Introduction

The Waste Management Plan's goal is to explain the waste management concepts, processes, and management at the BML MUNJAL UNIVERSITY campus. This Plan was created by THE ACTIVISTS to ensure that waste is reduced, reused, and recycled as much as feasible.

The Plan contains information on the following topics:

- 1. The types and amounts of trash produced throughout the procedure.
- 2. Waste collection and disposal procedures.
- 3. Measures that will be taken to reduce the amount of trash generated as a result of the development.

Abstract

Presently in India, about 960 million tonnes of solid waste is being generated annually as by-products of industrial, mining, municipal, agricultural and other processes. With rapid population growth and urbanization, this number will keep increasing at an unprecedented rate.

The substantial increase in solid waste generation results in the contamination of air, water, and land resources. Indian cities and towns are found littered with garbage, these practices create serious health, safety, and environmental consequences.

Poorly managed waste serves as a breeding ground for disease vectors and contributes to global climate change through methane generation. To safeguard the environment, efforts are being made for recycling different wastes and utilizing them in value-added applications. This report presents the status of the generation and utilization of solid wastes at BML Munjal University, their environmental implication is reported and discussed in detail.

Problem Statement

A problem statement is a short, clear explanation of an issue or challenge that summarizes what you want to change. It helps you, team members, and other stakeholders to focus on the problem, why it's important, and who it impacts

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