### Slovak University of Technology in Bratislava Faculty of Informatics and Information Technologies

# Ákos Lévárdy Odporúčacie systémy založené na AI

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## ANNOTATION

500 words

## ANOTÁCIA 500 slov

### DECLARATION OF OATH

I hereby declare upon my honour that I wrote this thesis single-handed with usage of quoted literature and based on my knowledge and professional supervision of my supervisor.

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#### 1 Introduction

As Internet and Web technologies continue to evolve rapidly, the amount of information available online has expanded excessively across sections such as e-commerce, e-government, and e-learning. To help users navigate this vast sea of content, Recommender Systems have become fundamental. They are very effective tools for filtering out the most appropriate information any user would like to find. The primary focus of these recommendations is to predict if a specific user will be interested in the distinct items.

Recommendation types are divided to 3 different categories, which are Content-Based Filtering approaches (CB), Collaborative Filtering approaches (CF) and Hybrid approaches which are the combinations of the two. Both CB and CF approaches encounter a significant challenge known as the 'cold-start problem'. This problem arises when making recommendations to new users and/or items for which the available information is limited. As a result, the recommendations offered in such cases tend to be of poor quality and lack usefulness. [1]

### Content-Based Filtering

- creates a profile for every user or item and characterizes them.

### Collaborative Filtering

- analyzes relationships between users and interdependencies among products to identify new user-item associations
- recommend items or content to users by analyzing their interactions and similarities with other users

[2]

- 2 Content-Based Filtering
- 3 Collaborative Filtering
- 4 Hybrid approach

- 5 Semantics
- 6 Ontology

#### 7 Matrix Factorization

Matrix factorization (MF) is a technique utilized in collaborative filtering to decompose a matrix of user-item ratings into lower-rank matrices capturing the latent factors under-lying the data [3].

People prefer to rate just a small percentage of items, therefore the user-item rating matrix, that tracks the ratings people assign to various items, is frequently sparse. In order to deal with this sparsity, matrix factorization (MF) algorithms split the matrix into two lower-rank matrices: one that shows the latent properties of the items and another that reflects the underlying user preferences. These latent representations can be used to predict future ratings or complete the matrix's missing ratings after factorization.

### 8 Search Engines

Search Engines ... [4]

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