## Overview



### **Routed Modules**

- Eager Loading
- Lazy Loading

**Preload Strategies** 

**Feature Modules** 

**Providers** 

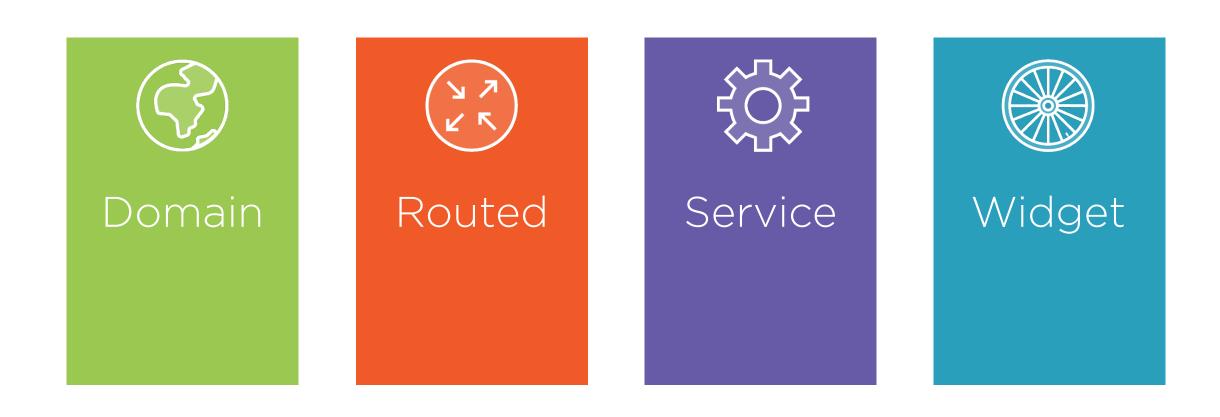


# Angular Modules

Help organize our applications into cohesive blocks of functionality

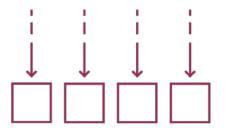


## Basic Types of Feature Modules



## Routed Modules Are Eagerly or Lazily Loaded





## Eager Loading Modules



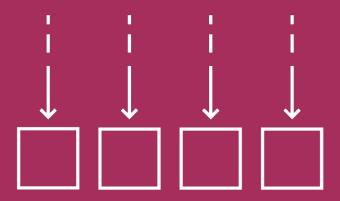
# Eager Loading

Loading a feature module at startup, with the root module.

Begin by creating a feature module with routing.



## Eagerly Loading the Modules



Modules are loaded immediately



#### characters.module.ts

```
import {
       CharactersRouterModule,
       routedComponents
     } from './characters-routing.module';
     @NgModule({
       imports: [
         CommonModule,
         FormsModule,
         CharactersRouterModule
       declarations: [routedComponents],
       providers: [CharacterService],
     export class CharactersModule { }
Import routing module
```

### charactersrouting.module.ts

```
const routes: Routes = [
    path: 'characters',
    component: CharactersComponent,
    children: [
      { path: '', component: CharacterListComponent },
      { path: ':id', component: CharacterComponent },
                                 Configure
                                 routes
@NgModule({
  imports: [RouterModule.forChild(routes)],
 exports: [RouterModule]
                                         forChild
                                         for
export class CharactersRouterModule { }
                                         feature
                                         module
                                        routes
```

Create routing module, and import into feature module

```
app.module.ts
```

```
@NgModule({
   imports: [
     BrowserModule, FormsModule, HttpModule,
     CharactersModule, AppRoutingModule
],
   declarations: [AppComponent],
   bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { }
```

Import Characters module and its routes

## Importing Modules

Import the CharactersModule

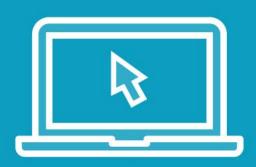
We get its routes

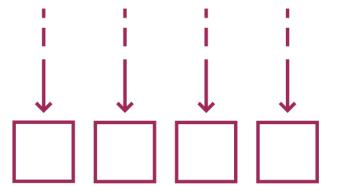
**Order matters** 

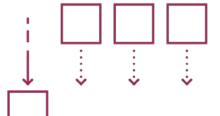


## Eager Loading Modules

### Demo







## Lazy Loading Modules

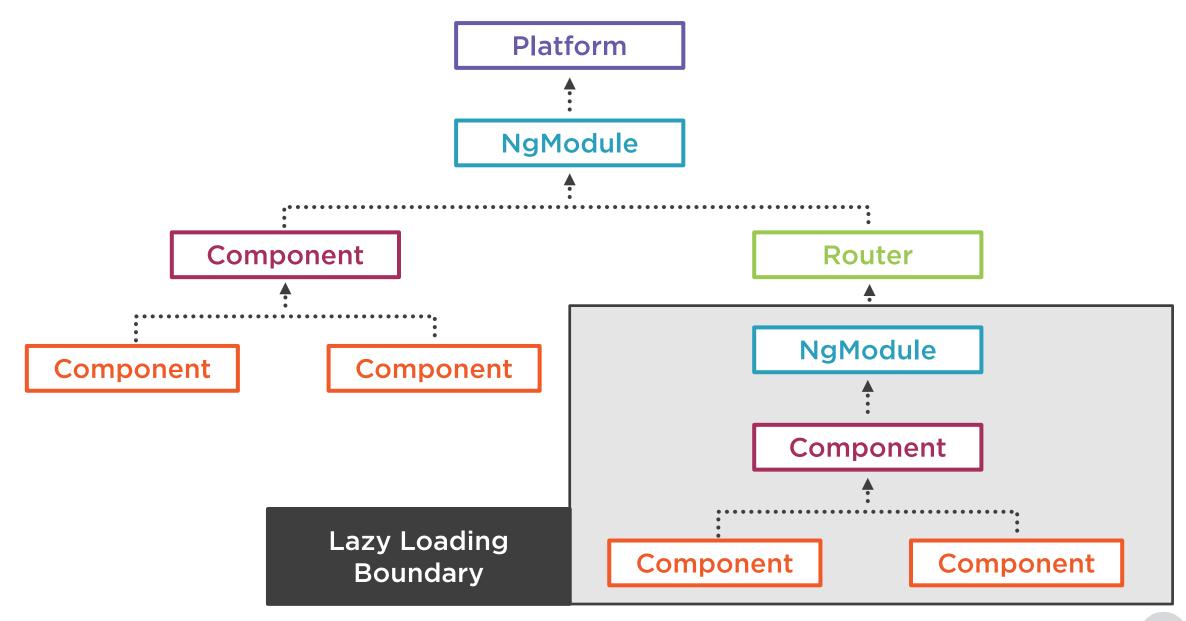


# Lazy Loading

Loading modules on demand, as needed, just in time

Lowers the initial payload, improving the app startup experience



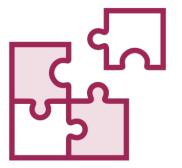


### Routing to Modules



**Eager Loading** 

Lazy Loading



Loads at startup

Ideal for modules users need immediately

Loads on demand

Ideal for modules not immediately in the workflow



```
app-
routing.module.ts

const routes: Routes = [
    { path: '', pathMatch: 'full', redirectTo: 'characters' },
    { path: 'characters', loadChildren: 'app/characters/characters.module#CharactersModule' },
    { path: 'vehicles', loadChildren: 'app/vehicles/vehicles.module#VehiclesModule' },
    { path: '**', pathMatch: 'full', component: PageNotFoundComponent },
};
```

## Lazy Loading

Use loadChildren

Load the module by path # name

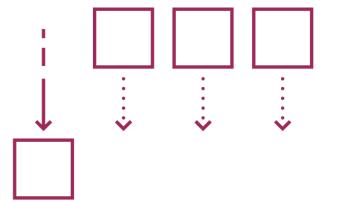
Do not import nor reference the module directly

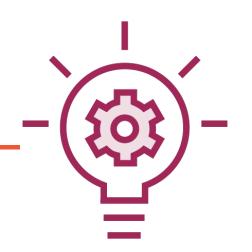


## Lazy Loading

## Demo







## Preload Strategies



# Preload Strategies

When a user navigates to a lazily loadable module, the content has to be fetched from the server, which may cause a delay.

The router can preload lazily loadable modules in the background



#### app-routing.module.ts

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { PreloadAllModules, NoPreloading, Routes, RouterModule } from '@angular/router';

@NgModule({
   imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes, { preloadingStrategy: PreloadAllModules })],
   exports: [RouterModule],
})
export class AppRoutingModule { }
```

### Preload Strategies

We can preload all or none, out of the box

Pass the strategy to forRoot



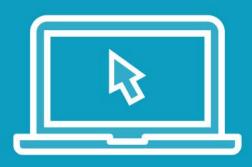
### **Custom Preload Strategies**

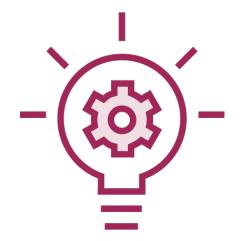


```
preload-strategy.ts
export class PreloadSelectedModulesList implements PreloadingStrategy {
  preload(route: Route, load: Function): Observable<any> {
    return route.data && route.data['preload'] ? load() : of(null);
  app-routing.module.ts
 path: 'speakers', loadChildren: 'app/speakers/speakers.module#SpeakersModule',
 data: { preload: true }
  app-routing.module.ts
  @NgModule({
   imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes, { preloadingStrategy: PreloadSelectedModulesList })],
   exports: [RouterModule],
    providers: [PreloadSelectedModulesList]
  export class AppRoutingModule { }
```

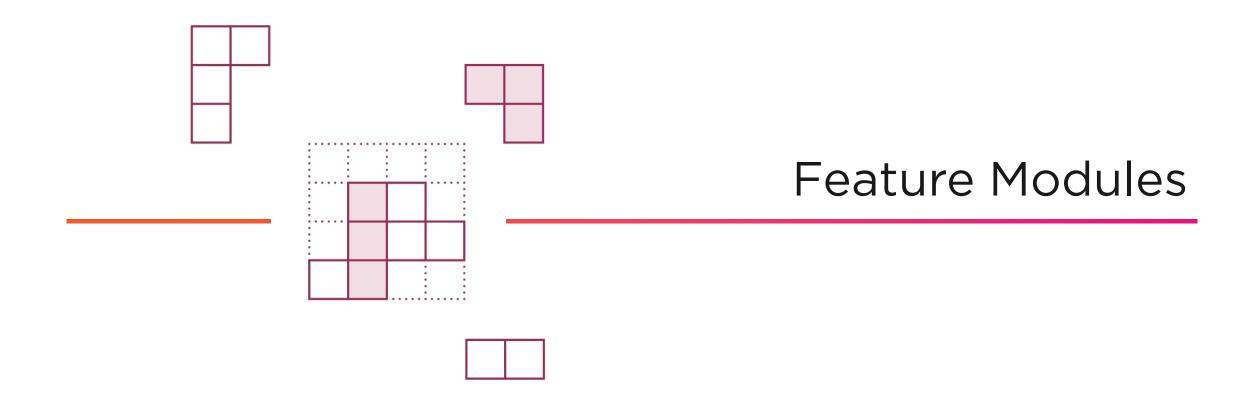
## Preload Strategies

## Demo



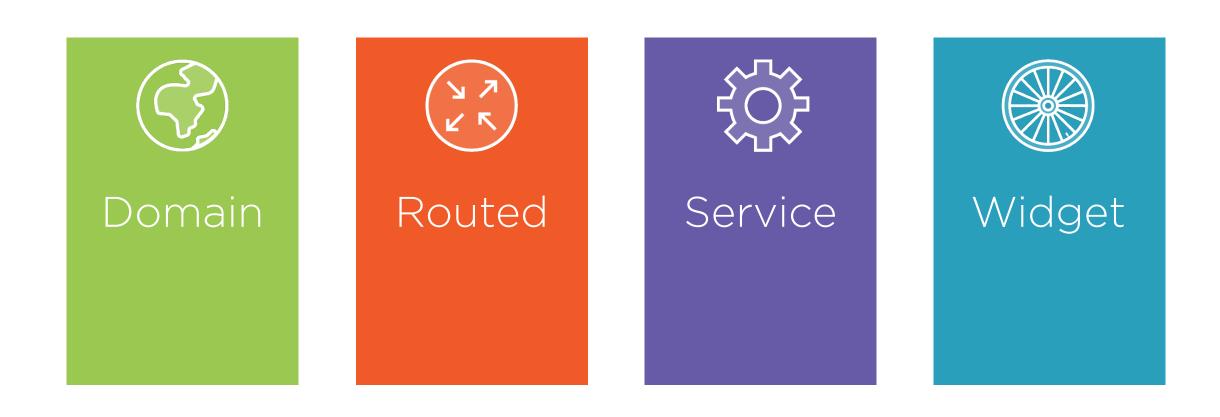




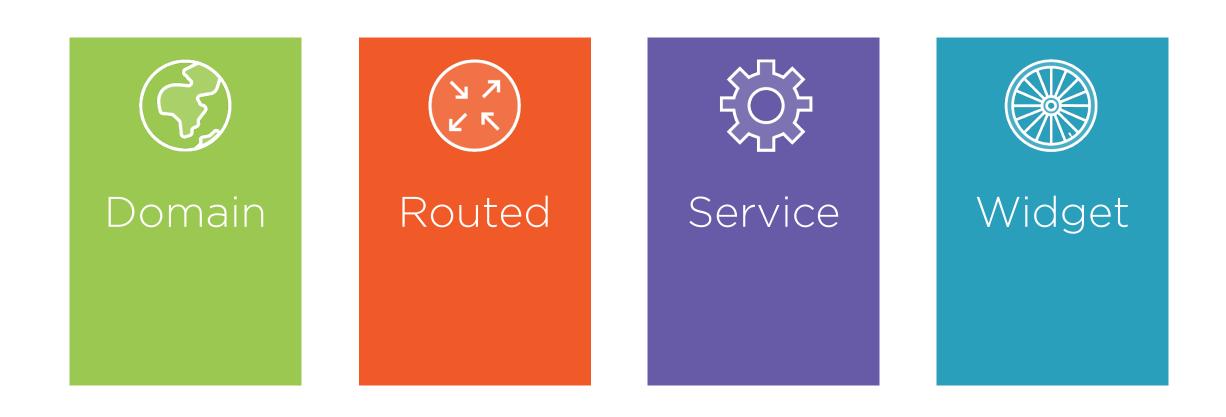




## Basic Types of Feature Modules



## Basic Types of Feature Modules



#### e.g. MenuModule

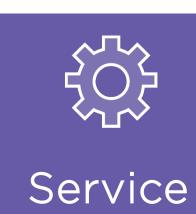


Deliver a user experience dedicated to a particular application domain.

Typically imported once by the root AppModule, without routing.









### e.g. CharactersModule



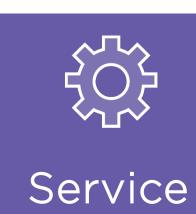
Routed

Routed feature modules are Domain feature modules who are the targets of navigation routes.











#### e.g. CoreModule

Service feature modules contain singleton services used by anyone across the app.

Generally all providers, no components.

We import them once in App Root Module.



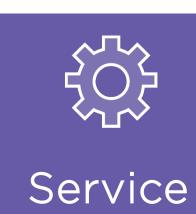
Service

Do not import these in other modules











#### e.g. SharedModule

Shared feature modules generally contain components, directives and pipes.

We import these in every module that uses them.







MenuModule



CoreModule



CharactersModule



VehiclesModule



SharedModule



MenuModule



CoreModule



CharactersModule



VehiclesModule



SharedModule



CoreModule



CharactersModule



VehiclesModule



SharedModule



MenuModule



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SharedModule



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MenuModule



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CharactersModule



VehiclesModule





MenuModule



CoreModule



CharactersModule



VehiclesModule



# Basic Types of Feature Modules

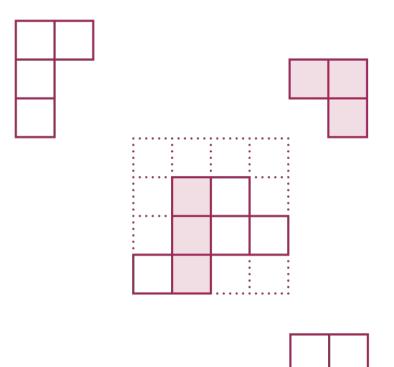
	Declarations	Providers	Exports	Imported By	Examples
Domain		Rare	Some	Feature	MenuModule
Routed		Rare		Nobody if Lazy	CharactersModul e
Service				AppModule	CoreModule, HttpModule
Widget		Rare		Feature	CommonModule, SharedModule



## Feature Modules

# Demo







# Providers



It is important to consider how we want our providers to behave in the module system



## Providing Services and Their Behavior

A service provided in a component, is accessible to that component and to its children



# Providing Services and Their Behavior

When we import a module with providers, we'll get a new instance of that service upon injection



## Providing Services and Their Behavior

A service provided in a component, is accessible to that component and to its children

Be careful putting providers in a module that can be imported more than once

When we import a module with providers, we'll get a new instance of that service upon injection



#### login.component.ts

```
@Component({
    moduleId: module.id,
    templateUrl: 'login.component.html',
    providers: [LoginService]
})
export class LoginComponent implements OnDestroy {
```

This component and its children can inject it

## Component Providers

LoginService is only used by LoginComponent

Available to this component and its children

## Module Providers

Provided to the root injector

Available everywhere

```
@NgModule({
  imports: [--
  declarations: [AppComponent, routableComponents],
                                                      Provide to the root injector
  providers: [
    CanActivateAuthGuard, CharacterService, UserProfileService, VehicleService
  bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { }
app.module.ts
```

# Summary



**Eager Loading** 

**Lazy Loading** 

**Preload Strategies** 

**Identifying Feature Modules** 

**Providers** 

