## /\* B8: Write a program to design SLR parsing. \*/

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#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
/*
     First SLR table is created using the given grammer.
     Then given a string finds whether it can be produced by the
grammer.
*/
// p is productions, nt is non terminals, term is terminals
vector< pair<char, string> > p, sets[20];
int z, k;
vector<char> nt,term;
map<char,int> m,mt;
int table[20][20]; vector<int> tt[20][20];
queue<int> Q1;
vector<char> first[10], follow[10];
vector<char> ep;
int visited[10];
// Check for non terminal characters
bool is nonterm(char c)
     if(c>='A' && c<='Z') { return 1;
     else { return 0; }
// Create SLR sets.
void make set(pair<char, string> b)
     queue<pair<char,string> > Q;
     pair<char, string> x;
     if(find(sets[z].begin(), sets[z].end(), b) == sets[z].end())
           sets[z].push back(b); Q.push(b);
     while(!Q.empty())
           x = Q.front(); Q.pop();
           int pos, f=1;
           // Find the position of '.'
           for(int i=0; i < x.second.size(); i++) { if(x.second[i]=='.') {
pos=i; break; } }
           // If '.' is at the end then we are done with the
producion.
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if (x.second.size() == pos+1) \{ f=0; \}
           for(int i=0;f && i<p.size();i++)</pre>
                 // If we find a non-terminal in the rhs of the current
set, add it to the queue.
                 if(p[i].first==x.second[pos+1])
                       string d=".";
                       d=d+p[i].second;
                       pair<char, string> y=make pair(p[i].first,d);
     if(find(sets[z].begin(), sets[z].end(), y) == sets[z].end())
                             sets[z].push back(y); Q.push(y);
                 }
     }
}
// Compare sets.
int check()
     for(int i=0;i<z;i++)
           if(sets[i] == sets[z]) { return i; }
     return -1;
}
// Using goto create the slr parsing table
void goto fun(char g, int ind)
     for(int j=0;j<sets[ind].size();j++)</pre>
           int found=0, kkk=0;
           // Find if the required character is after a '.'
           for(int h=0;h<sets[ind][j].second.size();h++)</pre>
                 if(sets[ind][j].second[h] == '.' &&
h+1<sets[ind][j].second.size() && sets[ind][j].second[h+1]==g)
                 { found=h; kkk=1; break; }
           // if the required character is after a '.', create sets
           if(kkk)
                 string xx="";
                 for(int h=0;h<found;h++) {</pre>
xx=xx+sets[ind][j].second[h]; }
                 xx=xx+sets[ind][j].second[found+1]; xx=xx+".";
                 for(int h=found+2;h<sets[ind][j].second.size();h++) {</pre>
xx=xx+sets[ind][j].second[h]; }
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make set(make pair(sets[ind][j].first,xx));
     if(sets[z].size() == 0) { return; }
     int same;
     same=check();
     if(same==-1)
           table[ind][m[q]]=z;
           if(
find(tt[ind][m[g]].begin(),tt[ind][m[g]].end(),z) ==tt[ind][m[g]].end()
) { tt[ind][m[q]].push back(z); }
           Q1.push(z); z++;
     }
     else
           table[ind][m[q]]=same; sets[z].clear();
find(tt[ind][m[g]].begin(),tt[ind][m[g]].end(),same) == tt[ind][m[g]].en
d() ) { tt[ind][m[q]].push back(same); }
// Check for epsilon production and mark it.
void mark epsilon()
     for (int i=0; i< p.size(); i++)
           if(p[i].second.size() == 0) { ep.push_back(p[i].first); }
}
// Traverse all the productions using dfs and find the first.
void first util(char lhs, vector<char> &v)
     if(visited[mt[lhs]]==1) { return; }
     visited[mt[lhs]]=1;
     for(int i=0;i<p.size();i++)</pre>
           if(lhs==p[i].first && p[i].second.size()>0)
                 int max l=p[i].second.size(),j=0;
                 while(j<max 1)</pre>
                      // We found a terminal character, so if it is not
already in first of lhs, add it.
                      if(!is nonterm(p[i].second[j]))
     if(find(v.begin(),v.end(),p[i].second[j]) == v.end()) {
v.push back(p[i].second[j]); }
                            break;
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else
                            first util(p[i].second[j],v);
find(ep.begin(),ep.end(),p[i].second[j]) == ep.end() ) { break; }
                            j++;
                 if(j==max l) { ep.push back(lhs); }
     }
}
// For each non terminal find its first.
void find first()
     for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++)</pre>
           memset(visited, 0, 10*sizeof(int));
           char c=nt[i];
           first util(c, first[mt[nt[i]]);
      }
}
// Traverse all the productions using dfs and find the follow.
void follow util(char lhs, vector<char> &v)
     if(visited[mt[lhs]]==1) { return; }
     visited[mt[lhs]]=1;
     // Follow of the added production in augmented grammer is always
epsilon.
     if(lhs=p[0].first) { if(find(v.begin(),v.end(),'$')==v.end()) {
v.push back('$'); }
     // Iterate through all productions
     for(int i=0;i<p.size();i++)</pre>
           int max l=p[i].second.size();
           for(int j=0;j<p[i].second.size();j++)</pre>
                 // If we find the required character in the rhs of
production.
                 if(p[i].second[j] == lhs)
                       j++;
                       while(j<max 1)</pre>
                             // We found a terminal after the given non
terminal which means it is the follow.
                             if(!is nonterm(p[i].second[j]))
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if(find(v.begin(), v.end(), p[i].second[j]) == v.end()) {
v.push back(p[i].second[j]); }
                                  break;
                            else
                                  // Else find the first of the non
terminal which will the follow of the required non terminal.
                                  int index=mt[p[i].second[j]];
                                  for(int l=0;l<first[index].size();l++)</pre>
     if(find(v.begin(), v.end(), first[index][l]) == v.end())
v.push back(first[index][l]); }
                                  if(
find(ep.begin(),ep.end(),p[i].second[j]) == ep.end() ) { break; }
                                  j++;
                       if(j==max l) { follow util(p[i].first,v); }
     }
}
// For each non terminal find its follow.
void find follow()
     for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++)</pre>
           memset(visited, 0, 10*sizeof(int));
           char c=nt[i];
           follow util(c, follow[mt[nt[i]]);
}
int find prod(pair<char, string> x)
      for(int i=0;i<p.size();i++)</pre>
          if(p[i]==x) { return (i+1); }
     return -1;
}
void print stack(stack<char> s1, stack<int> states)
     string h=""; int a[20], i=0;
     while(!s1.empty()) { h=h+s1.top(); s1.pop(); }
     while(!states.empty()) { a[i++]=states.top(); states.pop(); }
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for(int j=h.size()-1; j>=0; j--) { cout<<a[j+1]<<h[j]; }
      cout << a[0];
}
// Given a string check if it can be parsed by the given slr parser
using slr table.
void parsing()
      string input;
      cout<<"\n\nEnter the string : \n";</pre>
      cin>>input;
      cout<<"\n";
      stack<char> s1; stack<int> states;
      int ptr=0;
      states.push(0);
      while(ptr<input.size())</pre>
            cout << "$";
           print stack(s1, states);
           for (int i=0; i<20-2*s1.size()-input.size()+ptr; <math>i++) {
cout<<" "; }
            for(int i=ptr;i<input.size();i++) { cout<<input[i]; }</pre>
            cout<<"$\n";
            int x=states.top(),y=m[input[ptr]];
            if(table[x][y]>0)
                  s1.push(input[ptr]); ptr++;
                  states.push(table[x][y]);
            else if(table[x][y]<0)
                  int pn=(-1)*table[x][y];
                  if(s1.size() < p[pn].second.size() &&</pre>
states.size() < p[pn].second.size()) { cout << "Error1 \n"; exit(0); }</pre>
                  for(int i=0;i<p[pn].second.size();i++)</pre>
                        s1.pop(); states.pop();
                  s1.push(p[pn].first);
                  states.push(table[states.top()][m[s1.top()]]);
           else if(table[x][y]==0) { cout<<"Error2\n"; exit(0); }</pre>
      cout<<"\nAccepted\n";</pre>
}
// Prints the created slr table
void print tt()
      cout<<"\n\nTable : \n\n | ";</pre>
      for(int i=0;i<term.size();i++) { cout<<term[i]<<"</pre>
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cout<<"\n";
     cout<<"----\n";
     for (int i=0; i < z; i++)
          cout<<i<" ";
          if(i<10) { cout<<" "; }
          cout<<"| ";
          for(int j=0;j<k;j++)</pre>
                for(int e=0;e<tt[i][j].size();e++)</pre>
                     if(e>0) { cout<<","; } cout<<tt[i][j][e];</pre>
                if(tt[i][j].size()==0) { cout<<"</pre>
                cout<<" ";
          cout<<"\n";
     }
}
int main()
     // Input all the productions.
     int n;
     char c;
     string s;
     cout << "\n Note : Productions will be entered as follows : S-
>AB|BC represents two productions \n";
   cout<<"and should be given one by one as S->AB and S->BC, where S
will be the LHS part \n";
   cout << "and AB will be the RHS part and also A->a will have 'a' as
its RHS \n\n";
     cout<<"Enter the number of productions : \n";</pre>
     cin>>n;
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
          cout<<"enter LHS of production : ";</pre>
          cin>>c;
          cout<<"enter RHS of production : ";</pre>
          cin>>s;
          if(s=="%") { s=""; }
          p.push back(make pair(c,s));
     // Finding terminals and non-terminals
     for(int i=0;i<p.size();i++)</pre>
     {
          int x=1;
          // If it is the first time seeing lhs store it in nt.
          if(find(nt.begin(),nt.end(),p[i].first) == nt.end())
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nt.push back(p[i].first);
            // In the rhs check if the character is non term and also
if it is the first time seeing it, store in term.
            for (int j=0; j < p[i].second.size(); j++)
                 if(!is nonterm(p[i].second[j]) &&
find(term.begin(),term.end(),p[i].second[j]) == term.end())
                       term.push back(p[i].second[j]);
m[p[i].second[j]]=k++; cout<<p[i].second[j]<<" ";</pre>
     term.push back('$');
     m['$']=k++;
      for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++) { m[nt[i]]=k++; mt[nt[i]]=i;</pre>
cout<<nt[i]<<" "; }
     cout<<"\n";
     mark epsilon();
     // Find first and print it.
     find first();
      for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++)</pre>
           cout << "first (" << nt[i] << ") = { ";
            for(int j=0;j<first[mt[nt[i]]].size();j++)</pre>
                 cout<<first[mt[nt[i]]][j]<<" ";
            cout << " } \n";
      }
      cout<<endl;
      // Find follow and print it
      find follow();
      for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++)</pre>
            cout << "follow(" << nt[i] << ") = { ";
           for(int j=0;j<follow[mt[nt[i]]].size();j++)</pre>
                 cout<<follow[mt[nt[i]]][j]<<" ";</pre>
           cout<<"}\n";
      /////////
      // Creating sets and goto
      string h=".";
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```
h=h+p[0].first;
     z = 0;
     // X is the added non-terminal in our augmented grammer.
     make set(make pair('X',h));
     z++;
     memset(table, 0, sizeof(int) *400);
     Q1.push(0);
     // Find goto
     while(!Q1.empty())
           int ind=Q1.front(); Q1.pop();
           char q;
           for(int i=0;i<nt.size();i++)</pre>
                 g=nt[i];
                 goto fun(g,ind);
           for(int i=0;i<term.size();i++)</pre>
                 g=term[i];
                 goto fun(g,ind);
     /////////
     // Finding reduction entries
     for(int i=0;i<z;i++)
           for(int j=0;j<sets[i].size();j++)</pre>
                 int last i = sets[i][j].second.size();
                 if(sets[i][j].second[last i-1]=='.')
                       string rhs=sets[i][j].second.substr(0,last i-1);
                       cout<<sets[i][j].first<<" -> "<<rhs<<"\n";
                       int prod num =
find prod(make pair(sets[i][j].first,rhs));
                       if(prod num<0) { table[i][m['$']]=z; continue; }</pre>
                       prod num=(-1)*prod num;
                       int index = mt[sets[i][j].first];
                       for(int l=0;l<follow[index].size();l++)</pre>
                             table[i][m[follow[index][l]]] = prod num;
                             int pos=m[follow[index][1]];
                             if(
find(tt[i][pos].begin(),tt[i][pos].end(),prod num)==tt[i][pos].end() )
{ tt[i][pos].push back(prod num); }
```

```
}
     }
     ///////
     // Printing Table and Sets of items...
     cout<<"\n\nSets are :\n\n";</pre>
     for (int j=0; j < z; j++)
          cout<<"I"<<j<<" { ";
          for(int i=0;i<sets[j].size();i++)</pre>
               cout<<sets[j][i].first<<" -> "<<sets[j][i].second<<"</pre>
";
          cout<<"}\n";
     int multiple_ent=0;
     for (int i=0; i < z; i++)
          for(int j=0;j<k;j++)
               if(tt[i][j].size()>1) { multiple ent=1; break; }
     if(multiple ent)
          print_tt(); exit(0);
     else
          cout<<"\n\nTable : \n\n | ";</pre>
          for(int i=0;i<term.size();i++) { cout<<term[i]<<" "; }</pre>
          cout<<"\n";
          cout<<"----\n";
          for(int i=0;i<z;i++)
               cout<<i<" ";
               if(i<10) { cout<<" "; }
               cout<<"| ";
               for(int j=0;j<k;j++)
                     if(table[i][j]==0) { cout<<" "; }</pre>
                     else { cout<<table[i][j]<<" "; }</pre>
                     if(table[i][j]<10 && table[i][j]>=0) { cout<<" ";
}
                     cout<<" ";
               cout<<"\n";
```

```
}
///////
parsing();
return 0;
}
```

