Learning Programming with Erlang or Learning Erlang with Ladybirds

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Learning Erlang with Ladybirds



Computer Science in Germany

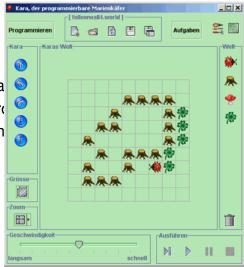
- students in computer science in Germany (also Kiel): less than 20% girls
- computer science not taught in every school

Our approach for improvement:

- One week course introducing computer science
- Talks of research groups, information about studying computer science, discussion with students and female computer scientist from industry, a trip to an IT company, and
- a programming course with a final project.

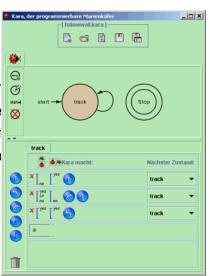
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- Zurich: Programming environment Kara
- Solve tasks by programming a little ladybird

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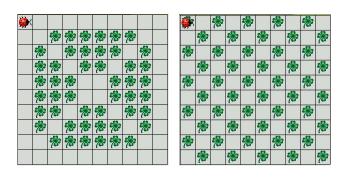


- Excercises in a nice programming environment
- Zurich: Programming environment Kara
- Solve tasks by programming a little ladybird
- Advantages: Attractive task, good identification
- Programming with: Finite Automata, Java
- Our approach: Erlang

Lessons

- basics: sequences, simple commands, case, recursion
- parameters (variables, integers, booleans)
- data structures (tuples, lists)
- modules, concurrency, distribution
- project: design and implementation of chat

```
Prg ::= Rule Prg
      Rule
Rule ::= Func() \rightarrow Cmds.
Cmds ::= Cmd , Cmds
          Cmd
Cmd ::= go() | take() | mark() | nothing()
         | <u>turn(</u>Dir) | Func()
           case Dir() of
              Pat_1 \rightarrow e_1;
              Pat_n \rightarrow e_n
           end
Dir ::= left | rigth | front
Pat ::= free | shamrock | agaric | tree | border
Func ::= [a - z][a - z, A - Z, 0 - 9]^*
```

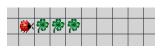




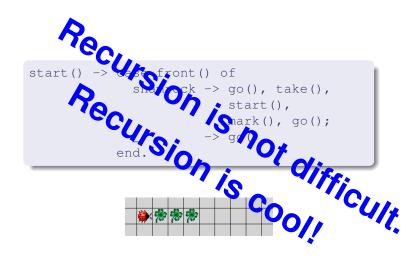


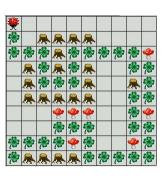


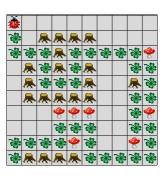




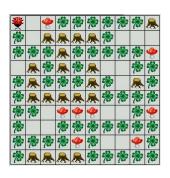
Non-Tail Recursion



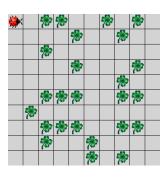




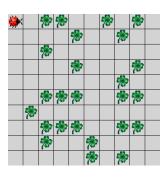




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Opportunities of Using Erlang in Our Approach

- only one programming language
- simple syntax
- no confusing types
- abstraction (reuse of function definitions)
- only recursion
- availability of Erlang

Problems:

- error messages
- old-fashioned GUI