#### What is Rest API?

Application Programming Interface(API) is a software interface that allows two aplications or softwares to intract, communicate and exchange data with each other without any user intervention.

API is a collection of software Functions and procedures.

# **REST(Representational State Transfer)**

- REST protocols overcome SOAP's dependency on XML by supporting data transmission in multiple formats such as JSON (most prominent), HTML, Python, plain text as well as media files
- REST APIs follow a client-server architecture and must be stateless.
- Stateless communication implies that no client data is stored between GET requests.

#### HTTP:-

HTTP stands for Hypertext Transfer Protocol.

Hypertext Transfer Protocol is a set of rule which Is used for transfering the files like, audio, video, image, text and other multimedia files on the www.

## **HTTP** methods

Following four HTTP methods are commonly used in REST based architecture.

- GET Provides a read only access to a resource.
- POST Used to create a new resource.
- DELETE Used to remove a resource.
- PUT Used to update a existing resource or create a new resource.

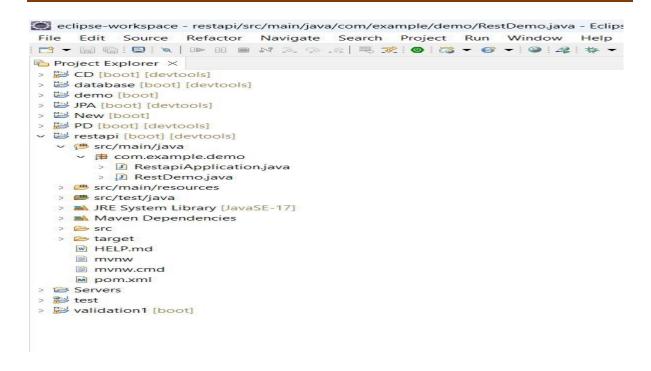
### JPA – Java Persistent API

- The Java Persistence API (JPA) is a specification of Java. It is used to persist data between Java object and relational database.
- JPA acts as a bridge between object-oriented domain models and relational database systems.

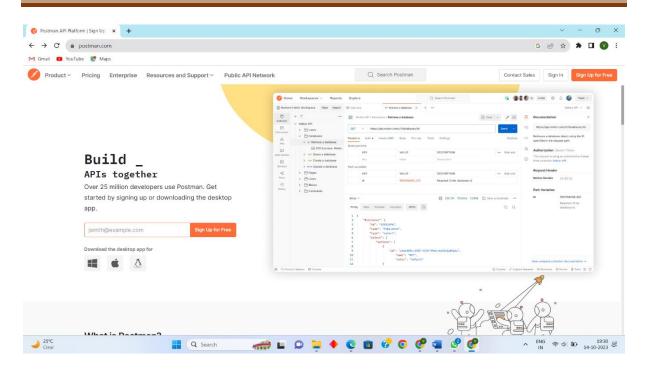
## RestDemo

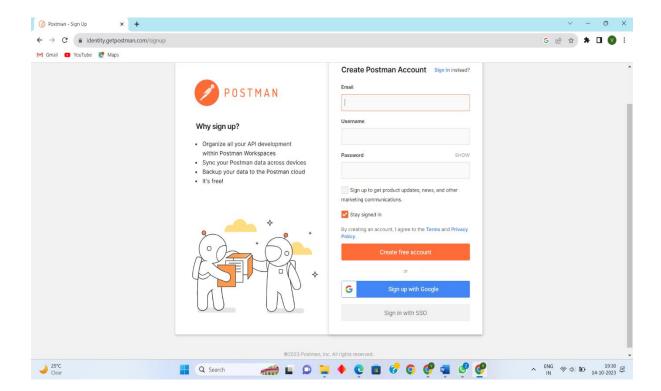
```
package com.example.demo;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
@RestController
public class RestapiApplication {
  private int wins;
  private int losses;
  // Use @RequestParam to bind query parameters
  @RequestMapping(value = "/score/updates", method =
RequestMethod.PUT)
  public String updateScore(@RequestParam int wins, @RequestParam int
losses) {
    this.wins = wins;
    this.losses = losses;
    return "wins=" + wins + ", losses=" + losses;
  }
  @RequestMapping(value = "/score/delete", method =
RequestMethod. DELETE)
  public String deleteScore() {
    this.wins = 10;
    this.losses = 10;
```

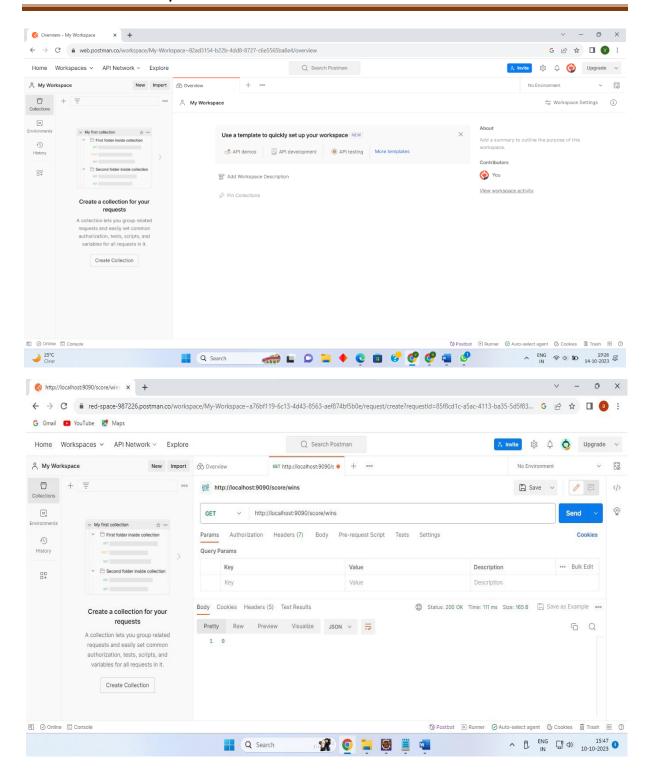
```
return "wins=" + wins + ", losses=" + losses;
}
@RequestMapping(value = "/score/losses", method = RequestMethod.POST)
public int increaseLosses() {
  return ++losses; // Increment before returning
}
@RequestMapping(value = "/score/wins", method = RequestMethod.POST)
public int increaseWins() {
  return ++wins; // Increment before returning
}
@RequestMapping(value = "/score/wins", method = RequestMethod. GET)
public int getWins() {
  return wins;
}
@RequestMapping(value = "/score/losses", method = RequestMethod. GET)
public int getLosses() {
  return losses;
}
```

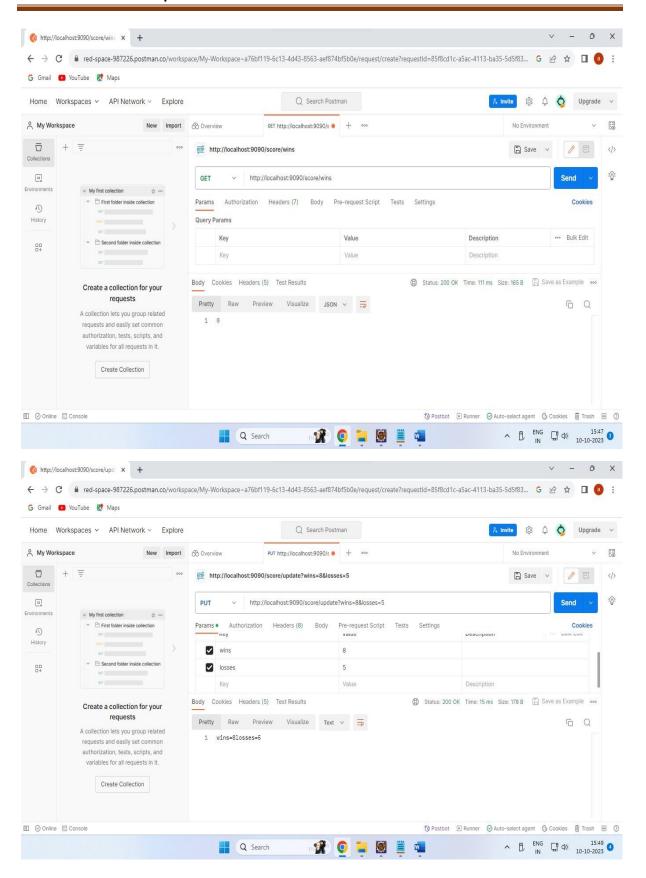


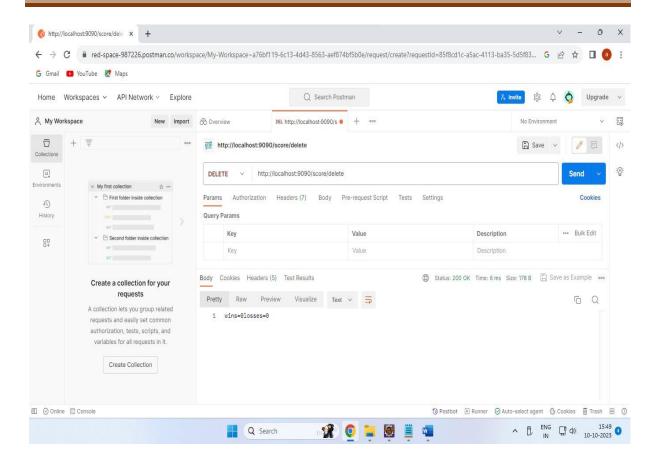
```
clipse-workspace - RestAPI1/src/main/java/com/example/demo/RestapiApplication.java - Eclipse IDE
| Feeting Superior | Project Run Window Help | Project Run Window Hel
           1 package com.example.demo;
          3 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
           4 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
          5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
          6 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
          8 @RestController
          9 public class RestapiApplication {
                               private int wins;
        11
                             private int losses;
        12
                             // Use @RequestParam to bind query parameters
@RequestMapping(value = "/score/updates", method = RequestMethod.PUT)
public String updateScore(@RequestParam int wins, @RequestParam int losses) {
        14
       115∘
                                            this.wins = wins;
this.losses = losses;
return "wins=" + wins + ", losses=" + losses;
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                               @RequestMapping(value = "/score/delete", method = RequestMethod.DELETE)
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        23
                             public String deleteScore() {
                                         this.wins = 10;
this.losses = 10;
return "wins=" + wins + ", losses=" + losses;
        24
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        26
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        28
                             @RequestMapping(value = "/score/losses". method = RequestMethod.POST)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Smart Insert 34 : 37 : 1158
```











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