/* B9: Write a program to design CLR parsing. */

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
/*
     CLR parser
// @ is null symbol
// structure for representing grammer rules (eg. S -> A)
struct Rules
     char var;
     char der[10];
};
// structure for representing CLR items
struct Item
     int dotposition;
     struct Rules r;
     int lookahead[255];
     int f;
};
// structure for representing states
struct State
     int len;
     struct Item itm[20];
     int transition[255];
};
// Structure for storing a list of states
struct list
     struct State data;
     struct list* next;
};
int variables [26] = \{0\};
int terminals [255] = \{0\};
int nullable [26] = \{0\};
char first [26][255] = \{\{0\}\}; // Array to store first of each variable
char follow[26][255] = \{\{0\}\}; // Array to store follow of each variable
char *var, *term;
```

```
char start;
int n, n var = 0, n term = 0;
struct Rules* a;
struct list* head,*tail;
// Given a character(variable or terminal) check if its nullable or
int is nullable(char* s)
     char* p;
     p = s;
     while(*p!='\0')
           if(*p<'A'||*p>'Z'||!nullable[*p-'A'])
                 return 0;
           p++;
     return 1;
}
// Check if a item is in a given state
int is item in(struct State* 1,struct Rules r,int dot)
     for(int i=0;i<1->len;i++)
           if((l->itm[i].dotposition==dot)&&(l-
>itm[i].r.var==r.var)&&(strcmp(l->itm[i].r.der,r.der)==0))
                 return i;
     return -1;
}
int is item in advanced(struct State* 1, struct Rules r, int dot, int*
bit)
{
     int f = 0;
     for(int i=0;i<l->len;i++)
           f = 1;
           for (int j=0; j<255; j++)
                 if(bit[j]!=l->itm[i].lookahead[j])
                 {
                      f = 0; break;
           if(f&&(l->itm[i].dotposition==dot)&&(l-
>itm[i].r.var==r.var) && (strcmp(l->itm[i].r.der,r.der) ==0))
                 return 1;
```

```
return 0;
}
// Fill the look aheads in a gievn item
void fill lookaheads(int* bit,struct Item* 1)
     //printf("fill\n");
     int length = strlen(l->r.der+l->dotposition+1);
     char sto; int f = 0;
     for(int i=l->dotposition+1;i<l->dotposition+length+1;i++)
           //printf("+\n");
           if(l->r.der[i] == '\0')
                 continue;
           if(l->r.der[i]<'A'||l->r.der[i]>'Z')
                 //printf("c = %c\n", l->r.der[i]);
                 bit[l->r.der[i]] = 1;
                 return;
           for (int j=0; j<255; j++)
                 if(first[l->r.der[i]-'A'][j])
                      bit[j] = 1;
           sto = 1->r.der[i];
           1->r.der[i] = '\0';
           if(!is nullable(l->r.der+l->dotposition+1))
                 1->r.der[i] = sto;
           else
                 l->r.der[i] = sto;f = 1;break;
     if(!f)
           for (int i=0; i<255; i++)
                 if(l->lookahead[i])
                 bit[i] = 1;
     //printf("fill_end\n");
}
// Fill the dot position, look ahead and item of a given state
void build state(struct State* 1)
```

```
{
     int s;
     //printf("start\n");
     for(int i=0;i<l->len;i++)
           //printf("*\n");
           if(l->itm[i].r.der[l->itm[i].dotposition]>='A'&&l-
>itm[i].r.der[l->itm[i].dotposition]<='Z')</pre>
                 //printf("yes\n");
                 for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                      if((a[j].var==l->itm[i].r.der[l-
>itm[i].dotposition]))
                            if((s = is item in(l,a[j],0)) == -1)
                                  //printf("yeah\n");
                                  1->itm[1->len].dotposition = 0;
                                  1->itm[1->len].r = a[j];
                                  1->itm[1->len].f = 0;
                                  memset(l->itm[l-
>len].lookahead,0,255);
                                  fill lookaheads(l->itm[l-
>len].lookahead,&l->itm[i]);
                                  //printf("finish\n");
                                  l->len++;
                            else
                                  //printf("Nope\n");
                                  // code to be added
                                  fill lookaheads(1-
>itm[s].lookahead,&l->itm[i]);
// Check if a state is already in the list of states
int state already included(struct list* l,struct State* s)
     struct list* q;
     q = 1;
     int f, rtn = -1; int ind = 0;
     while(q!=NULL)
           f = 0;
           if (q->data.len!=s->len)
```

```
q = q-next;
                 ind++;
                 continue;
           for (int i=0; i < s - > len; i++)
                 if(!is item in advanced(&q->data,s->itm[i].r,s-
>itm[i].dotposition,s->itm[i].lookahead))
                      f = 1; break;
           if(!f)
                 return ind;
           ind++;q = q->next;
     return -1;
// Print a given list of states
void print state(struct list* q)
     for(int i=0;i<q->data.len;i++)
                 printf("%c :: ",q->data.itm[i].r.var);
                 if (q->data.itm[i].r.der[0] == '@')
                      q->data.itm[i].r.der[0] = '\0';
                 char sto = q->data.itm[i].r.der[q-
>data.itm[i].dotposition];
                 q->data.itm[i].r.der[q->data.itm[i].dotposition] =
'\0';
                 printf("%s.",q->data.itm[i].r.der);
                 q->data.itm[i].r.der[q->data.itm[i].dotposition] =
sto;
                 printf("%s",q->data.itm[i].r.der+q-
>data.itm[i].dotposition);
                 printf(" { ");
                 for (int j=0; j<255; j++)
                      if(q->data.itm[i].lookahead[j])
                            printf("%c,",(char)j);
                 printf(" }\n");
int num=0;
// Find out all the states and the their transitions
void find out states(struct list* 1)
{
```

```
if(l==NULL)
           return;
     for (int i=0; i<1->data.len; i++)
           if(l->data.itm[i].f)
                 continue;
           else if(l->data.itm[i].dotposition==strlen(l-
>data.itm[i].r.der))
                 1->data.itm[i].f = 1;
                 continue;
           //printf("here\n");
           struct list* t;
           t = (struct list*) malloc(sizeof(struct list));
           for(int ind=0;ind<255;ind++)</pre>
                 t->data.transition[ind] = -1;
           t->data.len = 1;
           t->data.itm[0].dotposition = l->data.itm[i].dotposition+1;
           t->data.itm[0].r = l->data.itm[i].r;
           for(int ind=0;ind<255;ind++)</pre>
                            t->data.itm[0].lookahead[ind] = 1-
>data.itm[i].lookahead[ind];
           1->data.itm[i].f = 1;
           for (int j=i+1; j<1->data.len; <math>j++)
                 if(l->data.itm[j].r.der[l-
>data.itm[j].dotposition] == l->data.itm[i].r.der[l-
>data.itm[i].dotposition])
                       //t->data.len = 1;
                       t->data.itm[t->data.len].dotposition = 1-
>data.itm[j].dotposition+1;
                       t->data.itm[t->data.len].r = l->data.itm[j].r;
                      memset(t->data.itm[t->data.len].lookahead,0,255);
                       for(int ind=0;ind<255;ind++)</pre>
                            t->data.itm[t->data.len].lookahead[ind] =
1->data.itm[j].lookahead[ind];
                      1->data.itm[j].f = 1;
                       t->data.len++;
           build state(&t->data);
           if((s = state already included(head, &t->data)) ==-1)
                 tail->next = t;
                 tail = t;
                 tail->next = NULL;
```

```
l->data.transition[l->data.itm[i].r.der[l-
>data.itm[i].dotposition]] = num;
                 num++;
                 for(int ii=0;ii<t->data.len;ii++)
                      if(t->data.itm[i].r.der[0] == '@')
                            t->data.itm[i].r.der[0] = '\0';
                 }
           else
                 l->data.transition[l->data.itm[i].r.der[l-
>data.itm[i].dotposition]] = s;
     find out states(l->next);
struct Table
      char op;
      int state no;
};
// Given a character find if it is terminal or variable
int find(char c)
     for(int i=0;i<n term;i++)</pre>
           if(term[i]==c)
                 return i;
     for(int i=0;i<n var;i++)</pre>
           if(var[i]==c)
                 return n term+i;
}
// Find a gievn rule in the grammer
int find rule(struct Rules r)
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
           if(a[i].var==r.var&&strcmp(a[i].der,r.der)==0)
                 return i+1;
     return -1;
}
// Construct CLR table
void construct table(struct Table** tab,int num)
     struct list* q;int k;
     q = head;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
           for (int j=0; j<255; j++)
                 if (q->data.transition[j]!=-1)
                      k = find(j);
                      if(j>='A'&&j<='Z')
                            tab[i][k].state no = q->data.transition[j];
                      else
                            tab[i][k].op = 'S';
                            tab[i][k].state no = q->data.transition[j];
                 }
           for(int j=0;j<q->data.len;j++)
                 if(q->data.itm[j].dotposition==strlen(q-
>data.itm[j].r.der))
                      if(q->data.itm[j].r.var=='#')
                            //printf("hey!!!\n");
                            k = find('\$');
                            //printf("state: %d Column: %d\n",i,k);
                            tab[i][k].op = 'A';
                            tab[i][k].state no = 0;continue;
                      int nn = find rule(q->data.itm[j].r);
                      for (int l=0; 1<255; 1++)
                            if(q-
>data.itm[j].lookahead[l])//if(follow[q->data.itm[j].r.var-'A'][l])
                                  k = find(1);
                                  if(tab[i][k].state no==-1)
                                        tab[i][k].op = 'R';
                                        tab[i][k].state no = nn;
                                  else
                                             printf("A Shift-Reduce
conflict has taken place in state: %d\n",i);
```

```
printf("The operators
involved are: %c (for shift), %c (for reduce) \n", term[k], a[nn-
1].der[1]);
                                             printf("Press 1. for shift
2. for reduce\n");
                                             int d;
     scanf("%d", &d); while(getchar()!='\n');
                                             if(d==2)
                                              {
                                                   tab[i][k].op = 'R';
                                                   tab[i][k].state no =
nn;
                            }
                      }
           q = q->next;
     }
}
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
     // Input
     if(argc<2)
           printf("Usage: %s [STARTING SYMBOL]\n",argv[0]);
           exit(0);
     printf("Enter the no of rules\n");
     scanf("%d",&n);
     while(getchar()!='\n');
     a = (struct Rules*)malloc(sizeof(struct Rules)*n);
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
           printf("Enter the variable\n");
           scanf("%c",&a[i].var);
           if(variables[a[i].var-'A'] != 1)
                 //printf("%d\n",a[i].var-'A');
                 variables[a[i].var-'A'] = 1;n var++;
           while(getchar()!='\n');
           printf("Enter the derivation\n");
           scanf("%s",a[i].der);
           for(int j=0;j<strlen(a[i].der);j++)</pre>
```

```
if(a[i].der[j]!='@'&&(a[i].der[j]<'A'||a[i].der[j]>'Z')&&terminal
s[a[i].der[j]] != 1)
                      terminals[a[i].der[j]] = 1;n term++;
           while(getchar()!='\n');
     }
     var = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*n var);int ind = 0;
     for (int i=0; i<26; i++)
           if(variables[i])
           var[ind++] = 'A'+i;
     n term++;
     term = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(n term));ind = 0;
     for (int i=0; i<255; i++)
           if(terminals[i])
           term[ind++] = (char)i;
     term[ind++] = '$';
     // # is the starting dummy symbol for S'
     // calculating the nullable
     // for the derivation S \rightarrow A, S is nullable if either S gives a
null directly(in some other derivation) or if A is nullable
     int no change = 0;
     do
           no change = 0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                 // Check if it is directly nullable
                 if (strlen(a[i].der) == 1&&a[i].der[0] == '@')
                 {
                      if(!nullable[a[i].var-'A'])
                            no change = 1;
                            nullable[a[i].var-'A'] = 1;
                 // Else check if the RHS is nullable
                 else if(is nullable(a[i].der))
```

```
{
                      if(!nullable[a[i].var-'A'])
                            no change = 1;
                            nullable[a[i].var-'A'] = 1;
                       }
     }while(no change);
     // calculating the first
     // if the first character of a derivation is a terminal then we
have found our first, else we find first of the first non-nullable
variable which will the first of the lhs also
     do
           no change = 0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                 if(a[i].der[0]!='@')
                      if(a[i].der[0]>='A'&&a[i].der[0]<='Z')
                            char sto;
                            for (int j=0; j < strlen(a[i].der); j++)
                                  sto = a[i].der[j];
                                  a[i].der[j] = '\0';
                                  if(is nullable(a[i].der))
                                        //printf("*\n");
                                        a[i].der[j] = sto;
                                        if(sto>='A'&&sto<='Z')</pre>
                                             for (int k=0; k<255; k++)
                                                   if(first[sto-
'A'][k]&&!first[a[i].var-'A'][k])
                                                         no change = 1;
                                                         first[a[i].var-
'A'][k] = 1;
                                        else if(!first[a[i].var-
'A'][sto])
                                             no change = 1;
                                             first[a[i].var-'A'][sto] =
1;
                                             break;
```

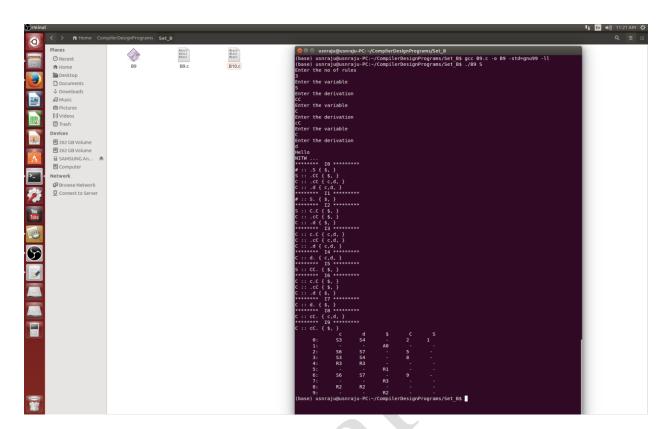
```
}
                                  else
                                       a[i].der[j] = sto;
                                       break;
                                  }
                      else if(!first[a[i].var-'A'][a[i].der[0]])
                            no change = 1;
                            first[a[i].var-'A'][a[i].der[0]] = 1;
     }while(no change);
     // finding the follow
     start = 'S';//argv[1][0];
     follow[start-'A']['$'] = 1; //sentinel
     do
           no change = 0;
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                 if(a[i].der[0]!='@')
                      for(int j=strlen(a[i].der)-1;j>=0;j--)
                            // if the suffix is nullable
     if(a[i].der[j]>='A'&&a[i].der[j]<='Z'&&is nullable(a[i].der+j+1))
                                  //printf("%c:
%s\n",a[i].var,a[i].der);
                                  for (int k=0; k<255; k++)
                                       if(follow[a[i].var-
'A'][k]&&!follow[a[i].der[j]-'A'][k])
                                             //printf("k = %c", (char)k);
                                             no change = 1;
                                             follow[a[i].der[j]-'A'][k]
= 1;
```

```
}
                             if(a[i].der[j]>='A'&&a[i].der[j]<='Z')</pre>
                             for(int k=j+1; k<strlen(a[i].der); k++)</pre>
                                   char sto = a[i].der[k];
                                   a[i].der[k] = '\0';
                                   if(is nullable(a[i].der+j+1))
                                         a[i].der[k] = sto;
                                         if(sto>='A'&&sto<='Z')</pre>
                                               for (int l=0; 1<255; 1++)
                                                     if(first[sto-
'A'][l]&&!follow[a[i].der[j]-'A'][l])
                                                           //printf("l =
%c", (char) 1);
                                                           no_change = 1;
     follow[a[i].der[j]-'A'][l] = 1;
                                         else
                                               if(!follow[a[i].der[j]-
'A'][sto])
                                                {
                                                     //printf("sto =
%c\n",sto);
                                                     no change = 1;
                                                     follow[a[i].der[j]-
'A'][sto] = 1;
                                                     break;
                                                }
                                   }
                                   else
                                         a[i].der[k] = sto;break;
                       }
     }while(no_change);
```

```
// all prerocessing done!! now the actual part
     // Creating a state diagram from the clr items
     head = (struct list*)malloc(sizeof(struct list));
     tail = head;
     head->data.len = 1;
     //head->data.itm = (struct Item*)malloc(sizeof(struct
Item) *(n+1);
     head->data.itm[0].r.var = '#';
     head->data.itm[0].r.der[0] = start;
     head \rightarrow data.itm[0].r.der[1] = ' \ '';
     head->data.itm[0].dotposition = 0;
     head \rightarrow data.itm[0].f = 0;
     memset(head->data.itm[0].lookahead,0,255);
     head->data.itm[0].lookahead['$'] = 1;
     // Create initial state
     for (int i=0; i<255; i++)
          head->data.transition[i] = -1
     build state(&head->data);
     struct list* q;
     q = head;
     for(int i=0;i<q->data.len;i++)
                //printf("%c :: ",q->data.itm[i].r.var);
                if (q->data.itm[i].r.der[0] == '@')
                      q->data.itm[i].r.der[0] = '\0';
     head->next = NULL;
     // Find out all the states and print them
     tail = head; num++;
     find out states (head);
     q = head; int num1 = 0;
     while (q!=NULL)
          print state(q);
          q = q->next;
          num1++;
     }
     // From the states create the CLR table
```

```
struct Table** tab;
      tab = (struct Table**)malloc(sizeof(struct Table*)*num);
      for(int i=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
            tab[i] = (struct Table*)malloc(sizeof(struct
Table) * (n var+n term));
            for(int j=0;j<n_var+n_term;j++)</pre>
                  tab[i][j].state no = -1;
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
            if(a[i].der[0]=='@')
                  a[i].der[0] = ' \0';
      construct table(tab, num);
      printf("%8s"," ");
      for(int i=0;i<n term;i++)</pre>
           printf("%8c",term[i]);
      //printf("\n");
      for(int i=0;i<n var;i++)</pre>
            printf("%8c",var[i]);
      printf("\n");
      for(int i=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
           printf("%7d:",i);
            for(int j=0;j<n term+n_var;j++)</pre>
                  if(tab[i][j].state_no!=-1)
                        printf("%7c%d",tab[i][j].op,tab[i][j].state no);
                  }
                  else
                       printf("%8s","-");
            printf("\n");
      }
      // for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
          printf("%c :: %s\n",a[i].var,a[i].der);
      // }
      // for(int i=0;i<26;i++)</pre>
      //
           if(variables[i]==1)
      //
      //
             printf("%c: ",(char)(i+'A'));
      //
             for (int j=0; j<255; j++)
```

```
//
     //
              if(first[i][j])
     //
              printf("%c, ",(char)(j));
     //
     //
            printf("\n");
     //
          }
     // }
     // for(int i=0;i<26;i++)</pre>
     // {
     //
          if(variables[i]==1)
     //
            printf("%c: ",(char)(i+'A'));
     //
            for(int j=0;j<255;j++)
     //
     //
              if(follow[i][j])
     //
     //
             printf("%c, ",(char)(j));
     //
     //
            printf("\n");
     //
          }
     // }
     return 0;
}
/*
```



```
/*
3
S
CC
С
СС
С
d
4
S
S+S
S
S*S
S
(S)
S
d
```

5

S

AB A a B @ B b 4 E E+E Ε E*E E (E) E i 10 E TA E T A +TA A @ T FR T F R *FR R @ F (E) F 8 E+T E T T*F T F 18

```
G^F
F
G
G
(E)
G
i
4
S
AΒ
Α
aAb
Α
а
В
d
                                             (
         i
                $
                           Ε
                                    F
                                                                         S6
                            S5
                  0:
        1
                3
                                                       s7
                   1:
ΑO
                   2:
                                     R2
                                              S8
                                                       R2
R2
                   3:
                                     R4
                                              R4
                                                       R4
R4
                                     R6
                   4:
                                              R6
                                                       R6
                                                                S9
R6
                   5:
                            S5
                                                                         S6
        10
                   6:
                                     R8
                                              R8
                                                       R8
                                                                R8
R8
                            S5
                                                                         S6
                                 11
                   8:
                            S5
                                                                         S6
                 12
                            S5
                                                                         S6
                 13
             10:
                                                    s7
                                 S14
             11:
                                 R1
                                          S8
                                                   R1
R1
             12:
                                 R3
                                          R3
                                                   R3
R3
             13:
                                 R5
                                          R5
                                                   R5
R5
             14:
                                 R7
                                          R7
                                                   R7
                                                            R7
R7
```