#### z/OS V2.5 IBM Education Assistant

Solution Name: WLM Service Coefficient Removal

Solution Element(s): BCP Workload Manager (WLM), z/OSMF WLM



#### Agenda

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- Interactions & Dependencies
- Upgrade & Coexistence Considerations
- Installation & Configuration
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#### Trademarks

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- Additional Trademarks:
  - If you need to list any that aren't included on the website above, please do so here. If not, remove the text in this bullet and just say "None".

#### Objectives

- What are service units ...
  - The amount of system resources consumed by an address space or enclave is measured in service units.
  - Service units are calculated based on the CPU, SRB, I/O, and storage (MSO) service the address space or enclave consumes.
  - Service units are the basis for period switching within a service class that has multiple periods. The duration of a service class period is specified in terms of service units.
  - When an address space or enclave running in the service class period has consumed the amount of service specified by the duration, workload management moves it to the next period. The work is then managed to the goal and importance of the new period.
  - Because not all kinds of services are equal in every installation, additional weight can be assigned to one kind of service over another. These weights are called service coefficients.
- Assigning different weights (or service coefficients) made sense in the past when resources like storage and I/O were scarce.
- Nowadays it does not make sense to let storage and I/O influence period switch, or weight CPU and SRB service differently.
- We published a Statement of Direction in the z/OS V2.4 announcement (RFA) https://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/ShowDoc.wss?docURL=/common/ssi/rep\_ca/0/877/ENUSZP19-0410/index.html&request\_locale=en#sodx

• Now, with z/OS V2.5 the specification of service coefficients will be removed.

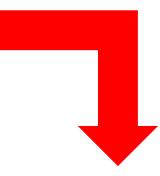
#### Overview

- Who (Audience)
  - System or service level administrators
- What (Solution)
  - Service coefficients are removed from the WLM service definition and can no longer be defined.
- Wow (Benefit / Value, Need Addressed)
  - Simplified user experience because WLM service coefficients no longer required to be defined and considered when calculating the durations for any multi-period service classes.

# Usage & Invocation (WLM ISPF Application)

```
Coefficients/Options Notes Options Help
Service Coefficient/Service Definition Options
Enter or change the Service Coefficients:
                                  (0.1 - 99.9)
IOC . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                  (0.0 - 99.9)
MSO . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                  (0.0000 - 99.9999)
SRB . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                  (0.0 - 99.9)
Enter or change the service definition options:
I/O priority management . . . . . . NO (Yes or No)
Enable I/O priority groups . . . . . NO (Yes or No)
Dynamic alias management . . . . . NO (Yes or No)
Deactivate Discretionary Goal Management NO (Yes or No)
```

#### **WLM ISPF Application**:



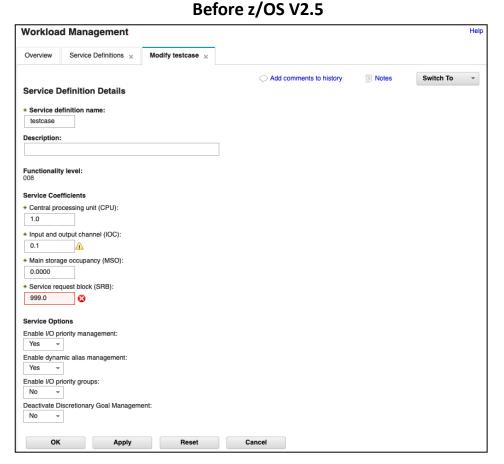
Service Coefficients/Options panel changed into
Service Definition Options panel

Fields for *Service Coefficients* removed!

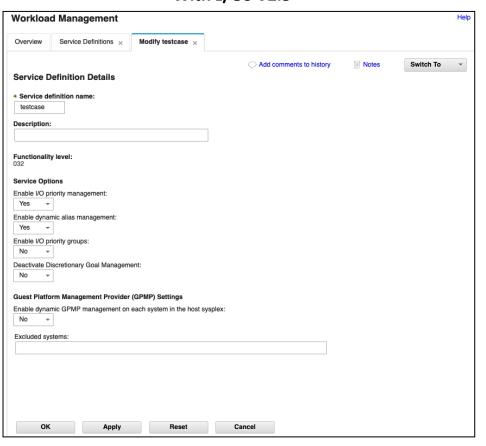
#### Usage & Invocation (z/OSMF WLM – Scenario 1)

User is no longer allowed to specify or change service coefficients in z/OSMF WLM plugin.

When user opens the Service Definition Details panel to view or modify a service definition, the input fields for service coefficients are removed.



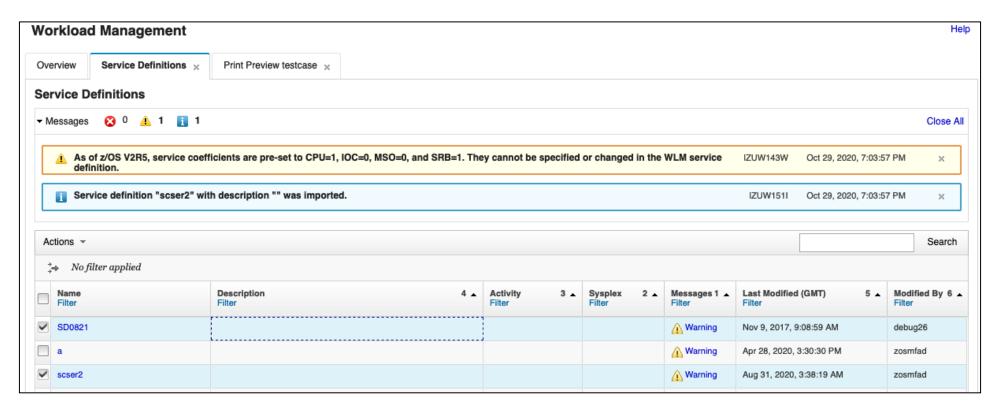
#### With z/OS V2.5



#### Usage & Invocation (z/OSMF WLM – Scenario 2)

User gets warning message when importing a service definition whose service coefficients have already been specified and are different from the pre-set values.

In z/OSMF WLM plugin on z/OS V2.5, when user imports a service definition, which was created with a release prior to z/OS V2.5, and its service coefficients have already been specified and are different from the pre-set values (CPU=1, IOC=0, MSO=0, and SRB=1), a warning message IZUW143W will be issued to let user know that the specified value of service coefficients will be ignored by z/OS after installation.



#### Usage & Invocation (Calculation of Duration)

 If the customer did not prepare his WLM service definition for the removal of the service coefficients, following steps should be taken because the calculation of DURATION for multi-period service classes changes:

Before z/OS V2.5 the DURATION is calculated as:

```
OLD DUR = (CPU * CPU service units) + (SRB * SRB service units) + (IOC * I/O service units) + (MSO * storage service units)
```

where CPU, SRB, IOC, and MSO are the installation defined WLM service coefficients. With CPU=1, SRB=1, IOC=0, MSO=0 the new duration is simply calculated as:

```
NEW DUR = CPU service units + SRB service units
```

Converting OLD DUR into NEW DUR is calculated as:

```
NEW DUR = OLD DUR / Total service units * ( CPU service units / CPU + SRB service units / SRB )
```

where CPU and SRB are the old service coefficients and Total service units is the sum of CPU, SRB, IOC, and MSO service units. CPU, SRB, and Total service unit values should be collected for a peak period interval from, for example, the RMF Postprocessor Workload Activity (WLMGL) report.

### Usage & Invocation (IWMSVDEF macro)

- Installing and extracting a WLM service definition (IWMDINST and IWMDEXTR services)
  - The mapping of the WLM service definition (macro IWMSVDEF) is updated.
  - For z/OS release compatibility reasons (z/OS V2.5 and previous releases) the fields for service coefficients will be preserved. However, the description of SVDEFCFF is extended as follows:

| Table 1. Structure SVDEFCON of IWMSVDEF mapping |        |           |        |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------|-----------|--------|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| OFFSET<br>DECIMAL                               | OFFSET | TYPE      | LENGTH | NAME (DIM) | DESCRIPTION   |  |  |  |  |  |
| -   |        |           |        |            |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0   | , ,    | STRUCTURE | 48     | SVDEFCON   | Constants   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0   | (0)    | BIT(8)    | 1      | SVDEFFL1   | Flag 1  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |        | 1         |        | SVDEFSCO   | Service coefficients were specified   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4   | (4)    | CHARACTER | 16     | SVDEFCFF   | Service coefficients. Starting with z/OS V2R5, the system takes preset values (CPU=1*10000, SRB=1*10000, IOC=0, MSO=0). Any deviating values below are ignored. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4   | (4)    | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVDEFCPU   | CPU service coefficient * 10000 - the number by which accumulated CPU service units will be multiplied (weighted)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8   | (8)    | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVDEFIOC   | I/O service coefficient * 10000 - the number by which accumulated I/O service units will be multiplied (weighted)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12  | (C)    | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVDEFMSO   | Storage service coefficient * 10000 - the number by which accumulated storage service units will be multiplied (weighted)                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16  | (10)   | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVDEFSRB   | SRB service coefficient * 10000 - the number by which accumulated SRB service units will be multiplied (weighted)S  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Usage & Invocation (IWMSVPOL macro)

- Query active service policy (IWMPQRY service)
  - The data being returned by IWMPQRY is defined by the IWMSVPOL macro.
  - Macro IWMSVPOL is updated. For z/OS release compatibility reasons the fields for service coefficients will be preserved. With z/OS V2.5 system preset values are returned:

| Table 2. Structure SVPOLSP of IWMSVPOL mapping |        |           |        |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--------|-----------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| OFFSET   | OFFSET |           |        |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DECIMAL  | HEX    | TYPE      | LENGTH | NAME (DIM) | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0  | (0)    | STRUCTURE | 396    | SVPOLSP    | Service policy section   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0  | (0)    | CHARACTER | 8      | SVPOLNSP   | Service policy name  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | (8)    | CHARACTER | 32     | SVPOLDSP   | Service policy description   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 136  | (88)   | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVPOLCPU   | System pre-set CPU service coefficient (CPU=1*10000) - the number by which accumulated CPU service units will be multiplied (weighted) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 140  | (8C)   | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVPOLIOC   | System pre-set I/O service coefficient (IOC=0)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 144  | (90)   | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVPOLMSO   | System pre-set storage service coefficient (MSO=0)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 148  | (94)   | UNSIGNED  | 4      | SVPOLSRB   | System pre-set SRB service coefficient (SRB=1*10000) - the number by which accumulated SRB service units will be multiplied (weighted) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 152  | (98)   | CHARACTER | 4      | SVPOLECP   | EBCDIC representation of CPU service coefficient   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 156  | (9C)   | CHARACTER | 4      | SVPOLEIO   | EBCDIC representation of I/O service coefficient   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 160  | (A0)   | CHARACTER | 8      | SVPOLEMS   | EBCDIC representation of Storage service coefficient   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 168  | (A8)   | CHARACTER | 4      | SVPOLESR   | EBCDIC representation of SRB service coefficient   |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Interactions & Dependencies

- Software Dependencies
  - None.
- Hardware Dependencies
  - None.
- Exploiters
  - Any user of z/OS V2.5

## Upgrade & Coexistence Considerations (1)

- To exploit this solution, all systems in the Plex must be at the new z/OS level: NO
- Coexistence APAR OA59066 required
  - PTF UJ04767 for z/OS V2.3
  - PTF UJ04768 for z/OS V2.4
- Customers were already asked to prepare for the removals, see
  - Knowledge Center updated with steps to take
    - z/OS V2R4 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R3 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.7
    - z/OS V2R4 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R2 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.12
    - z/OS V2R5 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R4 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.4
    - z/OS V2R5 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R3 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.5
    - z/OS MVS Planning: Workload Management chapter Changing your service coefficients
  - APAR OA59066 providing health checks to tell the customer if he is using WLM service coefficients different from the IBM recommended values and that actions should be taken as explained by the Upgrade Workflows
    - Health check ZOSMIGV2R4\_NEXT\_WLM\_ServCoeff provided by APAR OA59066
    - Health check ZOSMIGV2R3\_NEXT2\_WLM\_ServCoeff provided by APAR OA59066

## Upgrade & Coexistence Considerations (2)

- How does APAR OA59066 ensures coexistence?
  - When the service coefficients have not been changed to the IBM recommended values and running a sysplex with z/OS 2.5 and z/OS 2.3 or z/OS 2.4, WLM ensures that all systems internally use CPU=1, SRB=1, IOC=0, and MSO=0 as the service coefficients.
  - As soon as a system with z/OS 2.3 or z/OS 2.4 detects a z/OS 2.5 system in the sysplex, it reactivates the WLM policy and issues message IWM069I WLM POLICY WAS REFRESHED DUE TO THE CHANGE OF THE SERVICE COEFFICIENTS TO SYSTEM PRESET VALUES (CPU=1, SRB=1, IOC=0, MSO=0).
  - Consider that this can cause faster or slower period switching within a service class that has multiple periods. And, it might also have impact on your accounting procedures.
  - Thus, clients need to review the durations for any multi-period service classes in their WLM service definition and adjust them accordingly.
  - In the case that the last system with z/OS 2.5 has left the sysplex, the systems with z/OS 2.3 or z/OS 2.4 reactivate the WLM policy again and issue message IWM069I WLM POLICY WAS REFRESHED DUE TO THE CHANGE OF THE SERVICE COEFFICIENTS BACK TO THE DEFINED VALUES.

### Installation & Configuration

- Clients needs to be aware of:
  - PTFs for coexistence APAR OA59066 required
  - Are there any planning considerations?
    - Be prepared for the removal of the service coefficients and update your WLM service definition as described on the previous slides before upgrading to z/OS V2.5.
  - Does installation change any system defaults?
    - When no service coefficients were defined in the WLM service definition, the defaults were CPU=10, SRB=10, IOC=5, and MSO=0.
    - With z/OS V2.5 service coefficients can no longer be defined in the WLM service definition. The coefficients are set to hardcoded values of CPU=1, SRB=1, IOC=0, and MSO=0.
    - Thus, storage and I/O no longer influence period switch, and CPU and SRB service is inflated less and weighted equally.

#### Summary

- Service coefficients can no longer be defined and are removed from the WLM Service Definition.
- Before upgrading to z/OS V2.5, clients should check their service definition for service coefficient values other than CPU=1, SRB=1, IOC=0, and MSO=0.
- When that is true, clients need to take the steps described on previous slides and update their WLM service definition.

#### **Appendix**

- Publication references
  - z/OS V2R4 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R3 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.7
  - z/OS V2R4 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R2 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.12
  - z/OS V2R5 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R4 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.4
  - z/OS V2R5 Upgrade Workflow from z/OS V2R3 BCP Upgrade Actions Step 4.1.1.5
  - z/OS MVS Planning: Workload Management chapter Changing your service coefficients
  - IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide