

AI Assisted Coding

Assignment – 4.2

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Batch: 21

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Task Description-1

- Zero-shot: Prompt AI with only the instruction. Write a Python function to determine whether a given number is prime

Expected Output-1

- A basic Python function to check if a number is prime, demonstrating correct logical conditions without relying on examples or additional context.

Code:

```
Lab 05.py > ...
1  '''generate a function to find whether a number is prime or not.
2  handle edge cases like numbers less than 2 and invalid inputs.
3  give a proper output if the number is one'''
4
5  def is_prime(num):
6      try:
7          n = int(num)
8          if n < 2:
9              return f"{n} is not a prime number."
10         if n == 2:
11             return f"{n} is a prime number."
12         for i in range(2, int(n**0.5) + 1):
13             if n % i == 0:
14                 return f"{n} is not a prime number."
15         return f"{n} is a prime number."
16     except ValueError:
17         return "Invalid input. Please enter an integer."
18
19     print(is_prime(1))      # Output: 1 is not a prime number.
20     print(is_prime(2))      # Output: 2 is a prime number.
21     print(is_prime(15))     # Output: 15 is not a prime number.
22     print(is_prime(17))     # Output: 17 is a prime number.
23     print(is_prime(-5))     # Output: -5 is not a prime number.
24     print(is_prime("abc"))  # Output: Invalid input. Please enter an integer.
25
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS  SQL HISTORY  TASK MONITOR

PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding\Lab 05.py"
15 is not a prime number.
17 is a prime number.
-5 is not a prime number.
Invalid input. Please enter an integer.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> |
```

Final Observation:

The `is_prime(n)` function checks whether a number is prime by first making sure the number is greater than 1, since 0, 1, and negative numbers are not prime. It then goes through the numbers from 2 to $n-1$ to see if any of them divide the given number exactly. If it finds even one such number, it returns `False`, meaning the number is not prime. If no divisor is found, it returns `True`, confirming that the number is prime. Because this solution was generated using zero-shot prompting, without giving any examples, it shows that the AI can understand the concept and produce a correct but basic prime-checking logic.

Task Description-2

- One-shot: Provide one example: Input: [1, 2, 3, 4], Output: 10 to help AI generate a function that calculates the sum of elements in a list.

Expected Output-2

- A correct conversion function guided by the single example.

Code:

```
Lab 05.py > ...
1  '''generate a function to find the sum of elements in a list of integers
2  verify the elements in the list are integers and handle edge cases like empty list and invalid inputs.
3  input : [1,2,3,4] , output : 10
4  '''
5  def sum_of_integers(lst):
6      if not isinstance(lst, list):
7          return "Invalid input. Please provide a list of integers."
8      if len(lst) == 0:
9          return 0
10     total = 0
11     for item in lst:
12         if not isinstance(item, int):
13             return "Invalid input. List should contain only integers."
14         total += item
15     return total
16 print(sum_of_integers([1, 2, 3, 4]))      # Output: 10
17 print(sum_of_integers([]))               # Output: 0
18 print(sum_of_integers([1, '2', 3]))      # Output: Invalid input. List should contain only integers.
19 print(sum_of_integers("not a list"))     # Output: Invalid input. Please provide a list of integers.
20
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS  SQL HISTORY  TASK MONITOR

PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding\Lab 05.py
0
Invalid input. List should contain only integers.
Invalid input. Please provide a list of integers.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>
```

Final Observation:

The `sum_of_elements(arr)` function calculates the total sum of all elements in a list by starting with a variable `total` set to zero and then adding each number in the list one by one. After the loop finishes, the final value of `total` is returned as the sum of the list. Since this function was generated using one-shot prompting, where a single input-output example was

provided, the example helped guide the AI to clearly understand the task and produce a correct and simple function for summing list elements.

Task Description-3

- Few-shot: Give 2–3 examples to create a function that extracts digits from an alphanumeric string.

Expected Output-3

- Accurate function that returns only the digits from alphanumeric string.

Code:

```
1 '''generate a function which reads a string and extracts the numeric values from it and returns them as a list of integers.
2 it should handle edge cases like strings with no digits and invalid inputs.
3 input : "sharan7sai16varshith7" , output : [7,16,7]
4 input : "hello123world45" , output : [123,45]
5 input : "no_digits_here" , output : []
6 '''
7
8 def extract_numbers(s):
9     if not isinstance(s, str):
10         return "Invalid input. Please provide a string."
11     numbers = []
12     current_number = ''
13     for char in s:
14         if char.isdigit():
15             current_number += char
16         else:
17             if current_number:
18                 numbers.append(int(current_number))
19                 current_number = ''
20     if current_number:
21         numbers.append(int(current_number))
22     return numbers
23 print(extract_numbers("sharan7sai16varshith7")) # Output: [7, 16, 7]
24 print(extract_numbers("hello123world45"))      # Output: [123, 45]
25 print(extract_numbers("no_digits_here"))        # Output: []
26 print(extract_numbers(12345))                   # Output: Invalid input. Please provide a string
27
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS  SQL HISTORY  TASK MONITOR

PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>
05.py"
[7, 16, 7]
[123, 45]
[]
Invalid input. Please provide a string.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>
```

Final Observation:

The `extract_digits(text)` function goes through each character in the given string and checks whether it is a digit using the `isdigit()` method. If the character is a digit, it is added to the

result string. After the loop finishes, the function returns a string that contains only the digits from the original input. Since this was generated using few-shot prompting, the multiple examples clearly guided the AI to recognize the pattern of removing letters and keeping only numbers, resulting in an accurate and reliable function.

Task Description-4

- Compare zero-shot vs few-shot prompting for generating a function that counts the number of vowels in a string.

Expected Output-4

- Output comparison + student explanation on how examples helped the model.

Zero Shot:

Code:

```
Lab 05.py X
Lab 05.py > ...
1  # generate a function to find the count of vowels in a given string.
2  def count_vowels(s):
3      if not isinstance(s, str):
4          return "Invalid input. Please provide a string."
5      vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
6      count = 0
7      for char in s:
8          if char in vowels:
9              count += 1
10     return count
11     print(count_vowels("This is a sample string. ")) # Output: 7
12     print(count_vowels("Python Programming"))        # Output: 4
13     print(count_vowels("XYZ"))                        # Output: 0
14
15     ...
16     generate a function which finds the count of the vowels in a given string and handles both uppercase and lowercase letters.
17     it should handle edge cases like empty string and strings with no vowels and invalid inputs.
18     input : "This is a sample string." , output : 7
19     input : "Python Programming" , output : 4
20     input : "XYZ" , output : 0
21     ...
22     def extract_numbers(s):
23         if not isinstance(s, str):
24             return "Invalid input. Please provide a string."
25         numbers = []
26         current_number = ''
27         for char in s:
28             if char.isdigit():
29                 current_number += char
30             else:
31                 if current_number:
32                     numbers.append(int(current_number))
33                     current_number = ''
34         if current_number:
35             numbers.append(int(current_number))
36         return numbers
37     print(extract_numbers("sharan7sai16varshith7")) # Output: [7, 16, 7]
38     print(extract_numbers("hello123world45"))      # Output: [123, 45]
39     print(extract_numbers("no_digits_here"))        # Output: []
40     print(extract_numbers(12345))                   # Output: Invalid input. Please provide a string
41
42
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\botech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> ^C
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\botech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\AppData\Local\F
_Coding\Lab 05.py"
6
4
0
[7, 16, 7]
[123, 45]
[]
Invalid input. Please provide a string.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\botech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> █
```

Few Shot:

Code:

```
Lab 05.py X
Lab 05.py > ...
1 # generate a function to find the count of vowels in a given string.
2 def count_vowels(s):
3     if not isinstance(s, str):
4         return "Invalid input. Please provide a string."
5     vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
6     count = 0
7     for char in s:
8         if char in vowels:
9             count += 1
10    return count
11 print(count_vowels("This is a sample string. ")) # Output: 7
12 print(count_vowels("Python Programming")) # Output: 4
13 print(count_vowels("XYZ")) # Output: 0
14
15 '''
16 generate a function which finds the count of the vowels in a given string and handles both uppercase and lowercase letters.
17 it should handle edge cases like empty string and strings with no vowels and invalid inputs.
18 input : "This is a sample string." , output : 7
19 input : "Python Programming" , output : 4
20 input : "XYZ" , output : 0
21 '''
22 def extract_numbers(s):
23     if not isinstance(s, str):
24         return "Invalid input. Please provide a string."
25     numbers = []
26     current_number = ''
27     for char in s:
28         if char.isdigit():
29             current_number += char
30         else:
31             if current_number:
32                 numbers.append(int(current_number))
33                 current_number = ''
34     if current_number:
35         numbers.append(int(current_number))
36     return numbers
37 print(extract_numbers("sharan7sai16varshith7")) # Output: [7, 16, 7]
38 print(extract_numbers("hello123world45")) # Output: [123, 45]
39 print(extract_numbers("no_digits_here")) # Output: []
40 print(extract_numbers(12345)) # Output: Invalid input. Please provide a string
41
42
```


1

```
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> ^C
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\AppData\Local\Powershell\Modules\Python\Scripts\python.exe -c "import sys; print(sys.argv[1]);" _Coding/Lab_05.py"
6
4
0
[7, 16, 7]
[123, 45]
[]
Invalid input. Please provide a string.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>
```

The function is more refined and compact. The examples helped the model clearly understand that both uppercase and lowercase vowels must be counted, leading to a more confident and optimized implementation.

In the zero-shot approach, the AI generated a basic vowel-counting function based only on the instruction, which resulted in a straightforward loop-based solution. In the few-shot approach, the given examples clearly showed what should be considered as vowels and how the output should look. These examples helped the AI better understand the pattern and expectations, which led to a cleaner and slightly optimized solution. This comparison shows that providing examples improves clarity and often results in better-structured and more accurate outputs.

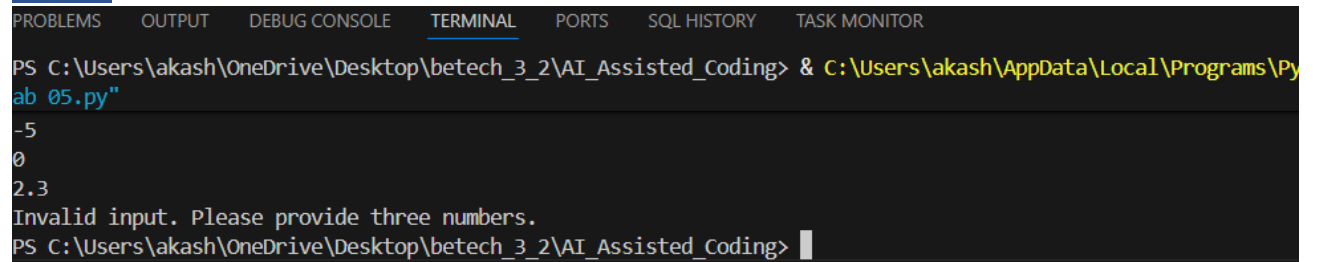
- Use few-shot prompting with 3 sample inputs to generate a function that determines the minimum of three numbers without using the built-in `min()` function.

Expected Output-5

- A function that handles all cases with correct logic based on example patterns.

```
1 '''generate a function which identifies the minimum of three numbers which handles all the edge cases.
2 do not use built-in min function.
3 input : 3, 1, 2 output : 1
4 input : -1, -5, -3 output : -5
5 input : 0, 0, 0 output : 0
6 input : 2.5, 2.3, 2.4 output : 2.3
7 '''
8 def min_of_three(a, b, c):
9     try:
10         nums = [a, b, c]
11         for num in nums:
12             if not isinstance(num, (int, float)):
13                 return "Invalid input. Please provide three numbers."
14         minimum = a
15         if b < minimum:
16             minimum = b
17         if c < minimum:
18             minimum = c
19         return minimum
20     except Exception as e:
21         return f"An error occurred: {e}"
22 print(min_of_three(3, 1, 2))          # Output: 1
23 print(min_of_three(-1, -5, -3))      # Output: -5
24 print(min_of_three(0, 0, 0))         # Output: 0
25 print(min_of_three(2.5, 2.3, 2.4))   # Output: 2.3
26 print(min_of_three(3, 'a', 2))       # Output: Invalid input. Please provide three numbers.
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a VS Code terminal window with the 'TERMINAL' tab selected. The terminal displays the command to run a Python script and its output. The command is: `PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\python.exe ab_05.py`. The output consists of three lines: `-5`, `0`, and `2.3`. Below these, a message says 'Invalid input. Please provide three numbers.' followed by the prompt `PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>`.

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS SQL HISTORY TASK MONITOR
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding> & C:\Users\akash\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\python.exe ab_05.py
-5
0
2.3
Invalid input. Please provide three numbers.
PS C:\Users\akash\OneDrive\Desktop\betech_3_2\AI_Assisted_Coding>
```

Final Observation:

The `find_minimum(a, b, c)` function compares the three given numbers using conditional statements. It first checks whether `a` is smaller than or equal to both `b` and `c`. If not, it then checks whether `b` is smaller than or equal to the other two. If neither of these conditions is true, the function returns `c` as the minimum. Since this function was generated using few-shot prompting, the three examples clearly showed the expected pattern of comparing values and returning the smallest one. These examples helped the AI design logic that correctly handles all cases, including negative numbers.