

**IEM KOLKATA****GEOMETRY**

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Q1) A circle is inscribed in a square. If the square has side length 14 cm, find the area of the circle. (Use  $\pi = 22/7$ )

A.  $154 \text{ cm}^2$  B.  $308 \text{ cm}^2$  C.  $100 \text{ cm}^2$  D.  $121 \text{ cm}^2$

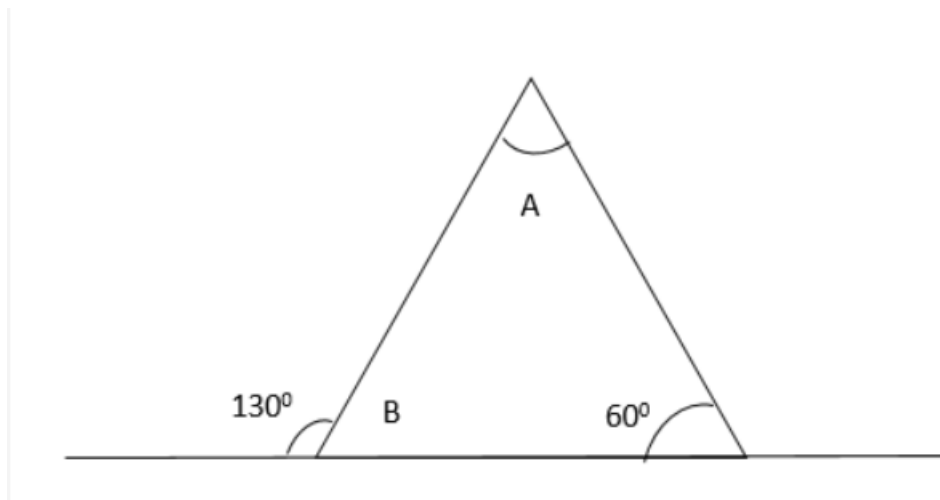
Q2) The sides of a triangle are in the ratio 3:4:5. If the perimeter is 36 cm, find the area.

A.  $54 \text{ cm}^2$  B.  $72 \text{ cm}^2$  C.  $36 \text{ cm}^2$  D.  $60 \text{ cm}^2$

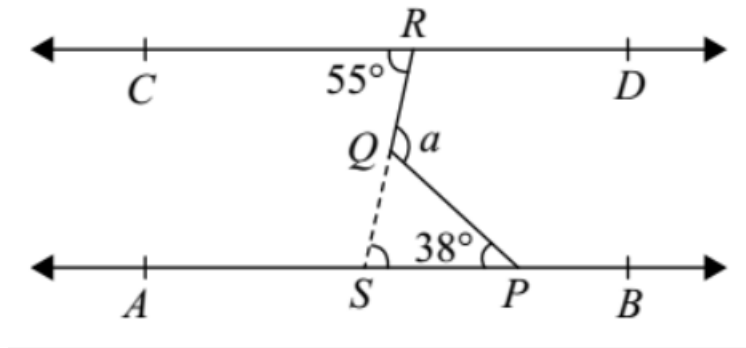
Q3) A triangle has sides 6 cm, 8 cm, and 10 cm. What is its area?

A.  $24 \text{ cm}^2$  B.  $48 \text{ cm}^2$  C.  $30 \text{ cm}^2$  D.  $60 \text{ cm}^2$

Q4) What is the value of angle A in the given figure?

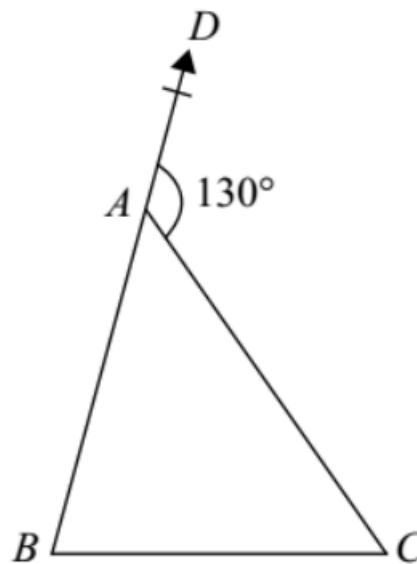


Q5) In fig.,  $AB \parallel CD$ ,  $\angle a$  is equal to:



(a)  $93^\circ$  (b)  $103^\circ$  (c)  $83^\circ$  (d)  $97^\circ$

Q6) In the following figure,  $\angle B : \angle C = 2 : 3$ , find  $\angle B + \angle C$ .



(a)  $120^\circ$  (b)  $52^\circ$  (c)  $78^\circ$  (d)  $130^\circ$

Q7) In a triangle  $\triangle XYZ$ , if  $3\angle X = 4\angle Y = 5\angle Z$ , then find the value of  $\angle X$ .

Q8) If the sides of a right triangle are  $x$ ,  $x + 1$  and  $x - 1$ , then the hypotenuse:

(a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 1 (d) 0

Q9) How many isosceles triangles with integer sides are possible such that sum of two of the side is 12?

- (a) 11 (b) 6 (c) 17 (d) 23

Q10) Perimeter of a triangle with integer sides is equal to 15. How many such triangles are possible?

- (a) 7 (b) 6 (c) 8 (d) 5

Q11)  $x, y, z$  are integer that are side of an obtuse-angled triangle. If  $xy = 4$ , find  $z$ .

- (a) 2 (b) 3 (d) 1 (d) More than one possible value of  $z$  exists

Q12) A triangle has sides  $a^2$ ,  $b^2$  and  $c^2$ . Then the triangle with sides  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  has to be:

- (a) Right-angled (b) Acute-angled (c) Obtuse-angled (d) Can be any of these three

Q13) Three villages P, Q, and R are located in such a way that the distance  $PQ = 13$  km,  $QR = 14$  km, and  $RP = 15$  km, as shown in the figure. A straight road joins Q and R. It is proposed to connect P to this road QR by constructing another road. What is the minimum possible length (in km) of this connecting road? Note: The figure shown is representative.

