# DATA SCIENCE CLASS 3: DATA VISUALIZATION

#### **AGENDA**

## I. THE IMPORTANCE OF VISUALIZATION II. VISUALIZATION AS A MEDIUM

LAB: III. VISUALIZATION IN R

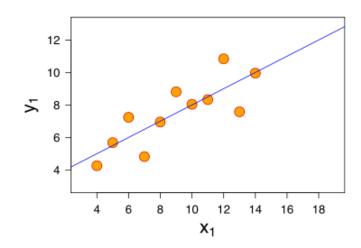
# I. THE IMPORTANCE OF VISUALIZATION

## VISUALIZATION VS. SUMMARY STATISTICS

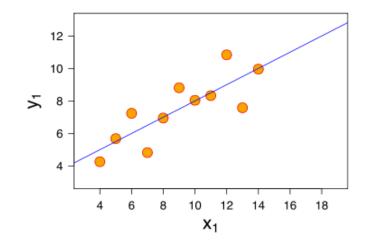
#### **EXERCISE — WHY VISUALIZE DATA?**

### Consider the following dataset:

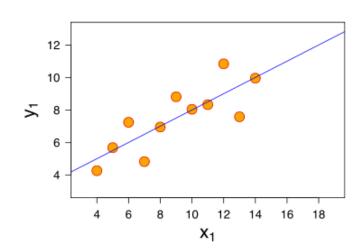
eleven (x, y) points



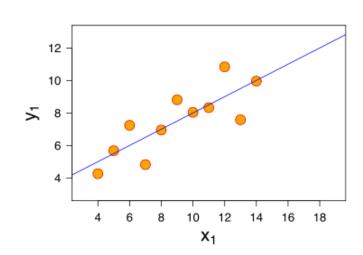
- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5



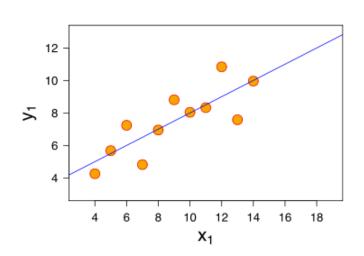
- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, variance of y = 4.1



- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, variance of y = 4.1
- correlation of x and y = 0.8

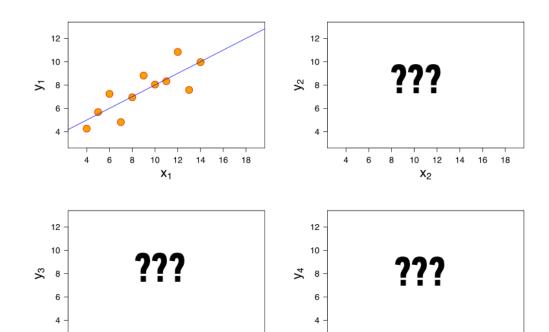


- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, variance of y = 4.1
- correlation of x, y = 0.8
- line of best fit: y = 3.00 + 0.500x



Now, suppose I give you three more datasets with exactly the same characteristics...

Q: how similar are these datasets?



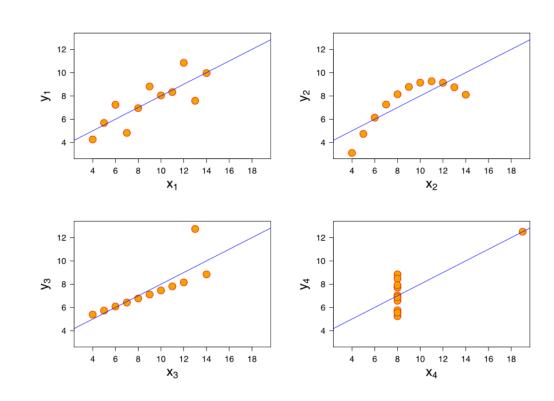
 $X_4$ 

 $X_3$ 

Now, suppose I give you three more datasets with exactly the same characteristics.

Q: how similar are these datasets?

A: not very!



# IL VISUALIZATION AS A MEDIUM

### III. VISUALIZATION IN R