboost-all-dev

Simulation of Full-System steps for Gem5 (Platform Ubuntu):

Architecture: ARMv8 (64-bit), HPI (In-order)

- o Get system disk images, binaries/kernel, DTB files
 - > wget http://www.gem5.org/dist/current/arm/aarch-system-20170616.tar.xz
- o Extract the files, in a new folder
 - > mkdir fullsystem
 - > cd fullsystem
 - > tar xvfJ aarch-system-20170616.tar.xz
- o Define the environment variable to the disks

```
> echo "export FS_PATH=/path_to_aarch-system-20170616_dir/"
>> ~/.bashrc
```

> source ~/. bashrc

Note: By default, the scripts have path stated as "M5_PATH", defining it as something else require to change the variable in the simulation scripts.

<u>Testing simple FS simulation Gem5</u>: (Minor CPU Mode)

- Execute a simple FS simulation:
 - > ./build/ARM/gem5.opt
 configs/example/arm/starter_fs.py --cpu="minor" -num-cores=1 --disk-image=\$FS_PATH/disks/linarominimal-aarch64.img

```
root@vm-cda5106:/opt# ls
fullsystem gem5
root@vm-cda5106:/opt# cd gem5 d binaries directories ie the path to the arch-extam-20170616
root@vm-cda5106:/opt/gem5# $6EM5/build/ARM/gem5.opt /opt/gem5/configs/example/arm/starter_
fs.py --cpu="minor" --num-cores=1 --disk-image=$FS_PATH/disks/linaro-minimal-aarch64.img
gem5 Simulator System. http://gem5.org 70616 pai. 22
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.

gem5 compiled Sep 21 2019 01:08:26
gem5 started Sep 22 2019 18:04:39
gem5 executing on vm-cda5106, pid 15672
command line: /opt/gem5/build/ARM/gem5.opt /opt/gem5/configs/example/arm/starter_fs.py --c
pu=minor --num-cores=1 --disk-image=/opt/fullsystem/disks/linaro-minimal-aarch64.img

Filename: vmlinux.vexpress_gem5_v1_64.20170616 Filepath binaries/vmlinux.vexpress_gem5_v
1_64.20170616 Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456db40> On Script and Titak
Filename: /opt/fullsystem/disks/linaro-minimal-aarch64.img Filepath /opt/fullsystem/disk
$/linaro-minimal-aarch64.img Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm64 Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm64 Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm64 Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7f908456daf0>
Filenam
```

Figure 5: FS mode, CPU="minor"

- Create a new session and attach the terminal to the simulation using the following command
 - > telnet localhost 3456

```
akash@vm-cda5106:~$ telnet localhost 3456
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
 Escape character is '^]'
               m5 slave terminal: Terminal 0 ====
 n5 checkpoit
m5 checkpoint
[ 0.000000] Booting Linux on physical CPU 0x0
[ 0.000000] Booting Linux on physical CPU 0X0
[ 0.000000] Initializing cgroup subsys cpu
[ 0.000000] Linux version 4.4.0+ (root@bbdeb8fab105) (gcc version 5.4.0 20160609 (Ubunt u/Linaro 5.4.0-6ubuntul~16.04.4) ) #1 SMP PREEMPT Fri Jun 16 09:13:26 UTC 2017
[ 0.000000] Boot CPU: AArch64 Processor [410fc0f0]
[ 0.000000] Memory limited to 2048MB
[ 0.000000] cma: Reserved 16 MiB at 0x00000000ff000000
[ 0.000000] PERCPU: Embedded 15 pages/cpu @ffffffc07efda000 s23320 r8192 d29928 u61440
[ 0.000000] Detected PTPT I-cache on CPU0
                 0.000000] Detected PIPT I-cache on CPU0 on same name in the library discourt in some of 0.000000] Built 1 zonelists in Zone order, mobility grouping on. Total pages: 516096 0.000000] Kernel command line: console=ttyAMA0 lpj=19988480 norandmaps root=/dev/vda1
                 0.000000] PID hash table entries: 4096 (order: 3, 32768 bytes)
0.000000] Dentry cache hash table entries: 262144 (order: 9, 2097152 bytes)
0.000000] Inode-cache hash table entries: 131072 (order: 8, 1048576 bytes)
0.000000] software IO TLB [mem 0xf8a00000-0xfca00000] (64MB) mapped at [ffffffc078a00
   00-ffffffc07c9fffff]
                  0.000000] Memory: 1970556K/2097152K available (5342K kernel code, 347K rwdata, 1964K
| 0.0000000| | Neimory | 197050K/203712K available | 19342K kerner Code 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     246 GB)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         8 GB maximum)
32 MB actual)
                                                                                                                0xffffffbdc2000000 - 0xffffffbdc4000000
                   0.000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 4108 KB)
16 MB)
64 MB)
2048 MB)
232 KB)
                                                                        0.000000
                  0.0000001
                  0.0000001
                                                                        0.000000]
                   0.000000
                  0.0000001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 7311 KB)
                  0.000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     348 KB)
                  0.000000] SLUB: HWalign=64, Order=0-3, MinObjects=0, CPUs=1, Nodes=1 0.000000] Preemptible hierarchical RCU implementation.
                 0.000000] Build-time adjustment of leaf fanout to 64.
0.000000] RCU restricting CPUs from NR_CPUS=256 to nr_cpu_ids=1.
0.000000] RCU: Adjusting geometry for rcu_fanout_leaf=64, nr_cpu_ids=1.
0.000000] NR IRQS:64 nr irqs:64 0
```

Figure 6: Telnet to the FS simulation

Compiling PARSEC Benchmarks:

```
    Download PARSEC files and extract
```

```
> wget http://parsec.cs.princeton.edu/download/3.0/parsec-
3.0.tar.gz
> tar -xvzf parsec-3.0.tar.gz
```

 To enable the benchmark to work on ARM, cross compiling on x86 is to be enabled, for this a few patches are applied to enable it to generate static binaries.
 Get the arm-rsk repository from github:

```
> wget https://github.com/arm-university/arm-gem5-rsk.git
STEP1: From the Parsec3.0 directory apply the static-path.diff
> patch -p1 < ../arm-gem5-rsk/parsec_patches/static-patch.diff</pre>
```

STEP2: To recognize the ARM AArch64 architecture, replace the config.guess and config.sub files.

```
> mkdir tmp; cd tmp
> wget -O config.guess
'http://git.savannah.gnu.org/gitweb/?p=config.git;
a=blob_plain;f=config.guess;hb=HEAD'
> wget -O config.sub
'http://git.savannah.gnu.org/gitweb/?p=config.git;
a=blob_plain;f=config.sub;hb=HEAD'
> cd /opt/parsec-3.0
```

```
> find . -name "config.guess" -type f -print -execdir cp {}
config.guess_old \;
> find . -name "config.guess" -type f -print -execdir cp
/opt/tmp/config.guess {} \;
> find . -name "config.sub" -type f -print -execdir cp {}
config.sub_old \;
> find . -name "config.sub" -type f -print -execdir cp
/opt/tmp/config.sub {} \;
```

O Download the aarch64-linux-gnu toolchain from Linaro:

x86 64 aarch64-linux-gnu.tar.xz

> wget
https://releases.linaro.org/components/toolchain/binaries/l
atest-5/aarch64-linux-gnu/gcc-linaro-5.5.0-2017.10-

- Change the CC_HOME and the BINUTIL_HOME in the xcompile-patch.diff to point to the downloaded <gcc-linaro directory> (/opt/gcc-linaro-5.5.0-2017.10-x86_64_aarch64-linux-gnu) and <gcc-linaro directory>/aarch64-linux-gnu directories.
- Go to the parsec-3.0 directory and apply the xcompile-patch.diff
 patch -p1 < .../arm-gem5-rsk/parsec_patches/xcompile-patch.diff
- Add the following env variable to .bashrc file and source it
 export PARSECPLAT="aarch64-linux"
- Source the env.sh file in the parsec-3.0 directorysource env.sh

Build the PARSEC benchmark

Figure 7: Building PARSEC BlackScholes

Running PARSEC Benchmarks:

 The gem5 FS mode does not support shared directories with the host, also the distributed image used for FS simulation does not have enough free space to allocate to PARSEC binaries. So, expand the image.

```
> cp linaro-minimal-aarch64.img expanded-linaro-minimal-
   aarch64.img
   Add space to the new partition
   > dd if=/dev/zero bs=1G count=5 >> ./expanded-linaro-
   minimal-aarch64.img
   > sudo parted expanded-linaro-minimal-aarch64.img
   resizepart 1 100%

    Calculate the disk sector

   > mkdir disk mnt
   > name=$(sudo fdisk -1 expanded-linaro-minimal-aarch64.img
     | tail -1 | awk -F: '{ print $1 }' | awk -F" " '{ print
     $1 }')
   > start sector=$(sudo fdisk -l expanded-linaro-minimal-
     aarch64.img | grep $name | awk -F" " '{ print $2 }')
   > units=$(sudo fdisk -1 expanded-linaro-minimal-aarch64.img
     | grep ^Units | awk -F" " '{ print $8 }')
o Mount the expanded disk space to the expanded image:
   > mount -o loop, offset=$(($start sector*$units)) expanded-
     linaro-minimal-aarch64.img disk mnt
• Resize the file system and verify it using the 'df' command:
   > resize2fs /dev/loop<X> (X is the number of the mount)
   > df -h
• Copy the compiled Parsec-3.0 to the mounted image and then unmount it:
   > cp -r /path to compiled parsec-3.0 dir/
   disk mnt/home/root
   > umount disk mnt
• Create a simulation script for the required package (Frequine):
   > cd arm-gem5-rsk/parsec rcs
   > bash gen rcs.sh -i <simsmall/simmedium/simlarge> -p
   freqmine -n <nth>
   -n: number of threads to use for the script
• Run the simulation with the expanded image and the simulation script:
   > ./build/ARM/gem5.opt -d fs results/freqmine
   configs/example/arm/starter fs.py --cpu="hpi" --num-cores=2
   --disk-image=$FS PATH/disks/expanded-linaro-minimal-
   aarch64.img --
   script=benchmarks scripts/freqmine simsmall 5.rcS
```

```
root@vm-cda5106:/opt/gem5# ./build/ARM/gem5.opt -d fs_results/freqmine configs/example/a
rm/starter_fs.py --cpu="hpi" --num-cores=2 --disk-image=$FS_PATH/disks/expanded-linaro-m
inimal-aarch64.img --script=benchmark_scripts/freqmine_simsmall_5.rcS
gem5 Simulator System. <a href="http://gem5.org">http://gem5.org</a>
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.
gem5 compiled Sep 21 2019 01:08:26
gem5 started Sep 23 2019 17:33:59
gem5 started 3ep 23 2019 17.33.39
gem5 executing on vm-cda5106, pid 16080
command line: ./build/ARM/gem5.opt -d fs_results/freqmine configs/example/arm/starter_fs
.py --cpu=hpi --num-cores=2 --disk-image=/opt/fullsystem/disks/expanded-linaro-minimal-a
arch64.img --script=benchmark_scripts/freqmine_simsmall_5.rcS
Filename: vmlinux.vexpress_gem5_v1_64.20170616 Filepath binaries/vmlinux.vexpress_gem5
_vl_64.20170616 Paths <generator object <genexpr> at 0x7fa79ac8dc30>
Filename: /opt/fullsystem/disks/expanded-linaro-minimal-aarch64.img Filepath /opt/full
system/disks/expanded-linaro-minimal-aarch64.img Paths <generator object <genexpr> at
0x7fa79ac8dc30>
Filename: boot_emm.arm64 Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm64 Paths <generator object <g
enexpr> at 0x7fa79ac8dc30>
Filename: boot_emm.arm Filepath binaries/boot_emm.arm Paths <generator object <genex
pr> at 0x7fa79ac8dc30>
Global frequency set at 1000000000000000 ticks per second
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range assigned (2048
 Mbytes)
info: kernel located at: /opt/fullsystem/binaries/vmlinux.vexpress_gem5_v1_64.20170616
warn: Bootloader entry point 0x10 overriding reset address 0
warn: Highest ARM exception-level set to AArch32 but bootloader is for AArch64. Assuming
you wanted these to match.
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdDiv
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdReduceAdd
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdReduceAlu
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdReduceCmp dilbe
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdFloatReduceAdd
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdFloatReduceCmp
warn: No functional unit for OpClass SimdAes
```

Figure 8: Executing FS Simulation

I(b.) If you used the already installed software on *Eustis*:

When and how you tested the installation, what was the input, did you run a test case:

The problems you encountered and how you solved them.

II. The type of experiment you intend to perform. Provide enough details:

Try and vary the system cache sizes to monitor change in read/write miss rates and power consumption variation.

III. Why did you choose this particular experiment?

Memory hierarchy has been covered in class and performance and optimization was at forefront. The purpose of the experiment is to test the theory on our own.

- IV. Did you find literature describing an identical or similar experiment?
- V. The simulation mode (I strongly suggest the FS mode):

Full System (ARM V8 64Bit)

- VI. The CPU and the memory models (I suggest CPU modes c or d): High Performance In-Order (HPI)
- VII. The input: specify the PARSEC benchmark name or list the code: Freqmine
- VIII. What is the running time of the test you performed? One test Run of Frequine with small data set took 47 mins
- IX. How confident are you that the experiment you propose is feasible?

 Using Microsoft Azure cloud to host the machines for simulation, so resources are not an issue.