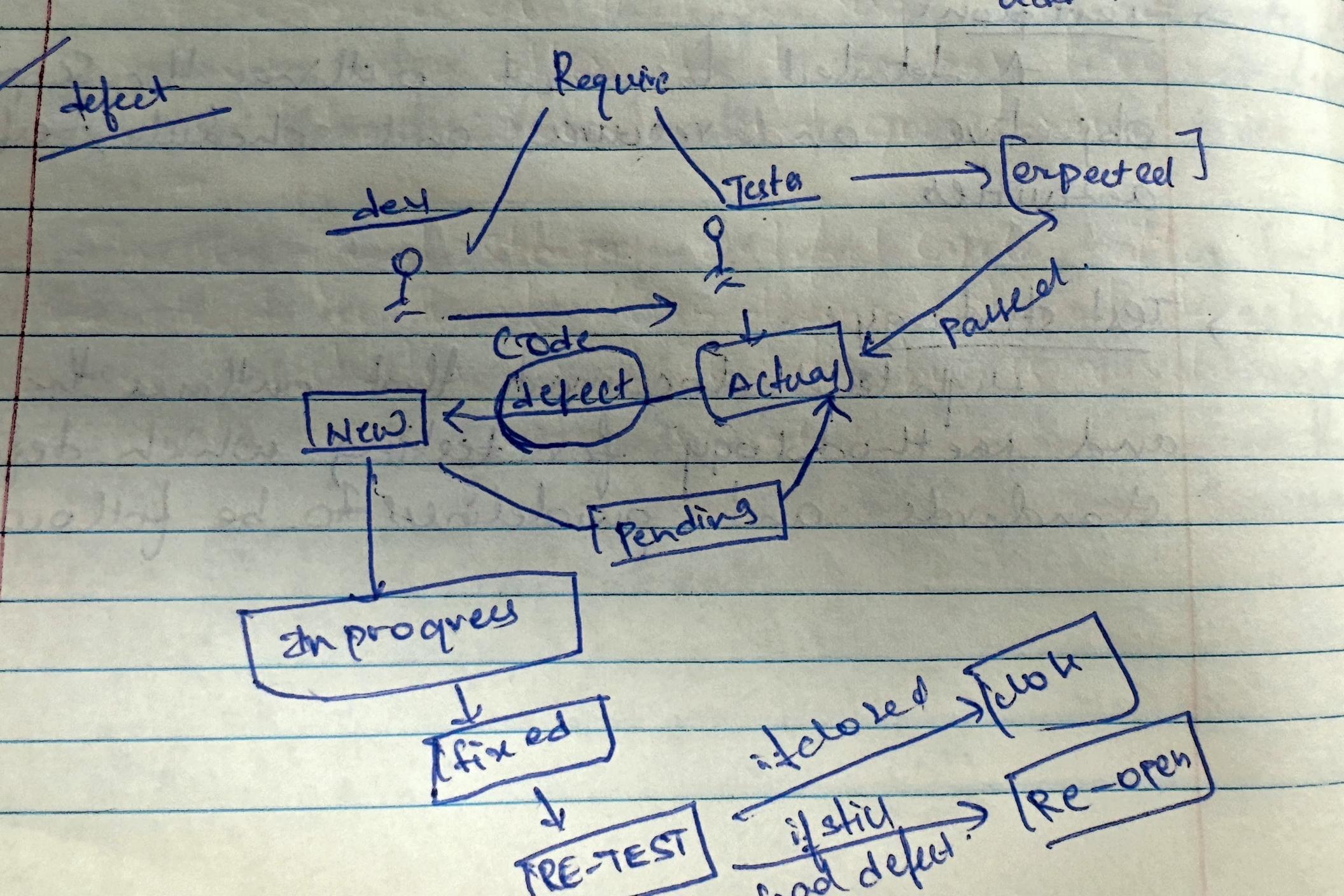
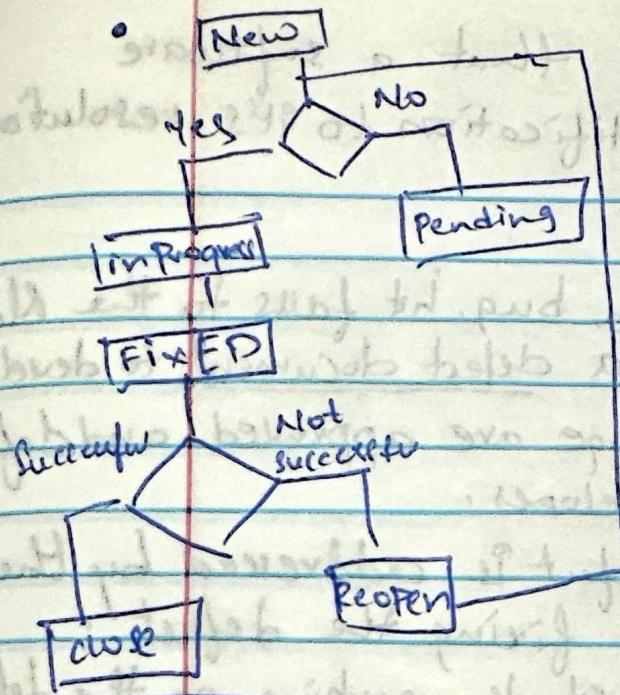


Defect Lifecycle: A series of stages that a software defect goes through from its identification to its resolution.

- (+) New: When a tester identifies a bug, it falls to the New state, the tester provides a defect document to developer.
- (+) Assigned: Defects in the New stage are approved and defect will be assigned to a developer.
- (+) Open: In this 'open state' the defect is addressed by the developer and works on fixing the defect.
- (+) In Progress: When the developer starts working on the defect, the status will be moved to In Progress.
- (+) Fixed: After fixing identified by developer team, it marks the status to fixed.
- (+) Pending Revert: The developer team passes the new code to testing team and the code is pending for retesting on tester side.
- (+) Retest: The tester starts working on testing the defect to check whether the defect is fixed.
- (+) Reopen: If tester finds that the bug continues like previously even after the team has fixed, the status of bug is reopen and goes through the cycle again.
- (+) Closed: It's the final stage of defect Cycle, after fixing the defect by the developer team when testing finds a bug and tester found that the bug is resolved and it marks as a Closed status.





- Defect → ACTUAL < EXPECTED
- class description, 1. Severity
- STEPS TO Reproduce. Priority
- Environment → QA
- TEST DATA → Browsers
- Actual & result.
- expectation.
- Evidence (Screenshot) ^{con}
- Release Log
- Assign.

Bug Triage

severity
minor major
blocker

- H - Sev L - Pri
- H - Sev M - Pri
- L - Sev L - Pri
- L - Sev H - Pri

today testing + agile
plans. + triage
tomorrow

Bug triage : Meeting conducted to discuss about the bugs and defects and to assign the priority.

• When multiple defects are raised we prioritize the defects based on the severity of defects