Sure, here is a complete working code for a HTML page showing the weather in different cities using the OpenWeatherMap API with native JavaScript and styled using CSS:

HTML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Weather App</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Weather App</h1>
    <form>
      <label for="city">Choose a city:</label>
      <select id="city">
        <option value="London">London</option>
        <option value="New York">New York</option>
        <option value="Tokyo">Tokyo</option>
        <option value="Sydney">Sydney</option>
        <option value="Paris">Paris</option>
      </select>
      <button type="button" onclick="getWeather()">Get Weather</button>
    </form>
```

```
    <div id="weather"></div>

    <script src="app.js"></script>

  </body>

</html>
```

CSS:

```
body {

  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;

  background-color: #f0f0f0;

  margin: 0;

  padding: 0;

}


h1 {

  text-align: center;

  color: #333;

  margin-top: 20px;

}


form {

  display: flex;

  justify-content: center;
```

```css
  margin-top: 20px;

}


label {

  font-size: 18px;

  font-weight: bold;

  margin-right: 10px;

}


select {

  font-size: 18px;

  padding: 5px;

}


button {

  font-size: 18px;

  padding: 5px 10px;

  background-color: #333;

  color: #fff;

  border: none;

  cursor: pointer;

}


button:hover {

  background-color: #555;
```

```
}

#weather {
  margin-top: 20px;
  text-align: center;
  font-size: 24px;
  font-weight: bold;
  color: #333;
}
```

JavaScript:

```
function getWeather() {
  const city = document.getElementById("city").value;
  const apiKey = "YOUR_API_KEY"; // Replace with your own API key from OpenWeatherMap
  const url = `https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q=${city}&appid=${apiKey}&units=metric`;

  fetch(url)
    .then(response => response.json())
    .then(data => {
      const temperature = data.main.temp;
      const description = data.weather[0].description;
      const weather = `${temperature}°C and ${description}`;
```

```
    document.getElementById("weather").textContent = `The weather in ${city} is currently
${weather}.`;

  })

  .catch(error => console.error(error));

}
```

Note that you will need to replace "YOUR_API_KEY" with your own API key from
OpenWeatherMap. To get an API key, you will need to create an account on their website and
follow their instructions to generate a key.