

## Basic data analytics on Iris

Tushar B. Kute,

http://tusharkute.com



## Problem Statement



- Download the Iris flower dataset or any other dataset into data frame. Use python or R to perform following:
  - How many feathers are there and their types (nominal or numeric)?
  - Compute and display summary statistics for each feature available in the dataset (e.g. minimum value, maximum value, range, standard deviation, variance and percentiles.
  - Data visualization- creating histogram for each feature in the dataset to illustrate the feature distribution. Plot each histogram.
  - Create boxplot for each feature in the dataset. All of the boxplots should be combined in the single plot. Compare distributions and identify the outliers.



## The extra modules needed

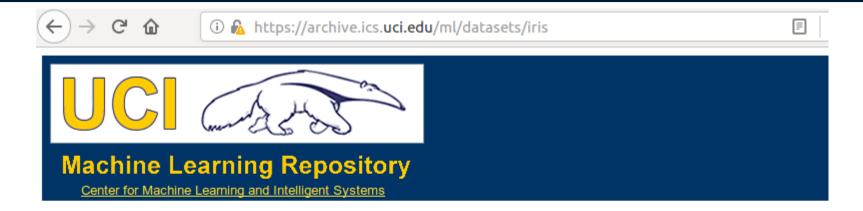


- Pandas
- Matplotlib
- Sklearn
- How to install?
  - sudo apt-get install python3-pandas
  - sudo apt-get install python3-matplotlib
  - sudo apt-get install python3-sklearn



## The Dataset





#### Iris Data Set

Download: Data Folder, Data Set Description

Abstract: Famous database; from Fisher, 1936



Data Set Characteristics:	Multivariate	Number of Instances:	150	Area:	Life
Attribute Characteristics:	Real	Number of Attributes:	4	Date Donated	1988-07-01
Associated Tasks:	Classification	Missing Values?	No	Number of Web Hits:	1953764



### The Dataset



Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species

5.1

3.5

1.4

0.2 setosa

4.9

3.0

1.4

0.2 setosa

4.7

3.2

1.3

0.2 setosa

4.6

3.1

1.5

0.2 setosa

5.0

3.6

1.4

0.2 setosa

5.4

3.9

1.7

0.4 setosa





```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
```





#### Get information





```
# Locate a specific type of Data type in Data set
print('\n', 'COLUMNS DTYPE (IF NOMINAL)'.center(45, '_'))
print(data_set.select_dtypes(include=['category']))

# Data types of Iris column wise, to locate ordinal & nominal
print('\n', 'COLUMNS DTYPE (ALL)'.center(45, '_'))
print(data_set.dtypes)

# Memory occupancy done by Dataset
print('\n', 'DATA SET MEMORY USAGE'.center(45, '_'))
print(data_set.memory_usage())
```





```
# Counting any missing data (if any else zero)
def num_missing(x):
    return sum(x.isnull())

#Applying per column:
print('\n', 'MISSING VALUE CHECK'.center(45, '_'))
print("Missing values per column:")
print(data_set.apply(num_missing, axis=0))
#axis=0 defines that function is to be applied on each column
```





```
# Plotting Histogram
# #1 All Features
data_set[['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)', 'petal length (cm)','petal width
(cm)']].plot.hist(bins=10,

title='All features')
plt.show()

# #2 Only 2 features at a time
data_set[['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)']].plot.hist(bins=10, title='Sepal Features')
plt.show()

data_set[['petal length (cm)','petal width (cm)']].plot.hist(bins=10, title='Petal Features')
plt.show()
```

## Boxplot



```
# Plotting Boxplot
data_set.plot.box(title="All Features with outliers")
plt.show()
# Try noticing the 'o', those are outliers. The ones who
(IQR) are Outliers
```



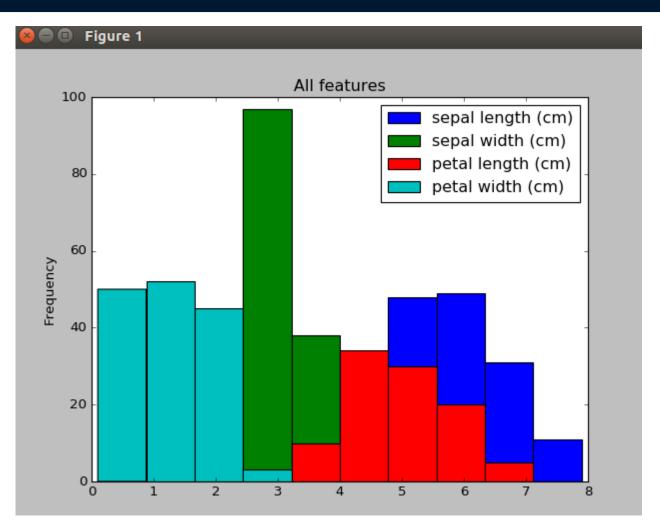


```
DATA SET INFORMATION
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
sepal length (cm)
                     150 non-null float64
sepal width (cm)
                     150 non-null float64
petal length (cm)
                     150 non-null float64
petal width (cm)
                     150 non-null float64
target
                     150 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(5)
memory usage: 7.0 KB
None
            STATISTICAL INFORMATION
                                            petal length (cm)
      sepal length (cm)
                          sepal width (cm)
count
              150.000000
                                150.000000
                                                   150.000000
                5.843333
                                  3.054000
                                                     3.758667
mean
std
                0.828066
                                  0.433594
                                                     1.764420
min
                4.300000
                                  2.000000
                                                     1.000000
25%
                5.100000
                                  2.800000
                                                     1.600000
50%
                5.800000
                                  3.000000
                                                     4.350000
75%
                6.400000
                                  3.300000
                                                     5.100000
                7.900000
                                  4.400000
                                                      6.900000
max
```



# Sample Output

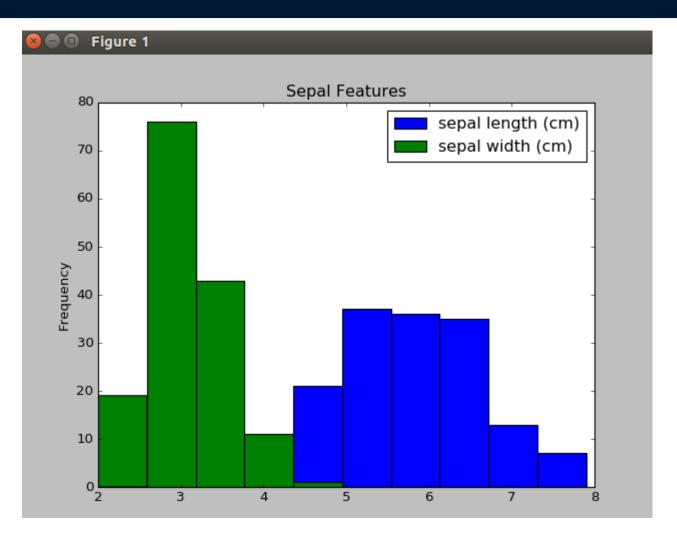






# Sample Outputs

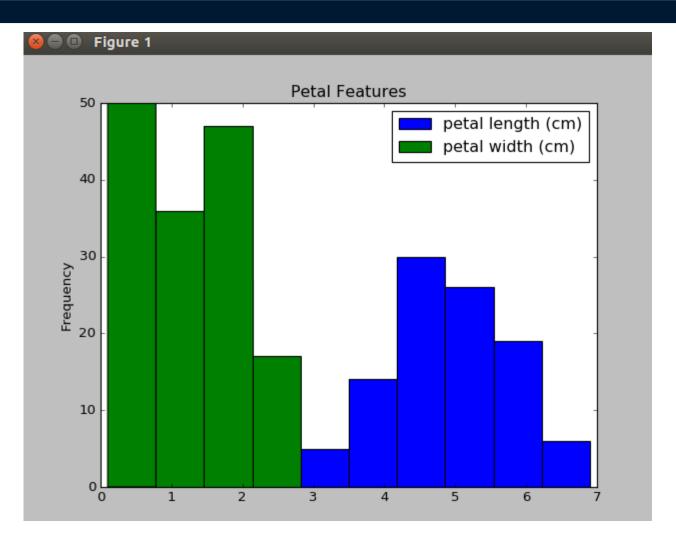






# Sample outputs

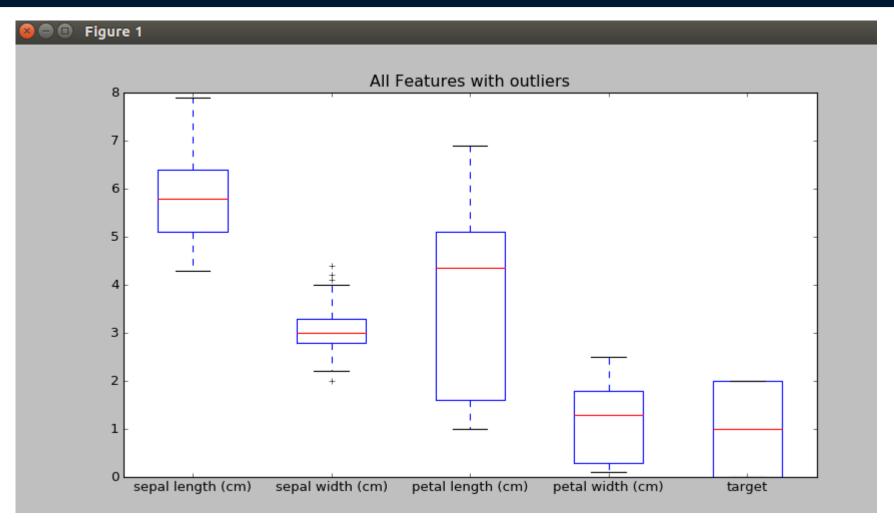






# Sample output







## Thank you

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#### **Web Resources**

http://mitu.co.in http://tusharkute.com

tushar@tusharkute.com contact@mitu.co.in