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1. We will implement different file handler for different types of files such as text, image and xml files. Which design pattern will be preferred for this problem. Provide suitable code snippet for this.

```
var Node = function (name)
{
  this.children = []; this.name
  = name;
}

Node.prototype = {
  add: function (child) {
    this.children.push(child);
  },

  remove: function (child) {
    var length = this.children.length;
    for (var i = 0; i < length; i++) {
      if (this.children[i] === child) {
        this.children.splice(i, 1); return;
      }
    }
  },

  getChild: function (i) {
    return this.children[i];
  },

  hasChildren: function () {
    return this.children.length > 0;
  }
}

function traverse(indent, node) {
  console.log(Array(indent++).join("--") + node.name);

  for (var i = 0, len = node.children.length; i < len; i++) {

    traverse(indent, node.getChild(i));
```

```

    }
}

function run() {
    var tree = new Node("root");
    var left = new Node("left");
    var right = new Node("right");
    var leftleft = new Node("leftleft");
    var leftright = new Node("leftright");
    var rightright = new Node("rightright");
    var rightleft = new Node("rightleft");

    tree.add(left);
    tree.add(right);
    tree.remove(right);
    tree.add(right);

    left.add(leftleft);
    left.add(leftright);

    right.add(rightleft);
    right.add(rightright);

    traverse(1, tree);
}

```

1. One organization have one department as HR department and two child department as Humanity Department and Logistic Department under Hr department. We have to calculate tax as HRA is different for different departments but it should implement main TaxCalculator interface. Which design pattern will be preferred for this problem. Provide suitable code snippet for this.

Ans: Behavioral Pattern will be preferred for this problem.

```

public interface TaxCalculator {
    public abstract void execute();
}

public class Humanity implements TaxCalculator {
    private int basic_salary;

```

```

    public Order(int basic_salary) {
        this.basic_salary = basic_salary;
    }

    @Override
    public void execute() {
        HRA=(10/100)*basicsalary;
    }
}
public class Logistic implements TaxCalculator {
    private int basic_salary;

    public Order(int basic_salary) {
        this.basic_salary = basic_salary;
    }

    @Override
    public void execute() {
        HRA=(10/100)*basicsalary;
    }
}
public class Department {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        basic_salary basic_salary = new basic_salary();

        Humanity humanity = new Humanity(basic_salary);
        Logistic logistic = new Logistic(basic_salary);
        Humanity.execute();

        humanity = new humanity(basic_salary);
        logistic = new Logistic(basic_salary);
        Logistic.execute();
    }
}

```

3. Write a javascript function to find average of all numbers and variance of those numbers ? Write Async/await function for both of calculations

```

function findAverage(arr)
{
    let sum=0;

```

```

    for(let i=0;i<arr.length;i++)
    {
        sum+=arr[i];
    }
    return sum/arr.length;
}
async function findVariance(arr)
{
    let mean = await findAverage(arr);
    // console.log(mean);
    let sum=0;
    for(let i=0;i<arr.length;i++)
    {
        sum+=Math.pow((arr[i]-mean),2)
    }
    return sum/arr.length;
}
let arr = [1,2,3,4,5];
console.log(findAverage(arr));
// console.log(findVariance(arr));

findVariance(arr).then(Response => console.log(Response)).catch(error =>
console.error())

```

4. Create a class as Product in Javascript which will have productId, ProductName and Productprice fields in that class. Create a few instance and store them in JSON format. Now access those data and print to console using Promise object.

```

class product {

    constructor(productId,
productName, productPrice)
    {
        this.productId = productId;
        this.productName =
productName;
        this.productPrice =
productPrice;
    }

}

let product_1 = new product(9999,
pro_1, 2200);
console.log(product_1);
let product_2 = new product(7777,
pro_2, 4400);
console.log(product_2);

```

5. Create ReactJs/Angular web project on local system for below mentioned usability.

(For ReactJS Group)

Design a login page with username and password as textfields. There will be a submit button and cancel button in that page. Now create a dummy data for valid username and password in the corresponding Javascript/Typescript file. Use onclick event in (ReactJs) to validate username and password and direct to another page(home.html)

```

import { useState } from 'react';

export default function Form() {

const [name, setName] = useState("");
const [email, setEmail] = useState("");
const [password, setPassword] = useState("");

const [submitted, setSubmitted] = useState(false);
const [error, setError] = useState(false);

const handleName = (e) => {
    setName(e.target.value);
    setSubmitted(false);

```

```

};

const handleEmail = (e) => {
    setEmail(e.target.value);
    setSubmitted(false);
};

const handlePassword = (e) => {
    setPassword(e.target.value);
    setSubmitted(false);
};

const handleSubmit = (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
    if (name === "" || email === "" || password === "") {
        setError(true);
    } else {
        setSubmitted(true);
        setError(false);
    }
};

const successMessage = () => {
    return (
        <div
            className="success"
            style={{
                display: submitted ? "" : 'none',
            }}>
            <h1>User {name} successfully registered!!</h1>
        </div>
    );
};

// Showing error message if error is true
const errorMessage = () => {
    return (
        <div
            className="error"
            style={{
                display: error ? "" : 'none',
            }}>
            <h1>Please enter all the fields</h1>
        </div>
    );
};

return (
    <div className="form">
        <div>
            <h1>User Registration</h1>
        </div>

        { /* Calling to the methods */ }
    </div>
);

```

```
<div className="messages">
  {errorMessage()}
  {successMessage()}
</div>

<form>
  {/* Labels and inputs for form data */}
  <label className="label">UserName</label>
  <input onChange={handleName} className="input"
    value={name} type="text" />

  <label className="label">Password</label>
  <input onChange={handlePassword} className="input"
    value={password} type="password" />

  <button onClick={handleSubmit} className="btn" type="submit">
    Submit
  </button>
</form>
</div>
);
}
```