Implement SGD Classifier with Logloss and L2 regularization Using SGD without using sklearn

There will be some functions that start with the word "grader" ex: grader_weights(), grader_sigmoid(), grader logloss() etc, you should not change those function definition.

Every Grader function has to return True.

Importing packages

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.datasets import make_classification
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn import linear_model
```

Creating custom dataset

Splitting data into train and test

```
In [4]: #please don't change random state
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, ran
   dom_state=15)

In [5]: # Standardizing the data.
   scaler = StandardScaler()
   x_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
   x_test = scaler.transform(X_test)

In [6]: X_train.shape, y_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_test.shape
```

Out[6]: ((37500, 15), (37500,), (12500, 15), (12500,))

SGD classifier

```
In [7]: # alpha : float
    # Constant that multiplies the regularization term.

# eta0 : double
    # The initial learning rate for the 'constant', 'invscaling' or 'adaptive' sc hedules.

clf = linear_model.SGDClassifier(eta0=0.0001, alpha=0.0001, loss='log', rando m_state=15, penalty='l2', tol=1e-3, verbose=2, learning_rate='constant')
    clf
    # Please check this documentation (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/ge nerated/sklearn.linear_model.SGDClassifier.html)
```

```
Norm: 0.77, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.316653, T: 37500, Avg. loss: 0.455552
        Total training time: 0.02 seconds.
        -- Epoch 2
        Norm: 0.91, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.472747, T: 75000, Avg. loss: 0.394686
        Total training time: 0.03 seconds.
        -- Epoch 3
        Norm: 0.98, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.580082, T: 112500, Avg. loss: 0.385711
        Total training time: 0.05 seconds.
        -- Epoch 4
        Norm: 1.02, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.658292, T: 150000, Avg. loss: 0.382083
        Total training time: 0.06 seconds.
        -- Epoch 5
        Norm: 1.04, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.719528, T: 187500, Avg. loss: 0.380486
        Total training time: 0.07 seconds.
        -- Epoch 6
        Norm: 1.05, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.763409, T: 225000, Avg. loss: 0.379578
        Total training time: 0.09 seconds.
        -- Epoch 7
        Norm: 1.06, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.795106, T: 262500, Avg. loss: 0.379150
        Total training time: 0.10 seconds.
        -- Epoch 8
        Norm: 1.06, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.819925, T: 300000, Avg. loss: 0.378856
        Total training time: 0.11 seconds.
        Norm: 1.07, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.837805, T: 337500, Avg. loss: 0.378585
        Total training time: 0.13 seconds.
        -- Epoch 10
        Norm: 1.08, NNZs: 15, Bias: -0.853138, T: 375000, Avg. loss: 0.378630
        Total training time: 0.14 seconds.
        Convergence after 10 epochs took 0.14 seconds
Out[8]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class_weight=None,
                      early stopping=False, epsilon=0.1, eta0=0.0001,
                      fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15, learning_rate='constant',
                      loss='log', max_iter=1000, n_iter_no_change=5, n_jobs=None,
                      penalty='12', power t=0.5, random state=15, shuffle=True,
                      tol=0.001, validation fraction=0.1, verbose=2, warm start=Fals
        e)
        clf.coef_, clf.coef_.shape, clf.intercept_
In [9]:
        #clf.coef_ will return the weights
        #clf.coef .shape will return the shape of weights
        #clf.intercept_ will return the intercept term
Out[9]: (array([[-0.42336692, 0.18547565, -0.14859036, 0.34144407, -0.2081867,
                  0.56016579, -0.45242483, -0.09408813, 0.2092732, 0.18084126,
                  0.19705191,
                               0.00421916, -0.0796037, 0.33852802, 0.02266721]),
         (1, 15),
         array([-0.8531383]))
```

In [8]: clf.fit(X=X train, y=y train) # fitting our model

Implement Logistic Regression with L2 regularization Using SGD: without using sklearn

- 1. We will be giving you some functions, please write code in that functions only.
- 2. After every function, we will be giving you expected output, please make sure that you get that output.
- Initialize the weight vector and intercept term to zeros (Write your code in def initialize weights())
- Create a loss function (Write your code in def logloss())

$$log los s = -1 * rac{1}{n} \Sigma_{for each Yt, Y_{pred}} (Yt log 10(Y_{pred}) + (1-Yt) log 10(1-Y_{pred}))$$

- · for each epoch:
 - for each batch of data points in train: (keep batch size=1)
 - calculate the gradient of loss function w.r.t each weight in weight vector (write your code in def gradient_dw())

$$dw^{(t)} = x_n(y_n - \sigma((w^{(t)})^Tx_n + b^t)) - rac{\lambda}{N}w^{(t)})$$

Calculate the gradient of the intercept (write your code in def gradient_db()) <u>check this</u>
 (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1nQ08-XY4zvOLzRX-IGf8EYB5arb7-m1H/view?usp=sharing)

$$db^{(t)}=y_n-\sigma((w^{(t)})^Tx_n+b^t))$$

• Update weights and intercept (check the equation number 32 in the above mentioned pdf (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1nQ08-XY4zvOLzRX-IGf8EYB5arb7-m1H/view?usp=sharing)): $w^{(t+1)} \leftarrow w^{(t)} + \alpha(dw^{(t)})$

$$b^{(t+1)} \leftarrow b^{(t)} + lpha(db^{(t)})$$

- calculate the log loss for train and test with the updated weights (you can check the python assignment 10th question)
- And if you wish, you can compare the previous loss and the current loss, if it is not updating, then you can stop the training
- append this loss in the list (this will be used to see how loss is changing for each epoch after the training is over)

Initialize weights

In [10]: import math

```
In [11]: def initialize weights(dim):
                ''' In this function, we will initialize our weights and bias'''
                #initialize the weights to zeros array of (1,dim) dimensions
                #you use zeros_like function to initialize zero, check this link https://
            docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/reference/generated/numpy.zeros like.html
                #initialize bias to zero
                w = np.zeros like(dim)
                b=0
                return w,b
  In [12]:
            dim=X train[0]
            w,b = initialize_weights(dim)
            print('w = ',(w))
            print('b =',str(b))
            b = 0
Grader function - 1
            dim=X train[0]
  In [13]:
            w,b = initialize weights(dim)
            def grader_weights(w,b):
              assert((len(w)==len(dim))) and b==0 and np.sum(w)==0.0)
              return True
            grader_weights(w,b)
  Out[13]: True
Compute sigmoid
sigmoid(z) = 1/(1 + exp(-z))
  In [14]: | def sigmoid(z):
                ''' In this function, we will return sigmoid of z'''
                \# compute sigmoid(z) and return
                sigmoid = 1 / (1 + math.exp(-z))
                return sigmoid
```

Grader function - 2

In [15]:

sigmoid(2)

Out[15]: 0.8807970779778823

```
In [16]: def grader_sigmoid(z):
    val=sigmoid(z)
    assert(val==0.8807970779778823)
    return True
    grader_sigmoid(2)
Out[16]: True
```

Compute loss

Grader function - 3

```
In [18]: def grader_logloss(true,pred):
    loss=logloss(true,pred)
    assert(loss==0.07644900402910389)
    return True
    true=[1,1,0,1,0]
    pred=[0.9,0.8,0.1,0.8,0.2]
    grader_logloss(true,pred)
```

Out[18]: True

Compute gradient w.r.to 'w'

```
In [20]: print(w.T)
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
```

Out[21]: True

Compute gradient w.r.to 'b'

Grader function - 5

Out[23]: True

```
In [24]:
         from tqdm import tqdm
         def train(X train, y train, X test, y test, epochs, alpha, eta0):
              ''' In this function, we will implement logistic regression'''
             #Here eta0 is learning rate
             #implement the code as follows
             # initalize the weights (call the initialize weights(X train[0]) functio
         n)
             # for every epoch
                  # for every data point(X train, y train)
                     #compute gradient w.r.to w (call the gradient_dw() function)
                     #compute gradient w.r.to b (call the gradient db() function)
                     #update w, b
                  # predict the output of x train[for all data points in X train] using
         w,b
                  #compute the loss between predicted and actual values (call the loss
          function)
                  # store all the train loss values in a list
                  # predict the output of x test[for all data points in X test] using
          w.b
                  #compute the loss between predicted and actual values (call the loss
          function)
                  # store all the test loss values in a list
                  # you can also compare previous loss and current loss, if loss is not
         updating then stop the process and return w,b
             w,b = initialize weights(X train[0])
             tr loss=[]
             te loss=[]
             for epoch in tqdm(range(epochs)):
               for i in range(0,len(X train)):
                 w = w + eta0*gradient dw(X train[i],y train[i],w,b,alpha,len(X train
         ))
                  b = b + eta0*gradient db(X train[i],y train[i],w,b)
               y_pred =[]
               for x in X train:
                  y pred.append(sigmoid(np.dot(w,x)+b))
               tr_loss.append(logloss(y_train,y_pred))
               y pred =[]
               for x in X_test:
                 y_pred.append(sigmoid(np.dot(w,x)+b))
               te_loss.append(logloss(y_test,y_pred))
             return w,b,tr loss,te loss
```

```
In [25]: alpha=0.0001
    eta0=0.0001
    N=len(X_train)
    epochs=50
    w,b,tr_loss,te_loss=train(X_train,y_train,X_test,y_test,epochs,alpha,eta0)
```

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Goal of assignment

Compare your implementation and SGDClassifier's the weights and intercept, make sure they are as close as possible i.e difference should be in terms of 10^-3

Plot epoch number vs train, test loss

- epoch number on X-axis
- loss on Y-axis

```
In [29]:
         tr loss
Out[29]: [0.17546926223702297,
          0.16868174436540095,
          0.16639953379688238,
          0.16537404901928135,
          0.16486122004082515,
          0.16459114506307687,
          0.16444479874475598,
          0.16436411522525887,
          0.1643191231082826,
          0.1642938291559779,
          0.16427952013540825.
          0.16427138331585087,
          0.16426673469647732,
          0.1642640668101489,
          0.16426252835733005,
          0.16426163646238584,
          0.1642611161883861,
          0.16426081044856242,
          0.16426062918210865,
          0.16426052056735863,
          0.16426045466349845,
          0.16426041408844066,
          0.1642603886924852,
          0.1642603725071067,
          0.16426036199220195,
          0.1642603550261018,
          0.16426035032139918,
          0.16426034708556284,
          0.16426034482265406,
          0.16426034321669902,
          0.16426034206250442,
          0.16426034122417682,
          0.16426034060998718,
          0.16426034015685814,
          0.16426033982070054,
          0.16426033957023392,
          0.1642603393829793,
          0.16426033924262076,
          0.16426033913719898,
          0.16426033905789483,
          0.16426033899817297,
          0.1642603389531533,
          0.16426033891919317,
          0.1642603388935659,
          0.16426033887421562,
          0.16426033885960006,
          0.16426033884856042,
          0.16426033884022173,
```

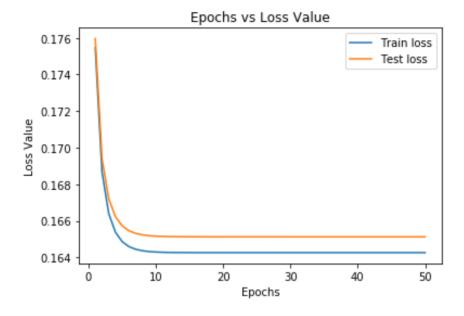
0.16426033883392135,
0.16426033882915692]

```
In [30]:
         te loss
Out[30]: [0.1759668786191598,
          0.16940989611779378,
          0.16721415304424353,
          0.16622329469756567,
          0.16572403546384085,
          0.16545876819806699,
          0.16531365222077019,
          0.16523283564551472,
          0.1651872786451111,
          0.16516136116063063,
          0.165146502653406,
          0.16513792321047355,
          0.16513293346948432,
          0.1651300087564692,
          0.16512827929561427,
          0.16512724616938745,
          0.16512662167682646,
          0.16512623900834086,
          0.16512600086609153,
          0.1651258501056387,
          0.1651257528922146,
          0.16512568899882157,
          0.16512564619492068,
          0.16512561698614076,
          0.16512559670985402,
          0.1651255824156623,
          0.16512557220222615,
          0.16512556482072047,
          0.16512555943510132,
          0.16512555547524393,
          0.165125552545619,
          0.16512555036754414,
          0.1651255487419863,
          0.16512554752515896,
          0.16512554661218476,
          0.1651255459259709,
          0.16512554540949317,
          0.16512554502035995,
          0.16512554472694344,
          0.16512554450556408,
          0.1651255443384607,
          0.16512554421227985,
          0.16512554411697833,
          0.16512554404498142,
          0.16512554399058435,
          0.16512554394947904,
          0.1651255439184143,
```

0.16512554389493753,
0.1651255438771939,
0.16512554386378192]

```
In [33]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    ep=np.arange(1,epochs+1)
    plt.plot(ep,tr_loss)
    plt.plot(ep,te_loss)
    plt.legend(['Train loss','Test loss'])
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss Value')
    plt.title('Epochs vs Loss Value')
```

Out[33]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Epochs vs Loss Value')



0.952240.95

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```