

# MATH3075/3975

## Financial Derivatives

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### Tutorial sheet 5

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**Background: Section 2.2 – Single-Period Market Models.**

**Exercise 1** Consider the market model  $\mathcal{M} = (B, S)$  introduced in Exercise 3 (Week 4). We thus have  $k = 3$ ,  $r = \frac{1}{9}$ ,  $S_0 = 5$  and the stock prices at time 1 are given by the following table

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$S_1$	$\frac{60}{9}$	$\frac{40}{9}$	$\frac{30}{9}$

Are there any values for  $K$  such that the call option  $(S_1 - K)^+$  represents an attainable contingent claim?

**Exercise 2** Consider the stochastic volatility model  $\mathcal{M} = (B, S)$  introduced in Example 2.2.3 from the course notes. Hence  $\Omega = \{\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3, \omega_4\}$ , the volatility  $v$  is the random variable on  $\Omega$  given by

$$v(\omega) = \begin{cases} h & \text{if } \omega = \omega_1, \omega_4, \\ l & \text{if } \omega = \omega_2, \omega_3, \end{cases}$$

where  $0 < l < h < 1$  and the stock price  $S_1$  satisfies:  $S_0 > 0$  and

$$S_1(\omega) = \begin{cases} (1 + v(\omega))S_0 & \text{if } \omega = \omega_1, \omega_2, \\ (1 - v(\omega))S_0 & \text{if } \omega = \omega_3, \omega_4, \end{cases}$$

We assume, in addition, that  $0 \leq r < h$ .

- (a) Characterise the class of all attainable contingent claims in  $\mathcal{M}$  and check whether the model  $\mathcal{M}$  is complete.
- (b) Describe the class  $\mathbb{M}$  of all risk-neutral probability measures for  $\mathcal{M}$ .
- (c) (MATH3975) Describe the set of all arbitrage prices for the call option  $(S_1 - K)^+$  where the strike  $K$  satisfies  $S_0(1 + l) < K < S_0(1 + h)$ .
- (d) (MATH3975) Assume that  $r = 0$ . Check directly whether the call option with strike  $K$  such that  $S_0(1 + l) < K < S_0(1 + h)$  is attainable and find the range of values of its arbitrage price.