

Department of Computer Engineering

Experiment No. 4

Experiment on Hadoop Map-Reduce

Date of Performance: 07/09/2023

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Aim: To write a program to implement a word count program using MapReduce.

Theory:

WordCount is a simple program which counts the number of occurrences of each word in a given text input data set. WordCount fits very well with the MapReduce programming model making it a great example to understand the Hadoop Map/Reduce programming style. The implementation consists of three main parts:

- 1. Mapper
- 2. Reducer
- 3. Driver

Step-1. Write a Mapper

A Mapper overrides the —mapl function from the Class "org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper" which provides <key, value> pairs as the input. A Mapper implementation may output <key,value> pairs using the provided Context.

Input value of the WordCount Map task will be a line of text from the input data file and the key would be the line number line_number, line_of_text>. Map task outputs <word, one> for each word in the line of text.

Pseudo-code

```
void Map (key,value) {
for each word x in
value:
output.collect(x,1);
}
```

Step-2. Write a Reducer



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A Reducer collects the intermediate <key,value> output from multiple map tasks and assemble a single result. Here, the WordCount program will sum up the occurrence of each word to pairs as <word, occurrence>.

```
Pseudo-code
void Reduce (keyword, <list of value>){
for each x in < list of value>:
    sum+=x;
    final_output.collect(keyword, sum);
}
Code:
    import
    java.io.IOException;
    import
    java.util.StringTokenizer;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable;
    import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Reducer
    ; import
```



```
org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.TextInputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.TextOutputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
public class WordCount
public static class Map extends
Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, IntWritable> { public void
map(LongWritable key, Text value,Context context) throws
IOException, Interrupted Exception {
String line = value.toString();
StringTokenizer tokenizer = new
StringTokenizer(line); while
(tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
value.set(tokenizer.nextToken());
context.write(value, new IntWritable(1));
```



```
public static class Reduce extends
Reducer<Text,IntWritable,Text,IntWritable> { public void reduce(Text
key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context) throws
IOException,InterruptedException {
int sum=0;
for(IntWritable x:
values)
sum+=x.get();
}
context.write(key, new IntWritable(sum));
public static void main(String[] args) throws
Exception { Configuration conf= new
Configuration();
Job job = new Job(conf,"My Word Count
Program"); job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
job.setMapperClass(Map.class);
```

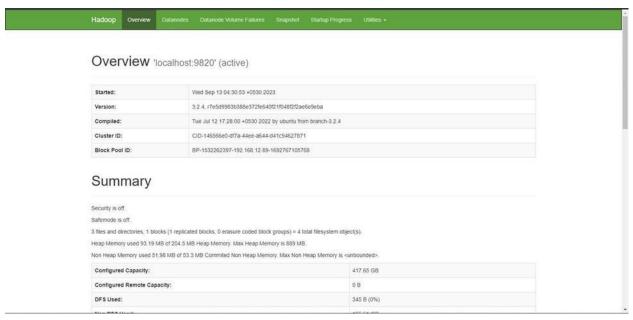


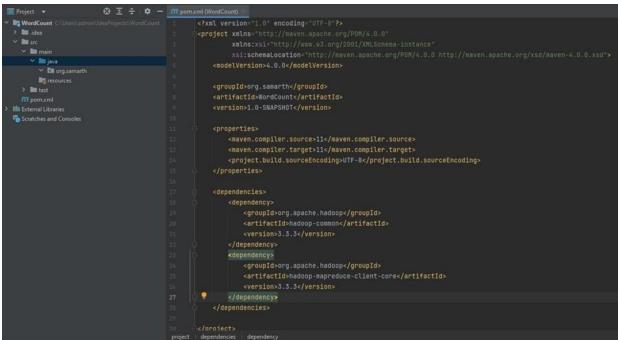
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```
job.setReducerClass(Reduce.class);
job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
job.setInputFormatClass(TextInputFormat.class);
job.setOutputFormatClass(TextOutputFormat.cla
ss); Path outputPath = new Path(args[1]);
//Configuring the input/output path from the filesystem into the job
FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
//deleting the output path automatically from hdfs so that we don't
have to delete it explicitly
outputPath.getFileSystem(conf).delete(outputPath);
//exiting the job only if the flag value becomes false
System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true)? 0:1);
}
```

Output:





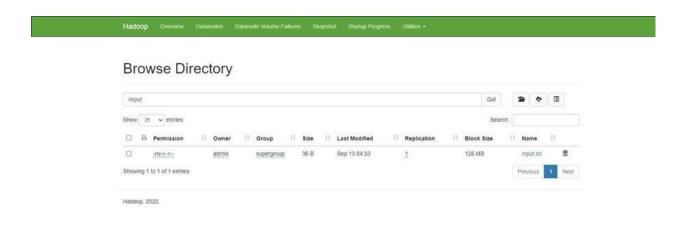


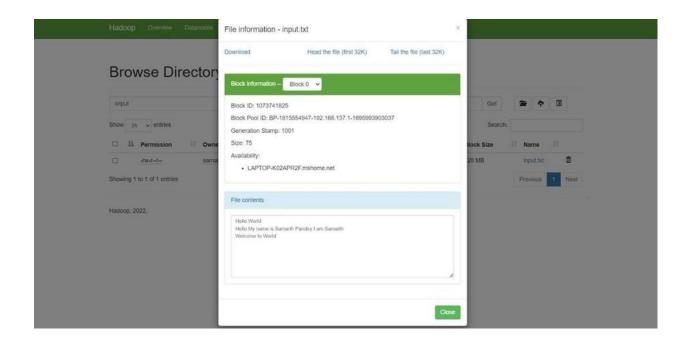




```
Command Prompt — X
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.2295]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\admin>cd Desktop
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>hadoop fs -mkdir /input
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>hadoop fs -put input.txt /input
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>
```









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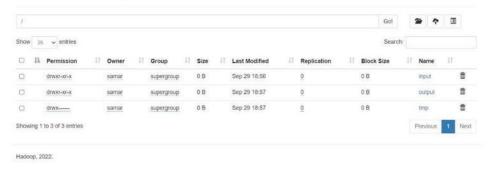
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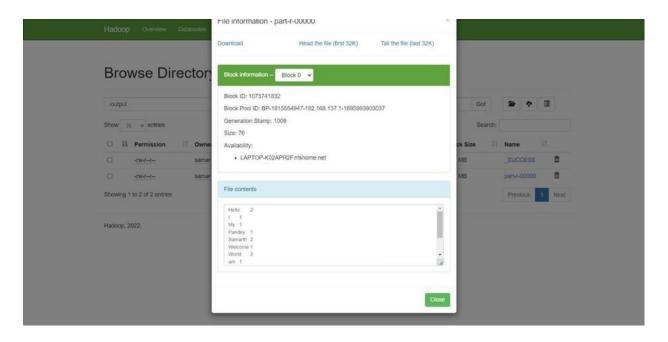
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Conclusion:

In this experiment, the primary emphasis was on the implementation of a Word Count program using the MapReduce paradigm, serving as a fundamental demonstration of Hadoop's data processing prowess. The Word Count program was deconstructed into its three crucial components: Mapper, Reducer, and Driver. The Mapper is responsible for handling the input data, breaking it into individual words, and emitting pairs in the form of <word, 1>. The Reducer plays a pivotal role in aggregating and summing these pairs to yield the ultimate word count. Meanwhile, the Driver assumes the role of orchestrating the MapReduce operation by configuring input/output paths and executing the tasks..