

UPTAKE

Social Networking Web App

ABSTRACT

This is the engineering proof of concept. The goal is to exercise the technologies we learnt in this course.

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Profject Requirement Check List

SN	TASK	PROGRESS
1	Requirement Analyses and create user case	DONE
2	Database design	DONE
3	UI design & navigation	DONE
4	Login & Registration Functionality	DONE
5	Add photo & text post	DONE
6	Add advertisement	DONE
7	Follow user	DONE
8	Notifucation	DONE
9	Like button	DONE
10	Comment	70%
11	Update profile	50%
12	Delete user post	DONE
13	Admin functionality	DONE
14	Search user	DONE
15	Search post	DONE
16	User profile	DONE
17	User home timeline	DONE
18	Show advertisement on users nesfeed	0%
	Validation	DONE
	Features with extra points	
19	Add video and text post	DONE
20	Internalization	DONE

Report Summary or Essay

As a working as a team, the first challenge was to analyse the project scope and devide to task and assign team members. For that we used Use Case diagram as out planning and communitaion tool. Project period was short. Till mid term we learnt fundamentals of Spring technology and each member worked on their labs to understand and concepts, like: DI, AOP, ORM, JPA, Spring MVC, Thymeleaf, Spring boot, Spring Data, Spring Security, Messaging, JWT.

From the 3rd week we started on working on the project. As we had exact 7 days to work on the project, we needed effective SDLC. Using our knowledge gained from SE course and previous work experience we used our version of Scrum Tool which you call it "Use case based Task Planning / Tracking".

Each day we meet or chat and discuss previous days progress and assign a task, and made required changes to the use case. This method worked very well for us, because it helped us to see the project scope as a whole and monitor the project progress.

"Use case based Task Planning / Tracking diagrams" are included, as it was interesting for us to see how it expands.

Analysis phase: Use case level 1

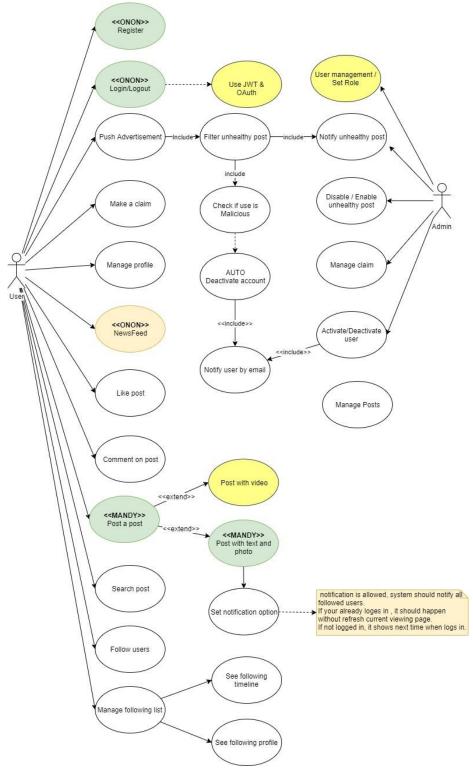
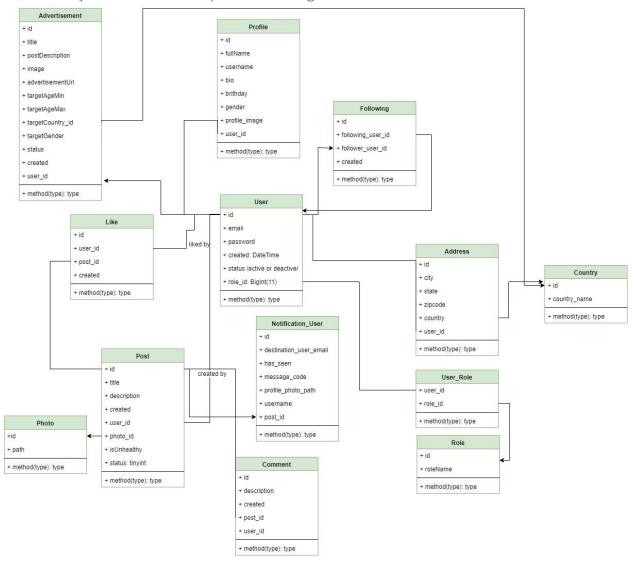
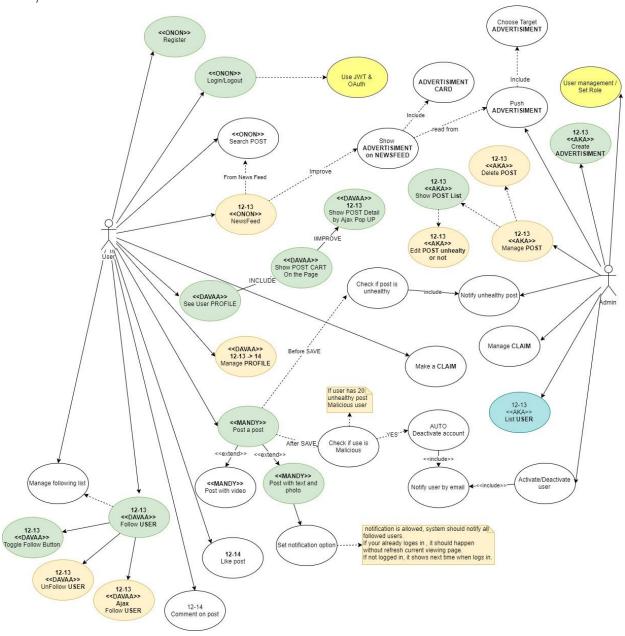


Figure 1Use Case diagram Level 1

Domain object model or Entity Relatioin diagram

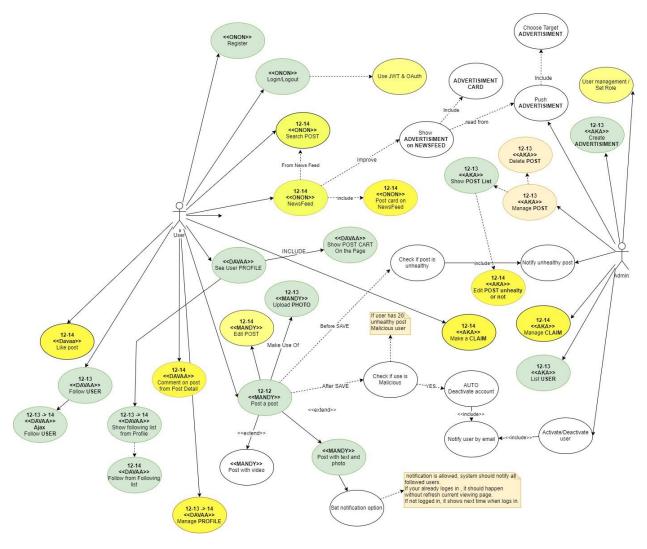


Use case based Task Planning / Tracking diagram Friday 13

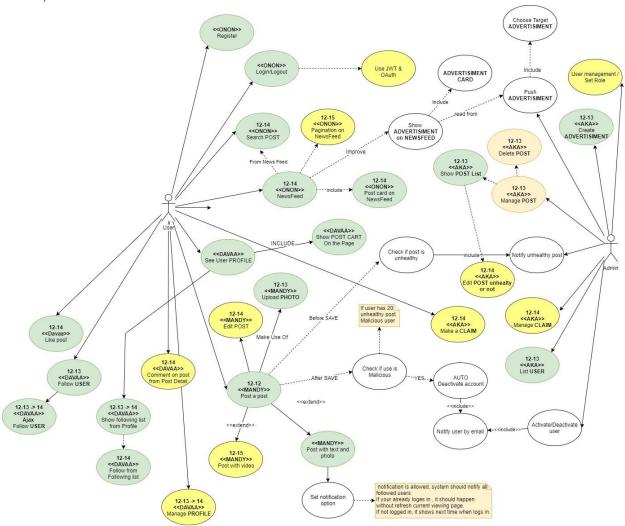


Saturday 14. Initial Use case based Task Planning and Tracking diagram.

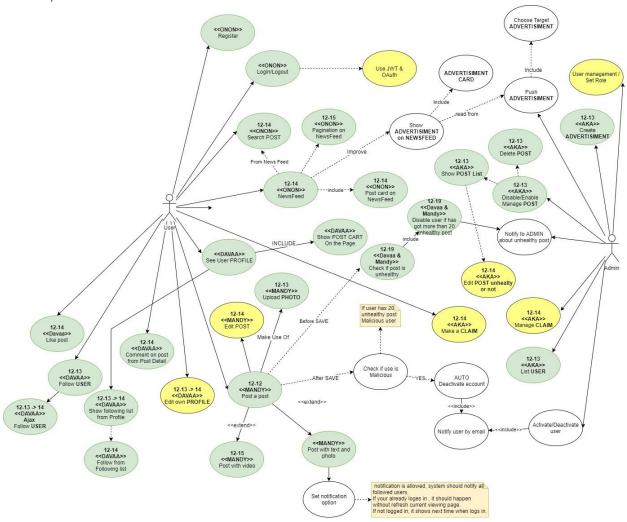
Initial use cases are divided into tasks and planned.



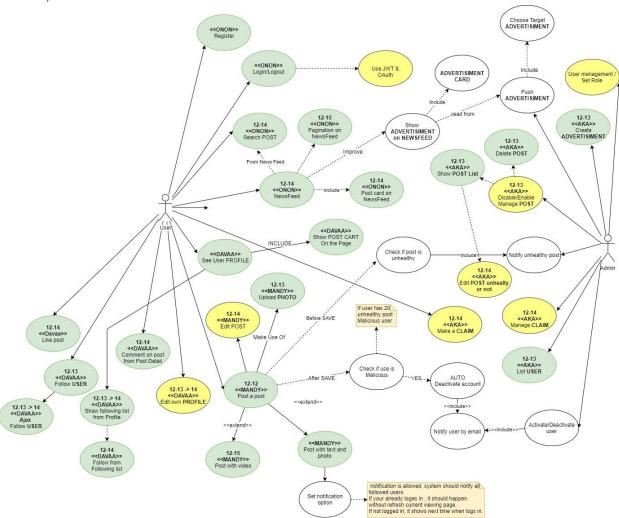
Sunday 15



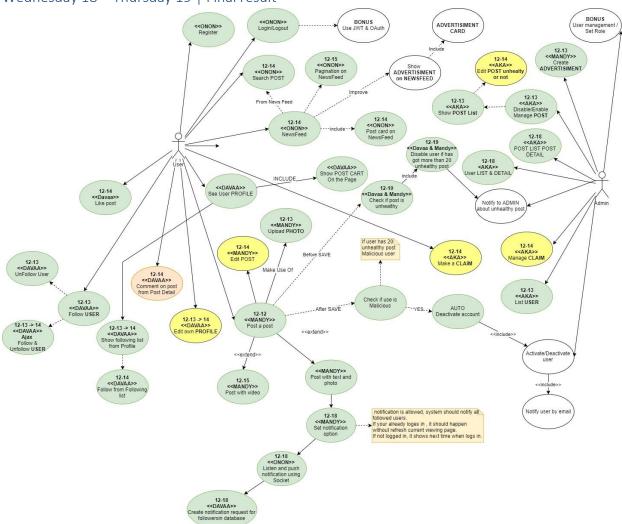
Monday 16



Tuesday 17



Wednesday 18 – Thursday 19 | Final result



My Tasks

My task completion percentage

SN	TASK	PROGRESS
1	Requirement Analyses and create user case	100%
2	Database design	100%
3	UI design & navigation	100%
4	Manage profile	30%
5	Follow and Unfollow user	100%
6	Manage following list	100%
7	Record Notifucation record when notify to follower option is checked	100%
8	Like button	100%
9	Comment	70%
10	User profile	100%
11	Internalization	100%

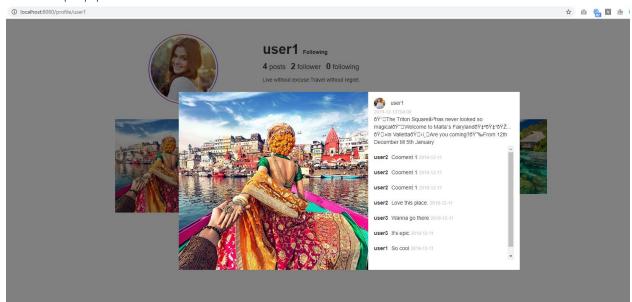
Screen shots

Some of the screenshots I got during the development.

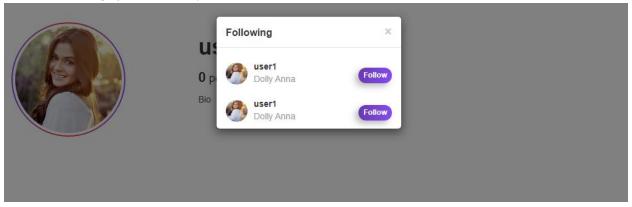
12-13 User profile page

USET1 Follow
4 posts 0 follower 0 following
Live without excuse. Travel without regret.

12-13 Pop up post card



12-13 Following ajax list from profile list



12-15 Follow from Following pop list



User1 Following
4 posts 2 follower 1 following
Live without excuse.Travel without regret.









12-15 Profile page update



user1 Following
4 posts 2 follower 1 following
Live without excuse.Travel without regret.









Coding

```
Follow functionality
User Entity
@Entity
@Table(name = "user")
public class User {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "id")
    private Long id;
    @Column(name = "username", unique = true)
    private String username;
    @Email
    @NotBlank
    @Column(name = "email", unique = true)
    private String email;
    @NotBlank
    @Size(min = 6)
    private String password;
    @Transient
    private String passwordConfirm;
    @CreatedDate
    private LocalDate createdDate;
    private boolean status;
    private String publicName;
    @OneToOne(cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
    private Address address;
    @JsonIgnore
    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "followedUser")
    @LazyCollection(LazyCollectionOption.EXTRA)
    private List<Follower> followedUsers;
    @JsonIgnore
    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "followingUser")
    @LazyCollection(LazyCollectionOption.EXTRA)
    private List<Follower> followingUser;
    @ManyToMany
    @JoinTable(name = "user_role", joinColumns = {
            @JoinColumn(name = "user_id", referencedColumnName = "id")},
inverseJoinColumns = {
            @JoinColumn(name = "role id", referencedColumnName = "id")})
    @JsonIgnore
```

```
private List<Role> role;
    @JsonIgnore
    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "user")
    @LazyCollection(value = LazyCollectionOption.EXTRA)
    private List<Post> postList;
    @OneToOne(mappedBy = "user", cascade = CascadeType.ALL, fetch = FetchType.EAGER)
    private Profile profile;
....
}
Follower
@Entity
@Table(name = "follower")
public class Follower {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private long id;
    @ManyToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
    @JoinColumn(name="following user_id")
    private User followingUser;
    @ManyToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
    @JoinColumn(name="followed_user_id")
    private User followedUser;
    public Follower() {
    public Follower(User followingUser, User followedUser) {
        this.followingUser = followingUser;
        this.followedUser = followedUser;
    }
Follow Repository
@Repository
public interface FollowRepository extends JpaRepository<Follower, Long> {
    @Ouery(value = "select case when count(f.id)> 0 then true else false end as
isfollowing from uptake.follower f where f.followed user id= :B and
f.following user id = :A", nativeQuery = true)
    int isAfollowingB(@Param("A") long A, @Param("B") long B);
    Page<Follower> getAllByFollowedUser(User followingUser, PageRequest pageRequest);
    @Query(value = "delete from uptake.follower where id = :A", nativeQuery = true)
    int unfollowB(@Param("A") long A);
}
```

```
Follow Service
public interface FollowerService {
      Follower save(User user, User follow);
    Follower addFollow(User followingUser, User followedUser);
    boolean addFollowCheck(User followingUser, User followedUser);
    int isAfollowingB(long A, long B);
    void unfollowB(Long A);
}
Follower Service implementation
@Service
public class FollowerServiceImpl implements FollowerService {
    private FollowRepository followRepository;
    @Autowired
    public FollowerServiceImpl(FollowRepository followRepository) {
        this.followRepository = followRepository;
    @Override
    public Follower addFollow(User followingUser, User followedUser) {
        return followRepository.save(new Follower(followingUser,followedUser));
    }
    @Override
    public boolean addFollowCheck(User followingUser, User followedUser) {
        System.out.println("AddFollowCheck" + followingUser.getId() + ", " +
followedUser.getId());
        if(followedUser.getId()!=followingUser.getId()){
            if(isAfollowingB(followingUser.getId(),followedUser.getId())==0) {
                followRepository.save(new Follower(followingUser,followedUser));
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
    @Override
    public int isAfollowingB(long A, long B) {
        return followRepository.isAfollowingB(A,B);
    }
    @Override
    public void unfollowB(Long A) {
        followRepository.deleteById(A);
    }
      @Override
//
//
      public Follower save(User user, User follow) {
//
          return followRepository.save(new Follower(user, follow));
//
```

Profile page's part:

```
<div class="col-md-8">
    <div class="relative">
        <strong class="title" th:text="${user.username}"></strong>
        <a th:if="${isMyAccount}" th:text="#{message.profile.editprofile}"</pre>
href="/account/edit" class="btn btn-outline-secondary"></a>
        <span th:unless="${isMyAccount}">
            <span th:if="${isFollowing}" class="textFollowing"</pre>
th:text="#{message.profile.following}"></span>
            <a th:unless="${isFollowing}" class="follow uptake-btn enabled"</pre>
th:href="'/profile/follow/' + ${user.id}" th:data-id="${user.id}" id="anchorFollow"
th:text="#{message.profile.follow}"></a>
            <span id="textFollowing" class="textFollowing"></span>
        </span>
    </div>
    <div class="attr wrap mb10 mt20">
        <div class="attr"><span th:text="${user.getPostList().size()}"></span>
posts</div>
        <div class="attr">
            <div th:onclick="'openFollowerModal(\'' + ${user.id} + '\');'">
                <span th:text="${user.getFollowedUsers().size()}"</pre>
id="numOfFollower"></span> follower
            </div>
        </div>
        <div class="attr">
            <div th:onclick="'openFollowingModal(\'' + ${user.id} + '\');'">
                <span th:text="${user.getFollowingUser().size()}"></span> following
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
Ajax call from profile
$(".follow").click(function (e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    var id = $(this).data("id");
    console.log("Follow called by ajax called" + id);
    $.ajax({
        url: "/profile/followbyajax/" + id,
        success: function (data) {
            var obj = JSON.parse(data);
            if(obj.result){
                $("#numOfFollower").text(obj.n);
                $("#anchorFollow").hide(300);
                $("#textFollowing").text("Following");
            }else{
                console.log("Already following");
            }
       }
   });
});
```

```
Follow and Unfollow method in FollowController
@RequestMapping(value="profile/followbyajax/{userId}", method = RequestMethod.GET)
@ResponseBody
public String ajaxFollow(@PathVariable long userId, Model model) {
    long currentUserId = 1;
    String email = null;
    User loggedUser = null;
    Object principal =
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication().getPrincipal();
    if (principal instanceof UserDetails){
        email = ((UserDetails) principal).getUsername();
        loggedUser = userService.getUserByEmail(email);
    }
    if(loggedUser != null ){
        currentUserId = loggedUser.getId();
    User followingUser = userService.getUserById(currentUserId);
    User followedUser = userService.getUserById(userId);
    JSONObject response = new JSONObject();
    if(followerService.addFollowCheck(followingUser,followedUser)) {
        response.put("result",true);
        response.put("followingUser",currentUserId);
        response.put("followedUser", userId);
        response.put("n", followedUser.getFollowedUsers().size());
    }else{
        response.put("result",false);
    return response.toString();
}
@RequestMapping(value="profile/unfollowbyajax/{id}", method = RequestMethod.GET)
@ResponseBody
public String ajaxUnFollow(@PathVariable long id, Model model) {
    JSONObject response = new JSONObject();
    Long lId = Long.valueOf(id);
    followerService.unfollowB(lId);
    response.put("result",true);
    response.put("n", 1Id);
    return response.toString();
}
Login success handler
This handler redirect CLIENT to Home page and ADMIN to admin dashboard after sucessful login.
1. Inject AuthenticationSuccessHandler bean in Security config.
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
      public AuthenticationSuccessHandler myAuthenticationSuccessHandler(){
```

```
return new MySimpleUrlAuthenticationSuccessHandler();
      }
}
2. Register success Handler in formLogin()
@Override
protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
    http.authorizeRequests()
        .antMatchers("/","/home").authenticated()
        .antMatchers("/postPhoto").authenticated()
        .antMatchers("/postVideo").authenticated()
        .antMatchers("/admin","/admin/**").hasRole("ADMIN")
        .antMatchers("/profile","/profile/**").authenticated()
        .antMatchers("/login").permitAll()
        .antMatchers("/logout").permitAll()
        .and()
        .formLogin()
            .loginPage("/login")
            .successHandler(myAuthenticationSuccessHandler())
            .failureUrl("/login?error=true")
            .usernameParameter("email")
            .passwordParameter("password")
            .and()
        .logout()
        .logoutRequestMatcher(new AntPathRequestMatcher("/logout"))
        .clearAuthentication(true)
        .invalidateHttpSession(true)
        .logoutSuccessUrl("/login")
        .and()
        .exceptionHandling().accessDeniedPage("/403Forbidden")
        .and()
        .csrf().disable();
}
```

```
3. MySimpleUrlAuthenticationSuccessHandler class implementing AuthenticationSuccessHandler
public class MySimpleUrlAuthenticationSuccessHandler implements
AuthenticationSuccessHandler {
    protected Log logger = LogFactory.getLog(this.getClass());
    private RedirectStrategy redirectStrategy = new DefaultRedirectStrategy();
    @Override
    public void onAuthenticationSuccess(HttpServletRequest request,
                                         HttpServletResponse response, Authentication
authentication)
            throws IOException {
        handle(request, response, authentication);
        clearAuthenticationAttributes(request);
    protected void handle(HttpServletRequest request,
                          HttpServletResponse response, Authentication
authentication)
            throws IOException {
        String targetUrl = determineTargetUrl(authentication);
        if (response.isCommitted()) {
            logger.debug(
                    "Response has already been committed. Unable to redirect to "
                            + targetUrl);
            return;
        }
        redirectStrategy.sendRedirect(request, response, targetUrl);
    protected String determineTargetUrl(Authentication authentication) {
        boolean isUser = false;
        boolean isAdmin = false;
        Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> authorities
                = authentication.getAuthorities();
        for (GrantedAuthority grantedAuthority : authorities) {
            if (grantedAuthority.getAuthority().equals("ROLE USER")) {
                isUser = true:
                break;
            } else if (grantedAuthority.getAuthority().equals("ROLE_ADMIN")) {
                isAdmin = true;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (isUser) {
            return "/";
        } else if (isAdmin) {
            return "/admin";
        } else {
            throw new IllegalStateException();
        }
    }
```

```
protected void clearAuthenticationAttributes(HttpServletRequest request) {
    HttpSession session = request.getSession(false);
    if (session == null) {
        return;
    }
    session.removeAttribute(WebAttributes.AUTHENTICATION_EXCEPTION);
}

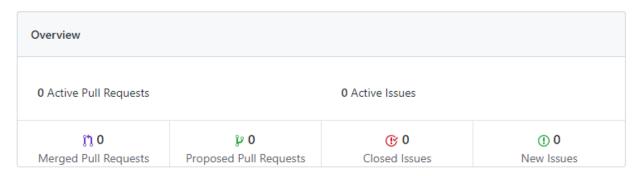
public void setRedirectStrategy(RedirectStrategy redirectStrategy) {
    this.redirectStrategy = redirectStrategy;
}

protected RedirectStrategy getRedirectStrategy() {
    return redirectStrategy;
}
}
```

GitHub repository insight

December 12, 2019 – December 19, 2019

Period: 1 week ▼



Excluding merges, **4 authors** have pushed **103 commits** to master and **103 commits** to all branches. On master, **0 files** have changed and there have been **0 additions** and **0 deletions**.



Contributions to master, excluding merge commits









