

Assignment 5

AKHILA, CS21BTECH11031

Question: The probability of a shooter hitting a target is $\frac{3}{4}$. How many minimum number of times must he/she fire so that the probability of hitting the target at least once is more than 0.99?

The minimum value of n to satisfy the above inequality is 4.

Thus, the shooter must fire 4 times.

Solution: Let the shooter fire n times. Obviously, n fires are n Bernoulli trials.

In each trial,

p = probability of hitting the target $= \frac{3}{4}$

q = probability of not hitting the target $= \frac{1}{4}$.

Let X be the random variable whose probability distribution is $B(n, \frac{3}{4})$.

We know that,

$$\Pr(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} q^{n-k} p^k, k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (1)$$

$$= \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n-k} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^k \quad (2)$$

$$= \binom{n}{k} \frac{3^k}{4^n} \quad (3)$$

Now, given that,

$$\Pr(\text{hitting the target at least once}) > 0.99 \quad (4)$$

$$\implies \Pr(X \geq 1) > 0.99 \quad (5)$$

$$\implies \Pr(X = 1) + \Pr(X = 2) + \dots \\ \dots + \Pr(X = n) > 0.99 \quad (6)$$

$$\implies 1 - \Pr(X = 0) > 0.99 \quad (7)$$

$$\implies 1 - \binom{n}{0} \frac{3^0}{4^n} > 0.99 \quad (8)$$

$$\implies 1 - \binom{n}{0} \frac{1}{4^n} > 0.99 \quad (9)$$

$$\implies \binom{n}{0} \frac{1}{4^n} < 0.01 \quad (10)$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{4^n} < 0.01 \quad (11)$$

$$\implies 4^n > 100 \quad (12)$$

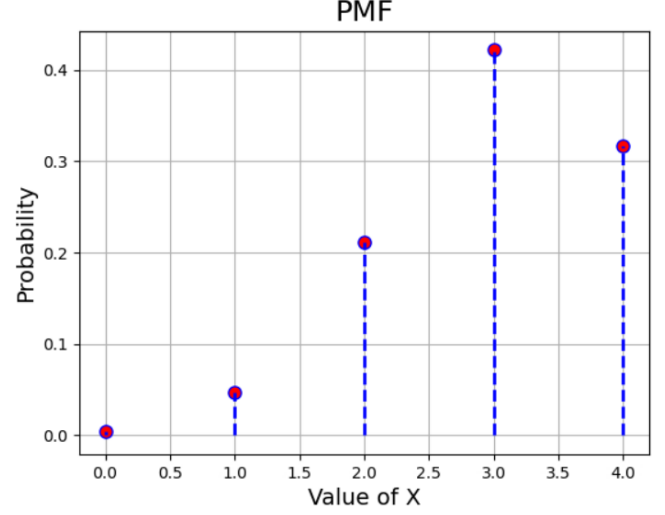


Fig. 1: Plot of the PMF