

自动控制原理第十三次作业

6-13

用梅逊增益公式求传递函数

$$\text{设 } \frac{K}{0.1s+1} = G_1, \frac{10}{s(0.5s+1)} = G_2$$

$$\therefore \Delta = 1 + G_1 G_2$$

$$P_1 = G_1 G_2 \quad \Delta_1 = 1 \quad P_2 = G_1 G_2 \quad \Delta_2 = 1$$

$$\therefore \frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{P_1 \Delta_1 + P_2 \Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{G_1 G_2 (1 + G_1 G_2)}{1 + G_1 G_2} = G(s)$$

$$\therefore e_{ss} = \frac{1}{K_V} = 0$$

$$\therefore K_V = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \frac{G(s)}{1 - G(s)} \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\therefore \text{解得 } G_V = \frac{s}{10K}. \text{ 上式成立}$$

已知系统回路开环函数

$$G_L(s) = \frac{10K}{s(0.1s+1)(0.5s+1)} = \frac{200K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

系统处于过阻尼状态，要使所有根位于负实轴上且无重根

$$\therefore \text{求根轨迹分离点 } \frac{1}{d} + \frac{1}{d+2} + \frac{1}{d+10} = 0$$

$$\text{解得合理 } d = -0.93$$

$$\therefore \text{将 } s = -0.93 \text{ 代入 } \Delta(s) = s^3 + 12s^2 + 20s + 200K = 0$$

$$\text{解得 } K \approx 0.045$$

$\therefore K \in (0, 0.045)$ 时处于过阻尼状态

6-16 先求系统闭环传递函数

$$\Delta = 1 + G_1(s)G_2(s) \quad P_1 = G_1(s)G_2(s) \quad P_2 = G_r(s)G_2(s) \quad \Delta_1 = \Delta_2 = 1$$

$$\therefore \frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{P_1\Delta_1 + P_2\Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{G_2(G_1 + G_r)}{1 + G_1G_2} = \frac{\frac{50}{s(s+10)}}{1 + 2 \frac{\frac{50}{s(s+10)}}{s^2 + 15s^2 + 150s + 500}}$$

$$= \frac{100(s+5) + (5\lambda_2 s^2 + 5\lambda_1 s) \times 50}{s(s+5)(s+10) + 100(s+5)} = \frac{250\lambda_2 s^3 + (250\lambda_1 + 100)s^2 + 500}{s^3 + 15s^2 + 150s + 500}$$

· 求开环等效传递函数

$$G_B(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 - G(s)} = \frac{250\lambda_2 s^3 + (250\lambda_1 + 100)s^2 + 500}{s^3 + (15 - 25\lambda_2)s^2 + (50 - 25\lambda_1)s}$$

· 系统为Ⅲ型系统

$$\therefore 15 - 25\lambda_2 = 0 \quad 50 - 25\lambda_1 = 0 \quad \therefore \lambda_1 = 0.2 \quad \lambda_2 = 0.06$$

(2) 分析 $Ts+1$ 的影响：加入 $(Ts+1)$ 后，系统的超调量减小，调节时间减小， T 越大，超调量越小