Thy - Projection, onthogonalité E201. Cadre maticial M(n, rp) = M(m, m, rp) ~ 2(12, 12, 12), $A = \left[\left\{ \begin{array}{c} a \\ i \end{array} \right\} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ a \end{array} \right]$ Applications: ML (= Machine Leanning) "données structures" m? : emi donné = vectur li pre de 12 d ex: biologie/midecim, chorte de taille m << d; d = nombre de gine (= 104...) réduction de dimention: dim M(n, IR) = m2 Base connique de M(m, IR): Eij = [0] 0] $A = (aij)_{i,j=a,m} = \sum_{i} \sum_{j} aij \cdot Eij$

(X14) = tr (EX.4): mg on définit aint un produit scalaire par E; prod. I calaine trobenius i) bilinianité: (x,4) + (tx,4) + tx,4 + tx(x,4) (CLA+B) = λtA+tB : transposition Riviain) $(ti(\lambda + f B) = ti((\lambda a i j + b i j) i j)$ $= \sum_{i} \lambda a i i + b i i$ =) to (A) fto(B): liviaine) D'a le l'highté par reppont à X et 4 de cette epplication. = th ((' (' 7. x)) = th (' (' 7. x)) ") symittie: (Y|X)(4.6(EA)=6A) = tx(x, y) $= (\times 14)$. ii) défine positirité: = Z = (21) = + X.4 た(tx.y) = 三 3 ii (+x), (4) (,; (Lico) = 2 2 Rhi. Jhi = \(\hat{\pi}_{1/1=1} \) \(\pi_{1/1=1} \)

$$= (X(:)|Y(:))$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix}$$

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ii) A>0 ("défruie positive"):
    a E IR, a > 0 ( + x = 0): an2 > 0
   A>0 Gar (VacIRM, n =0): (Auln) >0.
Ici, hit x GIRM,
   (\begin{array}{c} (X_{X}, u \mid u) = (X_{X}, u \mid X_{X}, u) \end{array}
                  = 11 X. x 112 > 0: txx > 0.
 De plus, txx étant symétrique rééles,
 elle se diegonalise son ir (dans une
   BON = Base Onthonormie de To = vecturs
  propre); on sait igalement
  1 A ≥ 0 (=) touter les vp de A 1.m > 0
 Ic, to (txx) = \( \frac{m}{2} \lambda; \lambda; \lambda, \lambda, \lambda, \lambda \lambda \tax
    「メメシ。一) 人; >。一) な(*メス) >。.
    Li jamais to (+ x:x)=0=) /==== /===
                         =) \quad x = 0
=) \quad x = 0
1.2. In ent Xety EM(m, R),
@ ( x ) = ta ( ( ( k) . ky)
              = b (x. fy)
              = tc ( "4. x) = (41x) = (x14) -
              C = ( B. A) = = (A.B)
```

Reppel: derex matice peubleble out meine trace (of. le trace en l'en des coeffs de polemone conactéristique: $(X_A(X) = det (XI - A) = a A$ = det (XI - (PAF)) (Pinv.) = det (P () I - A) 1⁻¹) = let (P). VA(x). let(1) (ectr) -1 Gr, in best invertible, ARSH BA COM Leublaber puisques $AB = \bar{B}'(BA) \cdot B$ Comme toute messice BE M(M, R) sof limite d'en suite de matrice, inversible (4. GL(n, 1R) = M(n, 1R)), ou =: tr (B.A) = tr (lin Bm. A) m = cr(n,1R) = lint (Bm. A) (trontinne) th (A, Bm) = to (A.B) (consumité bis). 1) fit A E M (mill), mg CAX147 = CX(A.4)?

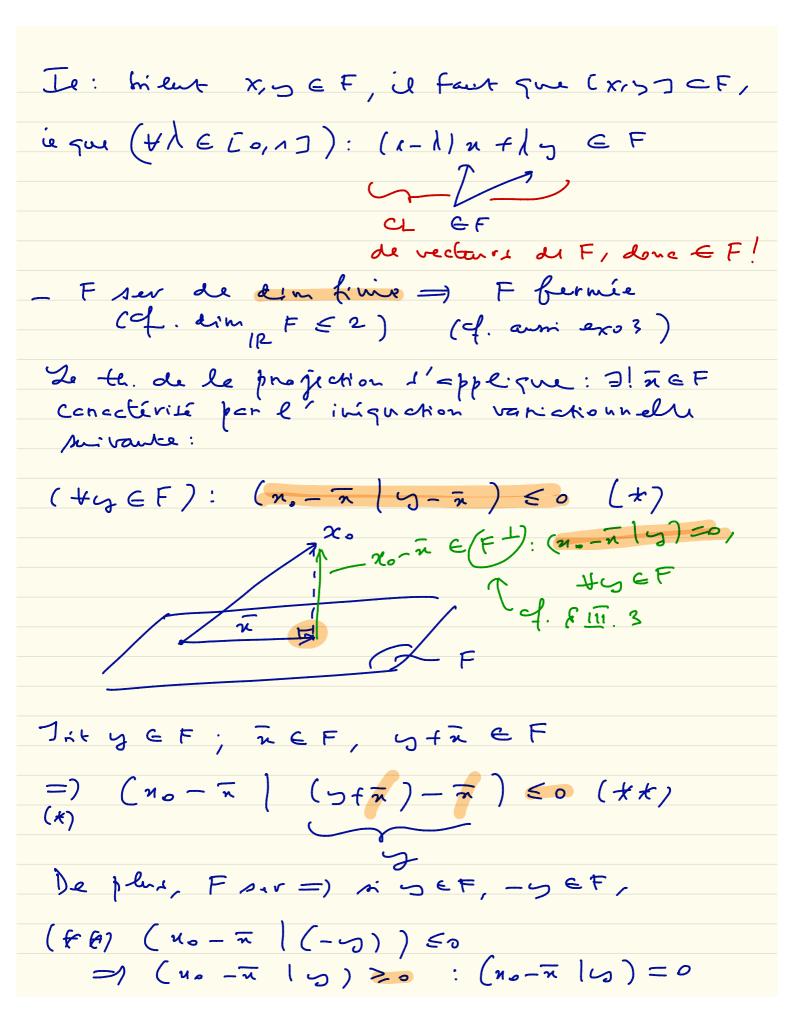
```
Gna (Ax (4) = ti( t(Ax). 4)
                  = to ((txtA).7)
                  = ta ( +x. ( +A.4) ( associativity)
                  = (X | GA.4)
(3) INT DED(M) = LAEM(M,IR) (FA.A
 gronpe

GL(m, R)

(ie A = EA)
                               = A. +A = I }
  orthogonal
 Mg X HO.X ilométrie de (M (m, IR), (.l.))
Rappel: une isométrie est une application qui
         présence la monure: ou dit una
  ||o, \chi|| = ||\chi||.
 On sait que c'est en fait équivalent à
  prélerver le produit scalaire (ie ici à :
 (0. × (0. y) = (× (y)); en et fet,
le produit 6 calaine d'en e.l. p'exprime
  en Fonction de le norme (1º polenisation"):
    n, y \in (E, (.1.)), ||n||^{2} + 2(x|y) + ||y||^{2}
(x|y) = ||x+y||^{2} - ||x-y||^{2}.
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Ici, Mit XEM(m, R),
  ||ox||^2 = (ox lox)
        = th ( (0x). 0x)
        = ta ( tx.(to.o).x)
        = 11 ×112.
Exo2. Détenmen le projeté on tho soual
       (cf. x. ontime sur le compact [0,217];
 Jaken 2 at 6 2 ii. M2 < 50 /2 < 50
 (= sous espace rectoriel)
Ie: trouver REF tq
    || no - 2 || = In { || no - 5 || 1.
              =: d(n., F).
```

Grest donc en train de résondre le problème d'approximation (an surs LL) suivant: $\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \text{let} \\
 & \text{let} \\
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\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c|c}
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\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c|c}
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\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c|c}
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\end{array}$ Dans l'e.h. (L2 (Co, 252), (-1.)), il métit que les hypothèse du th. de le projection Intert remplies par gerantin l'éxistance et l'encité de ce projeté (qui en dans ie car le projeté onthogonal TI 20 " de x. 2 projetis! x, mr F). 40 The Converse (Converse fermin # 0) Ic, Fest un ser, F = Veer Linn, Gst: O EF => F => \$ - F sw =) - F ser =) F converse, of une combinaison Converse est une Combinaison libraine!



Pone,
$$(N_0 - \overline{n} | y) = 0$$
, $N_0 = \overline{n}$

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