# traingleClassification Classify a triangle based on length of three sides Input will be three integers

- ♦ a ,c ,d is representing the side. of triangle
- $\neq$  Equilateral Triangle: A triangle is said to be equilateral triangle if all the sides are equal. If a, b, c are three sides of the triangle. Then, the triangle is equilateral only if A = B = C.
- $\phi$  Isosceles Triangle: A triangle is said to be an isosceles triangle if any of its two sides are equal. If a ,b ,c are three sides of the triangle. Then, the triangle is isosceles if either a = b or a = c or b = c.
- ♦ Scalene Triangle: A triangle is said Scalene Triangle if none of its sides is equal.
- ★ There is two more condition to be verified to avoide any errors in the program.
- 1. The first is that input should be in +ve Intergers or decimals.

  for this we use try and catch function any input other than number will result in error and will be identified by catch function
- 2. The second but most important to check that the sum of any two side should be greater than the third side otherwise the triangle will not be formed for the we use \*\*"if(a<=0 || b<=0 || c<=0)"\*\*. statement

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```
import java. util.*;
                                 //imported scanner fucntion
public class Triangle {
int a.b.c:
                          //variable declaretion
public static void main(String[] args){
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                                               //scanner function
System.out.println("Enter the sides of Triangle");
try{
                        //for insuring number input
  System.out.println("Enter the 1st sides of Triangle: ");
  int a = sc.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter the 2nd sides of Triangle: ");
  int b = sc.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter the 3rd sides of Triangle: ");
  int c = sc.nextInt();
  if(a \le 0 \mid |b \le 0| \mid c \le 0) //. checking for invalid imputs such as negative value
and zero
```

```
System.out.println("InvalidInput");
 else if(a > (b+c) | | c > (b+a) | | b > (a+c)).
                                                 //if sum of two sides is less then the third side
then the trangle cannot be formed
   System.out.println("Not a Triangle");
 else if(a==b \&\& b==c)
                                      //checking for equilateral triangle
   System.out.println("Equilateral Triangle");
 else \ if(((a^*a) + (b^*b)) = -(c^*c) \ | \ | \ ((a^*a) + (c^*c)) = -(b^*b) \ | \ | \ ((c^*c) + (b^*b)) = -(a^*a)). \ / \ / \ checking \ for
right angled triangle
   System.out.println("Right angle Triangle");
 else if(a! = b \&\& b! = c \&\& c! = a)
                                          // checking for Scalene Triangle
   System.out.println("Scalene Triangle");
 else if(a==b | | c==a | | c==b)
   System.out.println("Isosceles Triangle"); //. checking for Isosceles Triangle
 catch (Input Mismatch Exception \, ime) \{
  System.out.println("Error: your value must be an integer!");
 }
}
}
```