# Chess AI with Minimax $\alpha$ - $\beta$ Pruning

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# History

- 1951: Alan Turing suggests theoretical possibility
- 1989: Chess world champion Gary Kasparov defeated IBM's Deep Thought in a chess match
- 1997: IBM's Deep Blue becomes the first chess AI to defeat a grandmaster in a match
- 2017: AlphaZero, a neural net-based digital automaton, beats Stockfish 28–0, with 72 draws in chess matches

https://builtin.com/artificial-intelligence/chess-ai



# Complexity

10 moves give around  $10^{29}$  possible configurations

Reference



## **Board Representation**

```
int board[8][8] = \{
{ bR, bN, bB, bQ, bK, bB, bN, bR },
{ bP, bP, bP, bP, bP, bP, bP, bP },
{ NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA },
{ NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA },
{ NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA },
{ NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA},
{ wP, wP, wP, wP, wP, wP, wP, wP},
{ wR, wN, wB, wQ, wK, wB, wN, wR }
```

Figure: 8 x 8 Array of Enums



# Board Representation

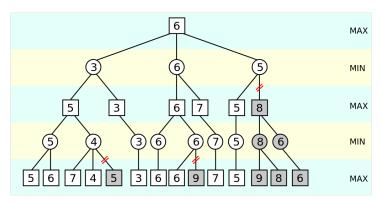
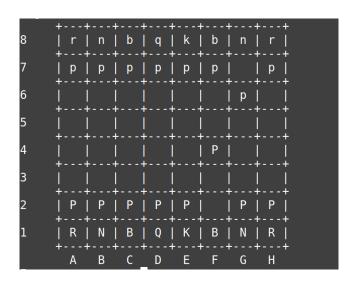


Figure: 8 x 8 Array of Enums

Wikipedia



# It's Playable! (github.com/Aki78/ChessAI)





### **Evaluation**

Chess Piece	Value
Pawn	1
Knight	3
Bishop	3
Rook	5
Queen	9
King	20

Table: Values assigned to each chess piece for evaluation.



# Further Development

- Better Evaluation Function
- Reordering Moves for  $\alpha$   $\beta$  pruning
- Using bit operations with a bit representation
- Use Opening books and End Game Tables
- ullet Machine Learning? o Need a super computer
- etc. etc.

