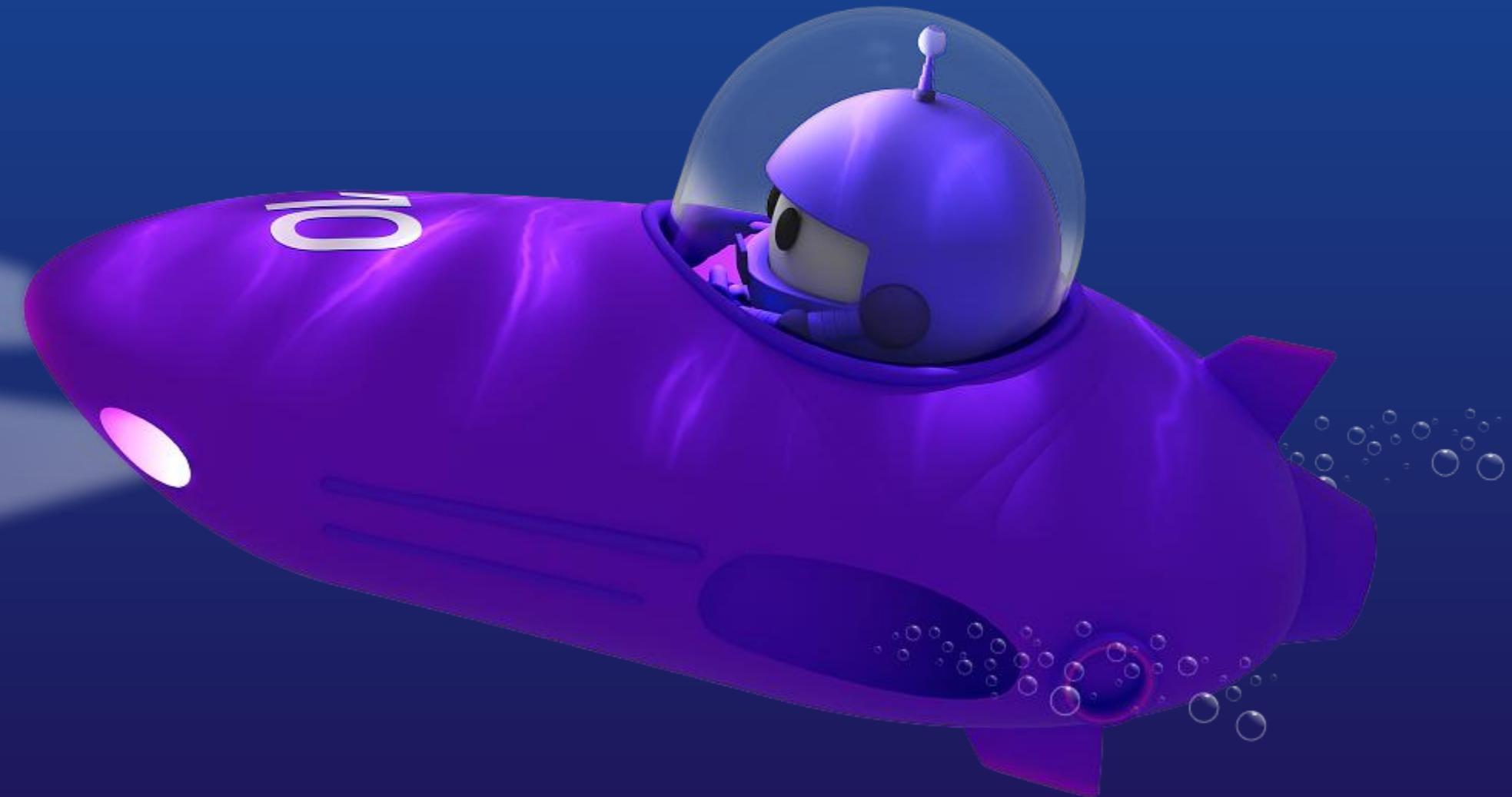


# EF Core 10



Deep Dive  
into new  
Features





# Sanjar Akhmedov

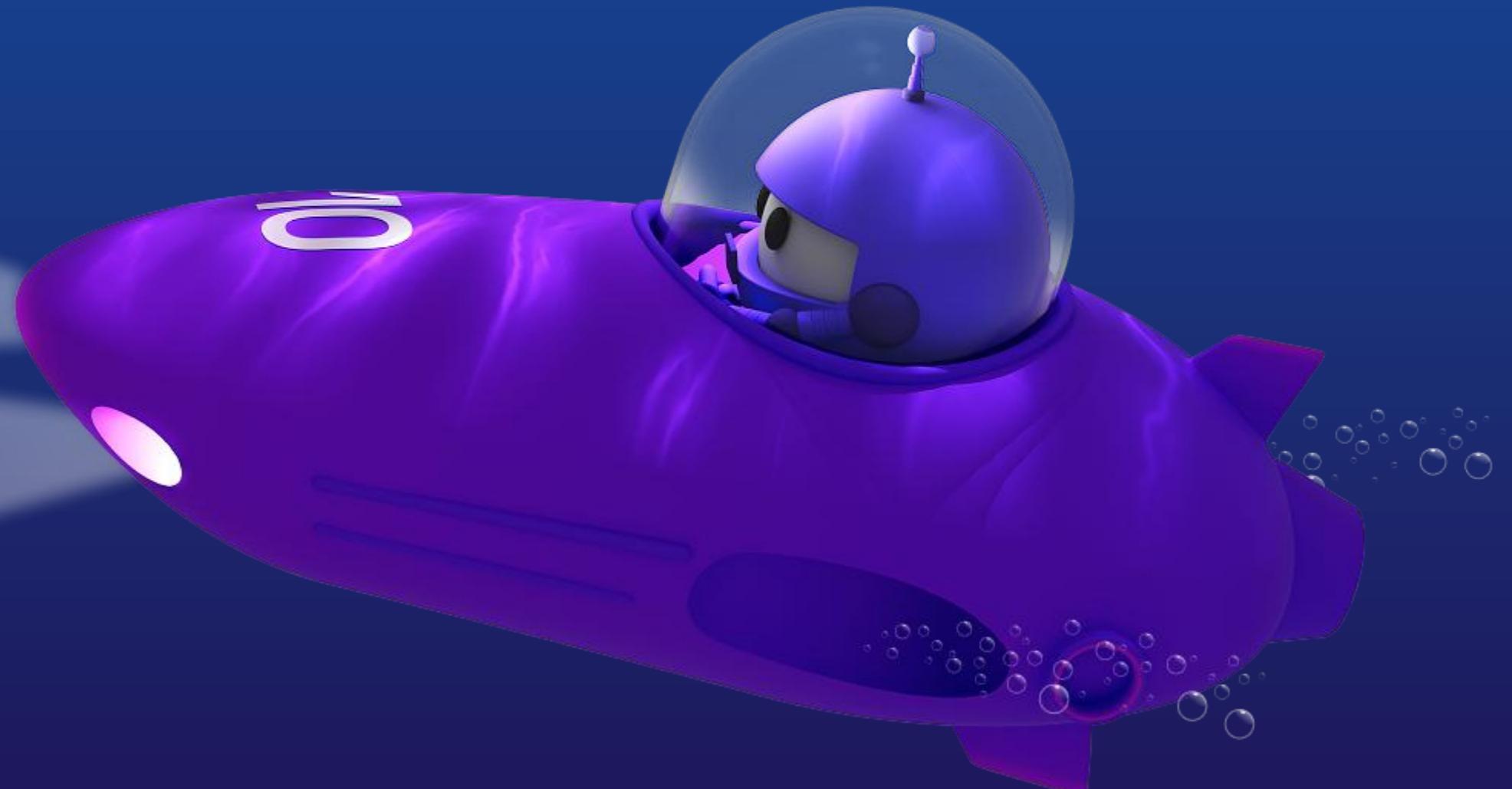
## Software Engineer

### Silk Road Professionals

 [/Akhmedov\\_Sanjar](#)

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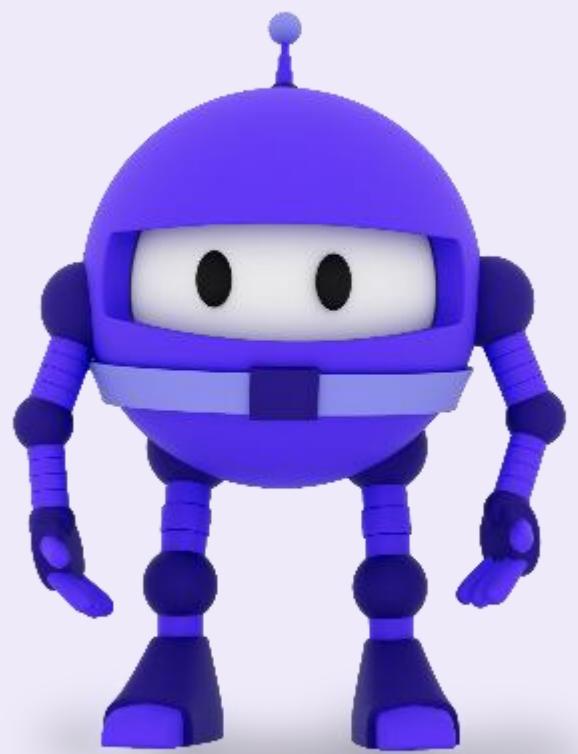
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# Agenda

- **Introduction – What is EF Core?**
- **Complex Types**
- **JSON Type Support**
- **Vector Search**
- **LeftJoin & RightJoin**
- **Named Query Filters**

# **What is Entity Framework Core?**





C# Classes  
.NET



EF Core  
(ORM for .NET)

Database Tables  
Maps classes to tables



No manual SQL



LINQ queries



**What are  
Complex Types?**

# **Ways to Store Related Data (Ex: Customer and Address)**

Address has its own table

```
public class Address {  
    public int Id { get; set; } // ← Has its own ID  
    public string Street { get; set; }  
    public string City { get; set; }  
}  
  
public class Customer {  
    public int ShippingAddressId { get; set; } // ← Links to Address  
    public Address ShippingAddress { get; set; }  
}
```

Address has its own table

### Customers Table

<b>Id</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>ShipAddId</b>
1	John	100
2	Jane	200

### Addresses Table

<b>Id</b>	<b>Street</b>	<b>City</b>
100	Main St	Seattle
200	2nd Avenue	Boston



Address becomes extra columns in Customer table

```
// Address becomes columns  
public record Address(string Street, string City, string ZipCode);  
  
public class Customer {  
    public Address ShippingAddress { get; set; } // ← No separate table!  
}  
  
// Configuration  
entity.ComplexProperty(c => c.ShippingAddress);
```



Address becomes extra columns in Customer table

## Customers Table

---

Id	Name	ShippingAddress_Street	ShippingAddress_City	ShippingAddress_ZipCode
1	John	123 Main St	Seattle	98101
2	Jane	456 Oak Ave	Portland	97205

# **JSON Type Support**

Address stored as JSON in one column

```
// Address stored as JSON
public record Address(string Street, string City, string ZipCode);

public class Customer {
    public Address ShippingAddress { get; set; } // ← Stored as JSON
}

// Configuration
entity.ComplexProperty(c => c.ShippingAddress, b => bToJson());
```

Address stored as JSON in one column

## Customers Table

---

<b>Id</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>ShippingAddress (JSON)</b>
-----------	-------------	-------------------------------

---

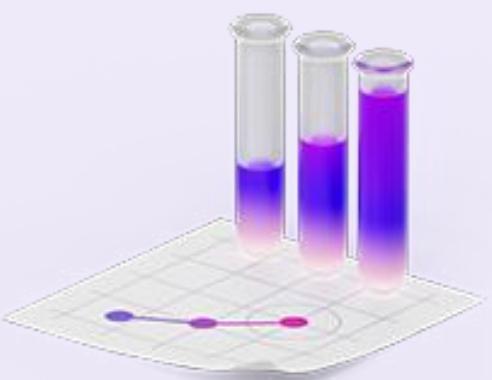
1	John	{"Street": "123 Main", "City": "Seattle", "Zip": "98101"}
2	Jane	{"Street": "456 Oak", "City": "Portland", "Zip": "97201"}

# Performance Benchmark by Filtering - Address.City with 100,000 Customers

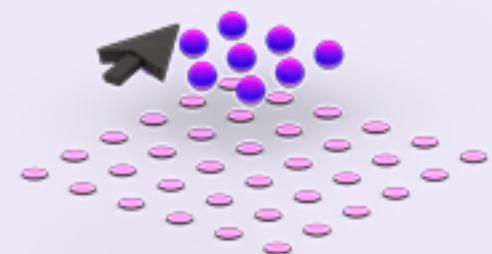


Query Performance Comparison (Address.City)

Storage Method	Mean (ms)	StdDev (ms)	Allocated
Association (Separate Table / JOIN)	37.870	0.2845	4.03 MB
Complex Type (JSON Column)	19.834	0.2090	3.53 MB
Complex Type (Splitted Columns)	6.346	0.0926	3.50 MB



# **Vector Search Support**



## Keyword Search



I want a red shirt that is loose and feels strong

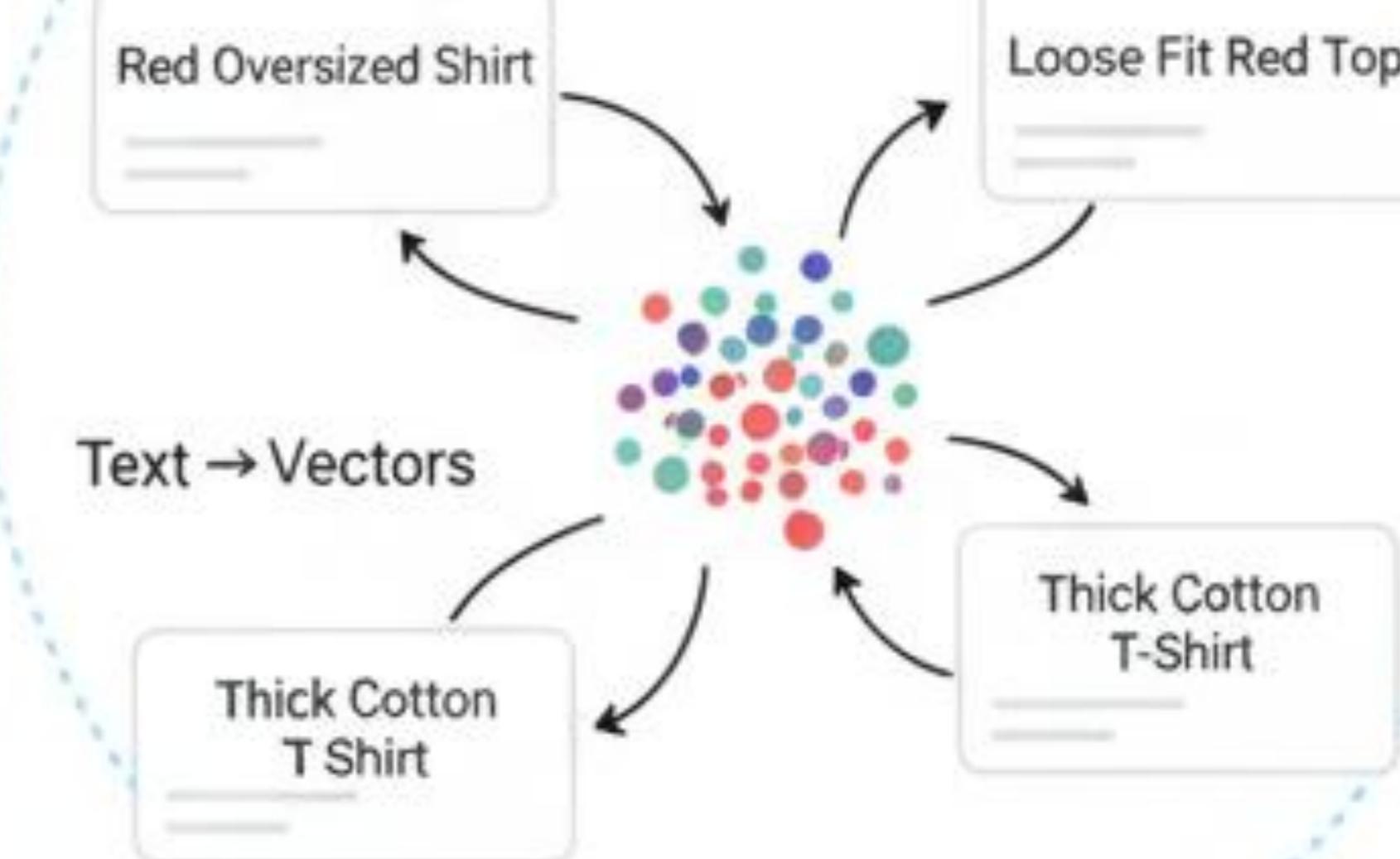


Exact word match only

## Vector Search



I want a red shirt that is loose and feels strong



Finds related meaning

### EF Core Product Model with Vector Search

```
public class Product
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Category { get; set; }
    public string Description { get; set; }

    [Column(TypeName = "vector(1536)")]
    public SqlVector<float> SearchVector { get; set; }
}
```

### Products table with Vector Search (Name, Category, Desc)

Product Name	Category	Description	Vector Search
Wireless Charging Pad	Accessories	Fast charging pad for smartphones	{0.12, 0.88, ...}
USB-C Charger 65W	Chargers	High power charger for laptops	{0.67, 0.21, ...}
Magnetic Phone Stand	Accessories	Desk stand with magnetic grip	{0.14, 0.81, ...}
Wireless Power Mat	Accessories	Slim mat for cable-free phone charg	{0.11, 0.86, ...}

Products table with Vector Search (Name, Category, Desc)

User Text (Ex:"Fast charging pad for smartphones")

|

v

Embedding Model

| {0.13, 0.87, 0.46, ...}

v

Query Vector

|

v

Compare Query Vector

|

v

Cosine / Distance Similarity

|

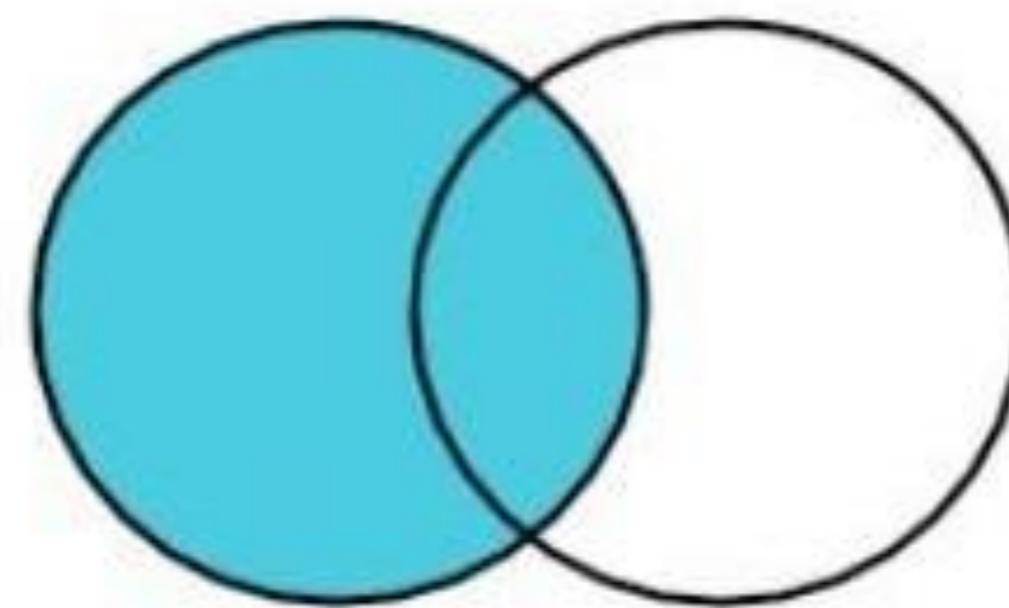
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Search Results:

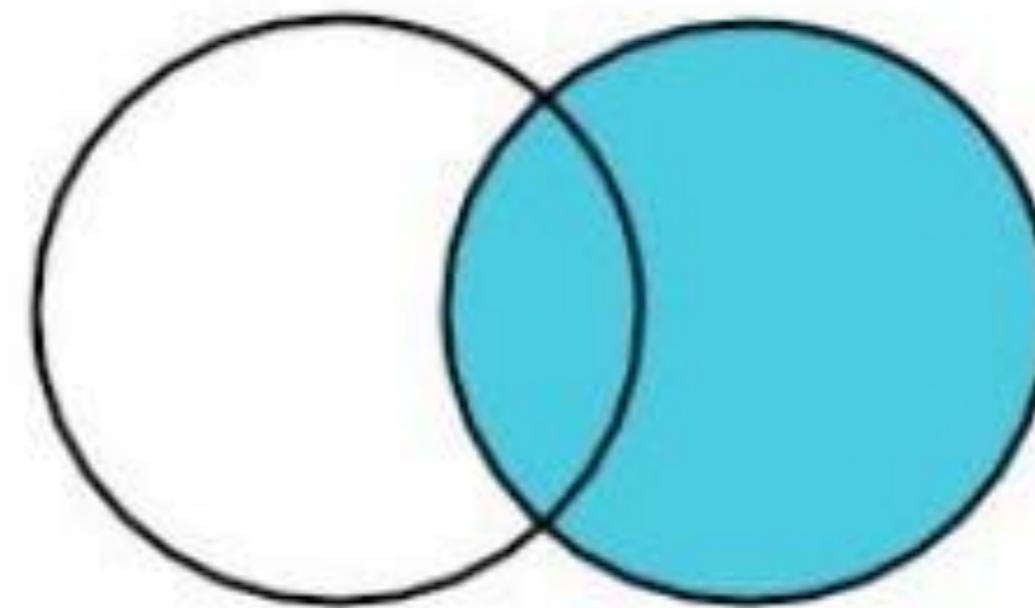
Product Name	Description	Similarity
Wireless Charging Pad	Fast charging pad for smartphones	0.97 ✓
Wireless Power Mat	Slim mat for cable-free phone charge	0.94 ✓
Magnetic Phone Stand	Desk stand with magnetic grip	0.61 ✓

# **LeftJoin and RightJoin operators**

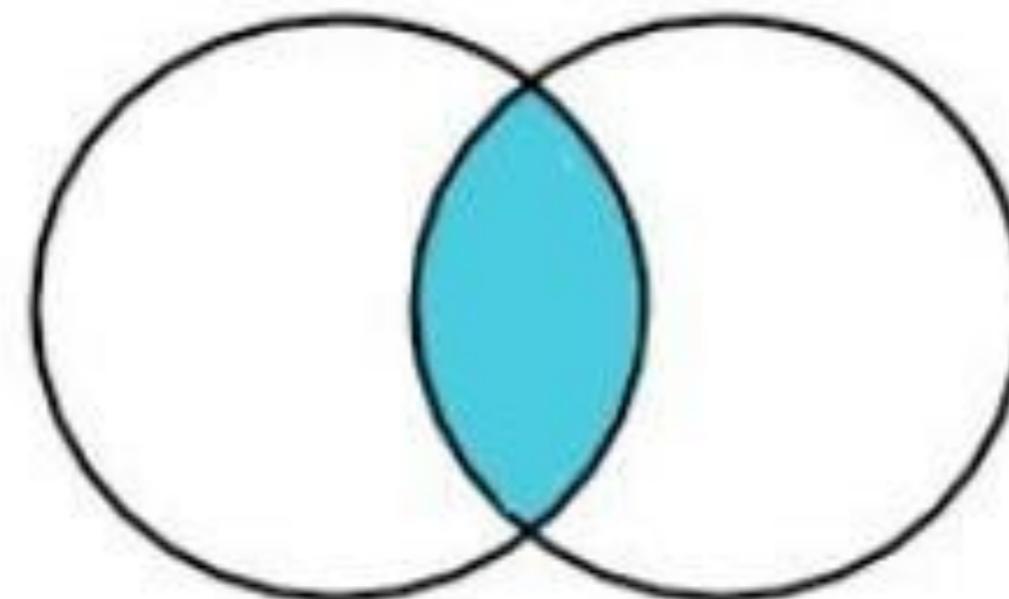




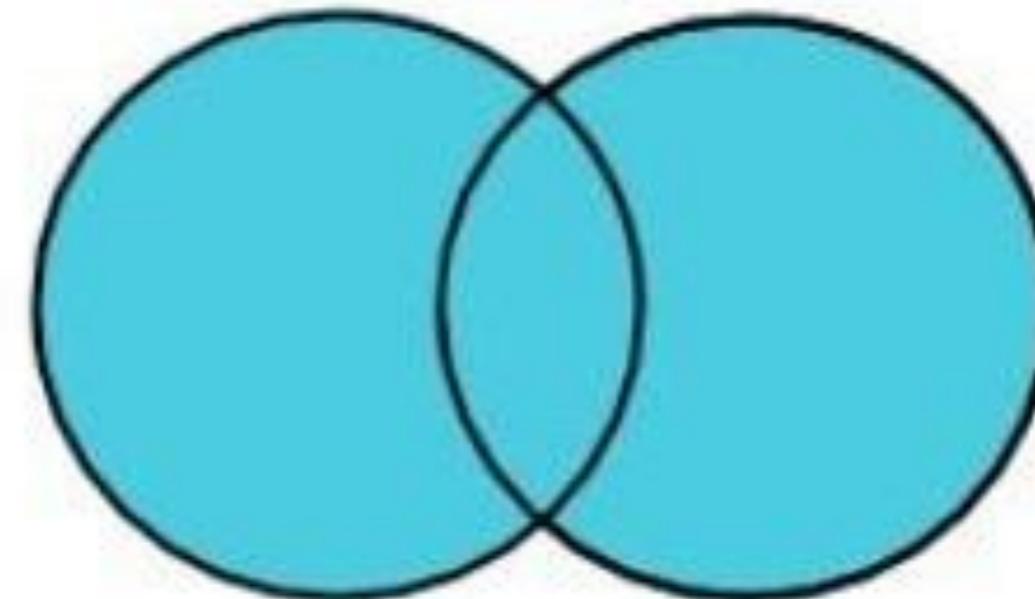
**Left Join**



**Right Join**



**Inner Join**



**Full Outer  
Join**

## Database Joins

DEPARTMENTS	
ID	Name
1	IT
2	HR
3	Finance

JOIN	
<	<

STUDENTS		
ID	Name	DepartmentId
1	Alice	1
2	Bob	2
3	David	(no department)

JOINED RESULT	
StudentName	DepartmentName
Alice	IT
Bob	HR
David	(no department)

LeftJoin: GroupJoin + SelectMany + DefaultIfEmpty

```
var departments = new[]
{
    new Department { Name = "Computer Science" },
    new Department { Name = "Mathematics" },
    new Department { Name = "Physics" }
};

var students = new[]
{
    new Student { Name = "Alice", DepartmentId = departments[0].Id },
    new Student { Name = "Bob", DepartmentId = departments[0].Id },
    new Student { Name = "Charlie", DepartmentId = null },
    new Student { Name = "Diana", DepartmentId = departments[1].Id }
};

var leftJoin = await context.Students
    .GroupJoin(
        context.Departments,
        s => s.DepartmentId,
        d => d.Id,
        (student, departments) => new { student, departments })
    .SelectMany(
        x => x.departments.DefaultIfEmpty(),
        (x, department) => new
        {
            StudentName = x.student.Name,
            DepartmentName = department != null ? department.Name : "None"
        })
    .ToListAsync();
```

```
var leftJoin = await context.Students
    .LeftJoin(context.Departments, s => s.DepartmentId, d => d.Id,
              (s, d) => new
              {
                  StudentName = s.Name,
                  DepartmentName = d != null ? d.Name : "None"
              })
    .ToListAsync();

var rightJoin = await context.Departments
    .RightJoin(context.Students, d => d.Id, s => s.DepartmentId,
               (d, s) => new
               {
                   DepartmentName = d != null ? d.Name : "No Department",
                   StudentName = s.Name
               })
    .ToListAsync();
```

Left Join		Right Join	
Student Name	Department Name	Department Name	Student Name
Alice	Computer Science	Computer Science	Alice
Bob	Computer Science	Computer Science	Bob
Charlie	None	Mathematics	Diana
Diana	Mathematics	No Department	Charlie

# Named Query Filters



# What Are Named Query Filters?

Global filters that automatically apply WHERE clauses to **every query** for an entity, with the ability to selectively disable specific filters by name.



## Named Query Filters

Before EF Core 10:

```
// Single unnamed filter - all or nothing
entity.HasQueryFilter(a => !a.IsDeleted && a.TenantId == currentTenant);

// Problem: Can't disable just soft delete, must disable everything
var allRecords = context.Accounts.IgnoreQueryFilters(); // ← Ignores BOTH
```

After EF Core 10:

```
// Multiple named filters - selective control
entity.HasQueryFilter("SoftDelete", a => !a.IsDeleted);
entity.HasQueryFilter("Tenant", a => a.TenantId == currentTenant);

// Can disable individually. Keep tenant filter!
var deletedRecords = context.Accounts.IgnoreQueryFilters(["SoftDelete"]);
```

# Thank you

Demo repository

