```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
 2
    #include<stdlib.h>
 3
    void main()
 4
 5
         system("clear");
 6
         int n,top1,top2,ch=1,a,i,arr[0];
 7
         printf("Enter size of array you want to use\n");
        scanf("%d",&n);
 8
 9
        arr[n];
10
        top1=-1;
         top2=n;
11
12
        while (ch!=0)
13
             puts("----");
14
             printf("What do u want to do?\n\t1.Push element in stack 1\n\t2.Push
15
     element in stack 2\n\t3.Pop element from stack 1\n\t4.Pop element from stack 2
     \n\t5.Display stack 1\n\t6.Display stack 2\n\t7.EXIT\n");
             scanf("%d",&ch);
16
             puts("\n-----
17
18
             switch(ch)
19
20
                 case 1:
21
                 {
                     printf("Enter the element\n");
22
                     scanf("%d",&a);
23
                     if(top1!=(top2-1))
24
25
                         arr[++top1]=a;
26
                         printf("Overflow\n");
27
28
                     break;
29
                 }
30
                 case 2:
31
32
                     printf("Enter the element\n");
33
                     scanf("%d",&a);
                     if(top2!=(top1+1))
34
35
                         arr[--top2]=a;
36
37
                         printf("Overflow\n");
38
                     break;
39
                 }
40
                 case 3:
41
                 {
                     if(top1==-1)
42
                         printf("Stack1 is empty\n");
43
44
                     else
45
                     {
46
                         a=arr[top1--];
                         printf("%d\n",a);
47
48
                     break;
49
50
                 }
51
                 case 4:
52
                 {
                     if(top2==n)
53
                         printf("Stack2 is empty\n");
54
55
                     else
56
                     {
57
                         a=arr[top2++];
                         printf("%d\n",a);
58
59
                     }
60
                     break;
61
                 }
                 case 5:
62
63
                 if(top1==-1)
64
```

```
printf("Stack1 is empty\n");
65
                    else
66
67
68
                         printf("Stack1 is-->>\n");
                         for(i=0;i<=top1;i++)
    printf("%d ",arr[i]);</pre>
69
70
                         printf("\n");
71
72
73
                         break;
                    }
74
75
                    case 6
76
                    {
                         if(top2==n)
77
                         printf("Stack2 is empty\n");
78
79
                         else
80
                         {
                              printf("Stack2 is-->>\n");
81
                             for(i=(n-1);i>=top2;i--)
    printf("%d ",arr[i]);
82
83
                             printf("\n");
84
85
                         break;
86
87
                    case 7:exit(0);break;
88
               }
89
90
          }
91
     }
```