

71. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int k=10;
    switch(k)
    {
        case '5':
        case '10':
            k++;
            continue;
        case '15':
        case '20':
            k--;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

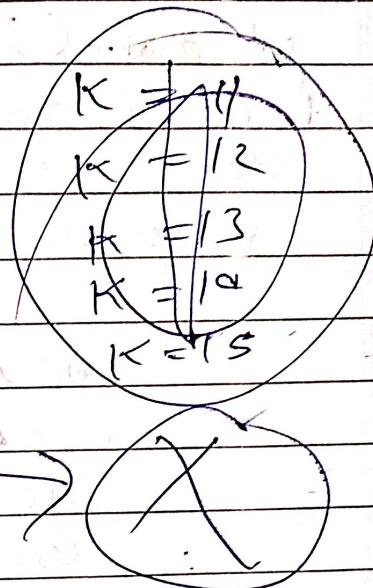
- (a) 10
- (b) 11
- (c) Error
- (d) No output

(C) 72) #include <stdio.h>

```

int main()
{
    int k = 10;
    switch (k)
    {
        case '5':
        case '10':
            k++;
            continue;
        case '5':
        case '10':
            k--;
    }
    return 0;
}

```



Error, because
~~continue can't~~
~~be used~~
~~inside~~ switch.

(C) Error As

72. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int var=2,x=1,y=2;
    switch(var)
    {
        case x:
            x++;
            break;
        case y:
            y++;
            break;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

- (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) Error

① ~~#include <stdio.h>~~
int main()
{ int var = 2; x = 1, y = 2;
switch (var) → ②
{ case ③:
 n++; break;
 case ④:
 y++; break;
 }
y instead of n
→ Constant

Teacher's Signature.....

Error, because
constant can't
be used in
case

73. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, total=0;
```

```
    for(i=1; i<=10; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    switch(i)
```

```
{
```

```
    case 1:
```

```
        break;
```

```
    case 4:
```

```
        break;
```

```
    case 5:
```

```
        break;
```

```
    case 7:
```

```
        break;
```

```
        total+=i;
```

```
        break;
```

```
    default:
```

```
        continue;
```

```
}
```

```
    printf("%d\t",i);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("total=%d\n", total);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

(a) 1 4 5 7 total = 17

(b) 1 5 4 7 total = 15

(c) 1 7 5 4 total = 14

(d) 5 4 7 1 total = 17

Q) 73) `#include <stdio.h>`
`int main ()`
`{ int i, total = 0;`
`for (i=1; i<=10; i++)`
`{ switch(i)`
 `{`
 `Case 1:`
 `Case 2:`
 `Case 3:`
 `Case 4:`
 `Case 5:`
 `Case 6:`
 `Case 7:`
 `total = total + i;`
 `default:`
 `break;`
 `}`
 `printf ("%d", i);`
 `printf ("total = %d", total);`
 `return 0;`

A) 1 4 5 6 7 total = 17

74. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int x=2,y=20;
    switch(x)
    {
        y=30;
        case 1:
            y++;
            break;
        case 2:
            y--;
            break;
        default:
            y=y+2;
    }
    printf("y is %d\n",y);
    return 0;
}
```

b 74 → #include <stdio.h>
int main()

{ int x = 2, y = 20;

switch (x)

{ y = 30;

case 1:

y +=

break;

case 2:

y -- break;

default:

y = y + 2;

printf("%d", y);

return 0;

ignored by compiler

y = y - 1

y = 19

6

y is 19

75. What is the output of the following program?

```
/*(i)*/
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int a=5;
    begin:
    if(a)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a);
        a--;
        goto begin;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

/*(ii)*/

#include<stdio.h>

int main(void)

{

 int a=5;

 begin:

 if(a)

 printf("%d ",a);

 a--;

 goto begin;

 return 0;

}

(a) (i) 5 4 3 2 1

(b) (i) 5 4 3 2 1

 (ii) 5 5 4 3 2

 (ii) infinite loop

(c) (i) 1 2 3 4 5

(d) None of these

 (ii) No output

75)

/* i */

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

{ int a=5;

begin:

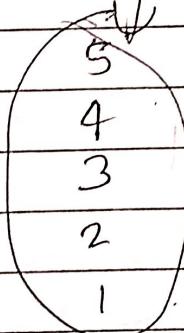
if (a)

{ printf("%d", a);

a = - ; } a=a-1

goto begin;

return 0;



(b) (i) 5 4 3 2 1

(ii) Infinite Loop

/* i */

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

{ int a=5;

begin:

if (a) → if (5) // True

printf("%d", a);

a = - ;

goto begin;

return 0;

infinite loop

76. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int a,b;
    /* (a) */
    while(-1)
    {
        printf("Test Loop\n");
    }
    /* (b) */
    while(!0)
    {
        printf("Test Loop\n");
    }
```

```
/*(c) */ main()
{
    while(0)
    {
        printf("Test Loop\n");
    }
}

/* (d) */
a=0;
while(a=0)
{
    printf("Test Loop\n");
}

/* (e) */
a=0;
while(a=2)
{
    printf("Test Loop\n");
}

/* (f) */
a=0,b=1;
while(a=b)
{
    printf("Test Loop\n");
}

/* (g) */
a=1,b=0;
while(a=b)
{
    printf("Test Loop\n");
}

return 0;
}
```

763

#include < stdio.h >

int main()

{ int a, b;

/*(a)*

while(-i) { printf("Test Loop"); }

/*(b)* while(!0) { printf("Test Loop"); }

/*(c)* while(0) { /* }

a=0; while(a=0) { /* }

a=2; while(a=2) { /* }

a=0, b=1; while(a=b) { /* }

a=1, b=0; while(a=b) { /* }

return 0; }

a=b | b=1

a=1 |

always true

Conclusion

/*a */ → Infinite Loop

/*b */ → Infinite Loop

/*c */ → False (No Loop)

/*d */ → False (No Loop)

/*e */ → Infinite Loop

/*f */ → Infinite Loop

/*g */ → False (No Loop)

77. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i,j;
```

```
/*(i)*/
```

```
for(i=0; i<10; i++)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(ii)*/
```

```
for(i=1; i<=10; i++)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(iii)*/
```

```
for(i=0; i<=10; i++)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(iv)*/
```

```
for(i=1; i<10; i++)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(v)*/
```

```
for(i=0; i<=10; i--)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(vi)*/
```

```
for(i=10; i>=1; i--)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(vii)*/
```

```
for(i=10; i>1; i--)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(viii)*/
```

```
for(i=10; i>0; i--)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(ix)*/
```

```
for(i=15; i>=0; i=i-3)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(x)*/
```

```
for(i=10; i>=0; i--);
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(xi)*/
```

```
for(i=0; i>10; i++)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(xii)*/
```

```
for(i=0; i<=10; i+=20)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(xiii)*/
```

```
for(i=1; i!=10; i=i+2)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(xiv)*/
```

```
for(j=10; i=j; j-=2)
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*(xv)*/
```

```
for(i=10; i--; )
```

```
printf("%d ",i);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

~~773~~ /*(i) */ \rightarrow for ($i=0 ; i < 10 ; i++$)
printf ("Y-d", i);

[0, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]

~~774~~ /*(ii) */ \rightarrow ($i=1 , i \leq 10 , i++$)

[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]

~~775~~ /*(iii) */ \rightarrow ($i=0 ; i \leq 10 ; i++$)

[0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]

~~776~~ /*(iv) */ \rightarrow ($i=1 ; i < 10 ; i++$)

[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]

~~777~~ /*(v) */ \Rightarrow ($i=0 ; i \geq 10 ; i--$)

(infinite loop).

~~778~~ /*(vi) */ \Rightarrow ($i=10 ; i \geq 1 ; i--$)

[10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1]

~~779~~ /*(vii) */ \Rightarrow ($i=10 ; i \geq 0 ; i--$)

[10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2]

~~780~~ /*(viii) */ \Rightarrow ($i=10 ; i \geq 0 ; i--$)

[10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1]

~~781~~ /* ix */ \Rightarrow ($i=15 ; i \geq 0 ; i = i - 3$)

[15 12 9 6 3 0]

$\text{/*(X)*} \rightarrow (i = 10; i >= 0; i++)$

terminated

$\text{/*(XI)*} \rightarrow (i = 0; i > 10; i++)$

$\text{/*(XII)*} \rightarrow (i = 0; i < 10; i = i + 2)$

$\text{/*(XIII)*} \rightarrow (i = 1; i != 10; c = i + 2)$

1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 -

$\text{/*(XIV)*} \rightarrow (j = 10; i = j; j = j - 2)$

terminated

$\text{/*(XV)*} \rightarrow (i = 10; i--;)$

Teacher's Signature

78. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    for(i=1; i<5; i++);
```

```
    printf("%d ",i);
```

```
/*
```

```
i=10;
```

```
while(i<5);
```

```
printf("%d ",i++);
```

```
*/
```

```
/*
```

```
i=0;
```

```
while(i<5);
```

```
printf("%d",i++);
```

```
*/
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

(a) 5

(b) 6

(c) 9

(d) 10

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{a} \\ \boxed{5} \\ \hline 75 - 3 & = 72 \end{array}$$

79. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int i=1;
    while(i++ < 5)
        printf("%d ",i);
    printf("\n");
    i=1;
    while(++i < 5)
        printf("%d ",i);
    printf("\n");
    i=6;
    while(i--)
        printf("%d ",i);
    return 0;
}
```

79) #include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
    int i=1;
    while(i++<5)
        printf("%d", i);
    printf("\n");
    i=1;
    while(++i<5)
        printf("%d", i);
    i=6;
    while(i--)
        printf("%d", i);
}
```

2 3 4 5

2 3 4

5 4 3 2 1 0

Ans

Teacher's Signature

80. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int a=6,b=4;
    while(a+b)
    {
        printf("a=%d, b=%d\n", a, b);
        a/=2;
        b%=3;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

- (a) a = 9, b = 4
- (b) a = 1, b = 1
- (c) a = 0, b = 1
- (d) Infinite loop

Q

80 ~~#include <stdio.h>~~

int main()

{ int a=6, b=4;

while(a+b) // while (1)

{

printf("a=%d, b=%d", a-b);

a = a/2;

b = b%3;

}

return 0;

}

Output

a = 6, b = 4

a = 3, b = 1

a = 1, b = 1

a = 0, b = 1

a = 0, b = 1

|

|

|

d

Infinite Loop