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Courses

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## -CSE 544.01 Probability and Statistics for Data Scientists - Spring 2022

Assignments

Review Test Submission: Practice M1

## Review Test Submission: Practice M1

User	Akhila Juturu
Course	-CSE 544.01 Probability and Statistics for Data Scientists - Spring 2022
Test	Practice M1
Started	3/7/22 7:35 PM
Submitted	3/7/22 7:40 PM
Status	Completed
	100 out of 100 points
Time Elapsed	4 minutes out of 30 minutes
I	d All Answers, Submitted Answers, Correct Answers

**Question 1** 10 out of 10 points

> Consider the {C, S, R} Markov chain exactly as in lec 9, slide 15. What is the long-term probability of being in state R? Report your answer with exactly one digit before the decimal and rounded to two digits after the decimal. For example, report 0.004 as 0.00, report 3.333 as 3.33, report 1.106 as 1.11, and report 2.704 as 2.70.

Selected Answer: 🚫 0.11

Correct Answer:

**Evaluation Method Correct Answer Case Sensitivity** 0.11 🕜 Exact Match

**Question 2** 10 out of 10 points

> Let X be distributed as Uniform(0,1) and Y be distributed as Uniform(0,2). Let X and Y be independent. What is Pr(X < Y)?

Selected Answer: 👩 0.75

Answers:

0.00

0.50

None of the listed

0.75

0.25

1.00

**Question 3** 10 out of 10 points

> Consider a new continuous distribution X defined in (0, 3) with p.d.f. f(x) = C x, where C is some constant. Note that f(x) = 0 outside the (0, 3) range. What is E[X]?

> Report your answer with exactly one digit before the decimal and rounded to two digits after the decimal. For example, report 0.004 as 0.00, report 3.333 as 3.33, report 1.106 as 1.11, and report 2.704 as 2.70.

Selected Answer: 🚫 2.00

Correct Answer:

<b>Evaluation Method</b>	Correct Answer	Case Sensitivity	
Exact Match	2.00		

**Question 4** 10 out of 10 points

> Let Skew(X) = E[(X- $\mu$ )<sup>3</sup>] /  $\sigma$ <sup>3</sup> for a RV X with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma$ <sup>2</sup>. Find the plug-in estimator for Skew(X) given iid sample data drawn from X as D =  $\{3, 1, 2\}$ . Report your answer with exactly 1 digit before the decimal and rounded to 2 digits after the decimal. For example, report 2.704 as 2.70, -1.009 as -1.01, 0 as 0.00.

Selected Answer: 🚫 0.00

Correct Answer:

Evaluation Method	Correct Answer	Case Sensitivity
Exact Match	0.00	

**Question 5** 10 out of 10 points

> You are given data samples D = {1.9, -0.3, 4.2, 4.2, -2.1, 1.9, -2.1, -2.1} drawn i.i.d. from some true but unknown distribution, X. What is the eCDF of X at 3?

Report your answer with exactly one digit before the decimal and rounded to two digits after the decimal. For example, report 0.004 as 0.00, report 3.333 as 3.33, report 1.106 as 1.11, and report 2.704 as 2.70.

Selected Answer: 🚫 0.75

Correct Answer:

<b>Evaluation Method</b>	Correct Answer	Case Sensitivity
<b>⋘</b> Exact Match	0.75	

**Question 6** 10 out of 10 points

> Refer to slide 4 from lec 3. Consider the same scenario, that is, 6 students receive vaccines such that 2 get PF, 2 get MD, and 2 get AZ. What is the probability that students 1 and 2 get the same vaccine?

> Report your answer with exactly one digit before the decimal and rounded to two digits after the decimal. For example, report 0.004 as 0.00, report 3.333 as 3.33, report 1.106 as 1.11, and report 2.704 as 2.70.

Selected Answer: 🚫 0.20

Correct Answer:

Evaluation Method	Correct Answer	Case Sensitivity	
Sexact Match	0.20		

**Question 7** 10 out of 10 points

> Assume that POE is defined for independent RVs X and Y as E[X Y] = 2 E[X] E[Y]. If LOE is defined the same way as in class, then with this new definition of POE, which of the following is the correct result for LOV for independent RVs X and Y?

Selected Answer: 
$$\checkmark$$
 Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + E[X Y]

Answers:

$$Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + E[X] E[Y]$$

None of the listed

$$Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y)$$

$$Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + 2 E[X Y]$$

**Question 8** 10 out of 10 points

> Let {X1, X2, ..., Xn} be i.i.d. with some true but unknown distribution X with mean u > 1. Define an estimator of u as  $M=(1+X_2)/3$ . Which of the following statements is true.

Selected Answer: ♂ bias(M) < 0

Answers:

bias(M) < 0</p>

bias(M) > 0

M is an unbiased estimator

None of the listed

**Question 9** 10 out of 10 points

> You are given data samples D =  $\{3, 6, -2, 9, 16, -1, 5, 7, 17\}$ . Using Tukey's rule with  $\alpha = 1.5$ , which of the following will be classified as an outlier?

Selected Answer: 🚫 None of the listed.

Answers:

None of the listed.

17

-2

16

-1

**Question 10** 10 out of 10 points Refer to slide 13 from lec 2. This time, consider that the coin is not fair, and has Pr(H) = 3/5 and Pr(T)=2/5. The rest of the experiment is the same. What is Pr(die roll > 1)? Report your answer with exactly one digit before the decimal and rounded to two digits after the decimal. For example, report 0.004 as 0.00, report 3.333 as 3.33, report 1.106 as 1.11, and report 2.704 as 2.70.

Selected Answer: 👩 0.72

Correct Answer:

Evaluation Method	Correct Answer	Case Sensitivity
Exact Match	0.72	

Wednesday, March 9, 2022 1:27:53 AM EST

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